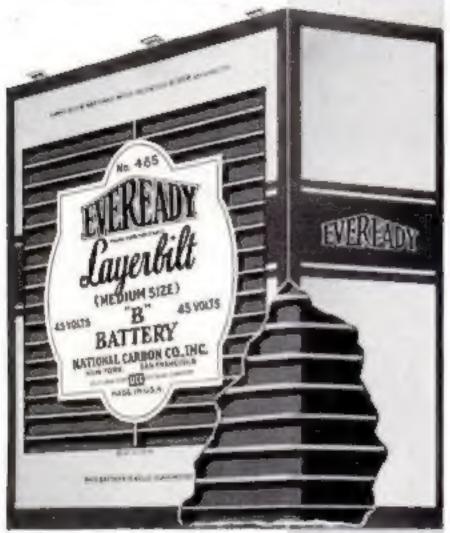
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said Jess Phelps

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financial independence.

Name

Clipping the Wings of an Increased Salary

By Wallace Ames, Financial Edilor

"ARTHA!" called out Waldo Sims, as he burst in the front door of their hungalow one evening. "How soon can you jump into your best bib and tucker? We've got some important celebrating to do. I've reserved a table at the Monte Cristo Club right on the ring-side just for you and me. If we harry we will get there in time for the dinner abow."

"I'm serry, but I am afraid you will have to cancel the reservation. This is Thursday, the maid's day off, and it is too late now to get anyone to come in and stay with Judy. What especially is there

to celebrate tonight?"

The luckiest break in the world! You're listening to the manager of the new West Coast sales branch. It is to be opened the first of the year with Yours Truly as the hig boss. My salary is jumping from \$125 to \$150 and if I make a good showing the first six months it will be boosted to \$175. And I'm to share in the profits, too. We will be living on \$200 a week less than a year from now.

"As soon as we get out West we will oin a country club. We'll sell the old bus right away and get one of those classy sport models and drive out to the

Coast in style.

"Gee! I wish we could celebrate tonight. I tried to "phone you so that you could make arrangements, but the operator said the 'phone was out of commis-

"It is probably a gentle hint," suggested Martha, "that the company would like to have last month's bill paid."

"They're getting fussy again, ch? That old company never lost any money through us. I'll call them up tomorrow and give them the devil."

"Waldo, I'm sick of all thin," Martha burst out, "All the household bills drag on unpaid until it is embarrassing. You ought to see the way the butcher looked at me when I was in today. And what do our friends think when they can't get us on the 'phone? They know.

"And that's not the half of it. Year after year we go on paying profits to the landlord. Before you know it little Judy will be ready for college and there will be no money to send her with. Right now you've borrowed up to the hilt on all

your insurance.

"When we were married you were making 800 a week and we lived comortably on that. Now you are earning more than twice as much and we are not even getting by. Within two weeks of the time you got every raise the money was all spent. Now that you have another advance the first thing you do is to plan to spend it.

You are a good natured, easy going spendthrift. You have business ability when you are in the office, or you would not have received this promotion. But when it comes to the business of managing your income you are a failure—just a failure." And Martha burst into tears.

"Why, honey, I never heard you talk like that before," said Waldo. "You don't really mean that the new Western sales manager is a failure. You're just excited over our good fortune and it has made you hysterical. Tomorrow you get your sister to go on a shopping tour and begin to outfit yourself for your new station in life. I want you to have a lot of new duds when we go West."

The next evening happy-go-lucky Waldo arrived house in his usual high spirits. "Did you go (Continued on page 5)

Toward Miresale

How Norman and Hattie Accumulated \$32,000

This achedule of earnings, expenses and accumulations vividly shows how anyone on a normal salary can get ahead without hardship by conserving salary increases. On these figures this month's story is based.

Age	Weekly Balary	Living Expenses	Weekly Savings	Investment Investment	es End of Each Year
24	8 30	\$25	8.5	\$ 5.20	# 265.20
25	50	35	15	26,20	1,071,40
26	60	35	25	90.26	2,440.25
27	70	40	30	177.61	4,177,86
28	80	40	40	292.27	4,000.00 (1)
29	90	70 (0)	20	260.80	\$,300.80
30	100	70	30	349.20	7.210.04
31	100	80	20 (3)	453,40	2,703.44
32	110	25	25	548,20	10,551.64
33	110	85	25	659,09	12,510,73
34	125	85	40	792,24	15,3B2,97
35	128	85	40	964,57	18,427,54
36	150	99	60	1.168.05	22,715.59
37	150	90	60	1,425,33	27,260.92
38	156	98	60	1,698.05	32,078.97

(f) Decreased savings due to birth of child. Increased expresses due to marriage. [3] Decreased worth due to expenses selling up housekeeping.



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Clipping the Wings of an Increased Salary

Wasserpead North page 1

down town and get yourself some nice tricky new dresses today?" was his first question.

"No, Waldo. Hattie and I went down town, but I didn't do any shopping. Something made me change my mind."

"You know we are partners and I want you to be the first one to profit by my good fortune in business."

"I met Hattie just before lunch. She wanted to go to the bank first. Norman had asked her to put two thousand dollar bonds in their safe deposit box and there were some compone to chip and cash.

"I wish you could have seen their deposit box. Thirty-two bonds in it!"

deposit box. Thirty two bonds in it!"
"You don't say!" ejaculated Waldo.
"Did some rich uncle die, unbeknown to
us and leave them all that wealth?"

"Wrong again, Waldo. They bought those bonds with their own money. Some were bought with savings; income from their investments paid for the rest. Hattie told me all about them at lunch and what she told me spoiled my taste for spending money shopping.

"It seems that even before Hattie married Norman he had formed the habit of keeping his expenses below his income and saving the rest. Every time he got a raise in salary he saved most of it instead of blowing it in. So he had \$0,500 when they were married. They spent \$2,300 for furniture and a honeymoon trip and started life together with \$4,000 ahead.

"Right from the beginning they kept their expenses under control. Of course they spend more now than they did ten years ago, but they have not allowed their increased living expenses to eat up every salary raise. When Norman was making \$90 a week they lived on \$70; when his salary was \$125 they spent \$85; now he is making \$150 and they live on \$90.

"This year their income from savings and investments alone amounts to nearly \$1,700. On a salary just a little larger than yours they are now salting away nearly \$5,000 a year, while we are continually getting deeper into the rut.

"That's what spoiled my taste for shopping this afternoon."

"Never mind, Martha. Everything is going to be all right. We'll be sitting on top of a pile of bonds some day. Just you wait and see."

"But don't you see, Waldo," carnestly entreated Martin. "you are going on and on, leaving the future to take care of itself. You say, 'Just wait and see.' Twe been waiting ten years now.

"I was a little barsh with you last night. Really I was just as elated over your promotion as you, but my emotions got the best of me for once. Today I feel better because I have a plan by which we can profit by your increased income.

"If Hattie and Norman can live as comfortably as they do on 890 a week we can do it. When we get out West my plan is to start all over again, with a clean slate. If things go well and your income advances as we both (Continued on page 6)



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Clipping the Wings of an Increased Salary

Continued from gape 5

hope it will, let's save all the increase. Let's not think of new ways to spend money until we have a saug safe deposit box full of bonds.

"Once in a while we will go on a little bat, or indulge in some luxury and we'll enjoy it all the more, because we will know that we can afford it. It will be easy to change our habits in a new country and I can hardly wait to start."

"You are a game little kid. Martha, and the best little manager in the world. I am with you 100%," said Waldo.

And that evening was one of the pleasantest they had ever spent together, as they planned out the details of their new financial start.

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The Right Way to Save Ice



Prof. Morrill outside the heat inquieted door of the conatunt temperature room in which retrigoration are tested. Some Surprising Facts about Refrigerator Care Are Brought Out by Laboratory Tests

> By Prof. R. D. Morrill

In charge of refrigeration at New York University and Popular Science Institute of Standards

URRY up and close the icebox door!" is an instruction that ceboes through many an American home, and we sometimes wonder if this business of getting the refrigerator door closed quickly in worth all the commotion it causes.

Just what happens, when this injunction is not carried out as promptly as it ought to be, now has been definitely determined. Laboratory tests in which special recording thermometers settle the matter beyond question have been completed by the Popular Science Institute of Standards. The results show the true importance of opening refrigerator doors rarely and closing them promptly-not only for the saving of ice but, more important, for the maintenance of proper temperatures for keeping food safely free from bacteria.

With a good grade ice-cooled refrigerator that had two inches of corkboard insulation, a test was made to determine the rise in temperature inside when the food compartment doors were left open. The room in which the refrigerator was placed while these tests were being conducted was at a temperature of 77.8° F.

The refrigerator was fully iced at 8:05 A. M. and the food compartment doors were not opened until 1:45 P. M., when the refrigerator was down to a temperature of 51° F. The doors were then left open five minutes, and at 1:50 P. M. the average temperature of the box was up to 69.3° F. a seventeen-degree jump in only a five-

The food compartment doors then were closed from 1 50 to 2:35 r. st., the refrigerator temperatures being recorded at five-minute intervals during this period. By 2:35 P. M. it was found that the average temperature of the refrigerator had dropped to 52.4° F.

These results show that it requires a long time for the refrigerator to recover its lowest inside temperature if the food compartment doors are carelessly left open for several minutes. The time required for complete recovery was approximately ten times the interval during which the food compartment doors were

left open.

This means that if a refrigerator is to be kept at a temperature that will safely preserve food, one of the most important requirements is that food be put in and taken out as quickly as possible, and that the doors be opened as few times in a day na possible.

But, while the quick closing of refrigerator doors is a good policy both from the standpoint of proper refrigeration and ice saving, the custom of wrapping the ice, followed in many households, is a very poor practice indeed.

Various so called ice blankets have been and are still-advocated for wrapping ice to keep it from melting. Even newspapers and cloths have been put over the ice cake to preserve it. This practice prevents free circulation of air about the ice. Not enough ice is exposed to fully refrigerate the food compartments; also the entire surface of the ice cake is needed to absorb the food odors carried by the air.

Tests made on a good grade refrigerator in a room whose temperature was at 76° F, brought out the following results:

WHEN the ice was unwrapped, twen-ty-six pounds were melted in twentyfour hours. The temperatures in the milk compartment under the ice chamber, the bottom of the main food compartment, the center of main food compartment, and the top of the main food compartment were respectively 41°, 45°, 47°, and

Keeping the same box in the same room temperature for twenty-four hours with the ice wapped showed an ice meltage of twenty-three pounds. The refrigerator temperatures in the before-mentioned locations were, respectively, 43°, 46.5°, 4!1°, and 51.5° F.

These results demonstrate that three pounds of ice a day may be saved by wrapping the ice cake, which means a daily saving of less than two cents. Offsetting this money saving is the increased refrigerator temperature and its consequences. Food odors and bacteria

are retained inside the refrigerator, instead of being caught on the surface film of water on the ice cake and discharged outside the refrigerator through the drain pipe and trap to the sewer. The ice surface must be exposed if full bezefit is to be obtained, and if bacteria and food odors are to be absorbed properly.

FOR good refrigeration, it is essential that a well-built and well-insulated box be used, and that it receive proper care. This free List of Approved Refrigerators offers a solution to the buyer's problem of deciding which refrigerators are well constructed, a good value, and capable of maintaining proper temperatures economically with a minimum consumption of ice or power. The names of tested and approved refrigerators of both automatic and ice types can be obtained on request from the Popular Science Institute of Standards. Also, the engineers of the Institute have prepared a twenty-four-page booklet giving full information on the selection and care of refrigerators. There is a twenty-five-cent charge for the latter. Address the Popular Science Institute, 250 Fourth Ave., New York, N. Y.

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There actually seems to be no limit to the uses for Presdwood. We ourselves are astonished almost every week by some entirely new and unexpected demand for it.

Not only are thousands of feet of it going into the making of such things as table tops, breakfast nooks, store fixtures and signs, but it is being extensively used in the manufacture of toys, doll houses, fire screens, tension boards, bread boxes, clothes hampers, and dairy containers. Bank vaults and telephone booths are lined with Presdwood. It is being widely used in building steam boats. It makes an ideal flooring for dance halfs and park pavilions. It is becoming more and more popular for all kinds of paneling.



FOR PANELING

Cooling trays for hot castings, starch trays for candy factories, bedroom screens, invalid trays, incubators, dust arresters for journal boxes, bowling alleys, and shutters for Dutch Colonial Houses—all of these things are made of Presdwood.

Where especially fine, smooth work is required, there is nothing like Presdwood for concrete forms. Presdwood is used extensively in making movies. Not forgetting that the Chicago Art Institute has found this grainless all-wood board an excellent material for backing and protecting rare works of art!

Try Presdwood yourself

Presdwood has scores of other uses, and new uses are being discovered week after week. Remember, too, that Presdwood is not only workable almost beyond belief, but that it positively will not damage tools.

Adaptable for any woodworking machinery, uniformly strong, and highly resistive to moisture, it can also be lacquired, painted, stained or varnished. And yet it requires no paint for protection.

Write for a large, free sample of Masonite Presdwood, and find out what it will do for you. It may be the very material for which you have long been looking. It may enable you to make a worthwhile improvement in your product, and at the same time lower your operating costs. Try Presdwood for yourself!

MASONITE CORPORATION

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FOR PLAYHOUSES AND TOYS



Miller Laurel, Mississippi

Masonite

Made by the makes of MASONITE STRUCTURAL INSULATION



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Our Readers The Woman "Talks Back" dampness, and the only practical way to do it

HE article on 'Are Women as Smart as Men." was exceedingly interesting I am not a psychologist, nor could I he seientifie if I had to; but I am a woman, therefore I enjoy talking back

"As Mr Lecky says, women are newly freed in body, newly independent in action and expression." That is true now for the first time in history. Isn't It a bit early to compare the achievements of the two sezes? Women sunterest in the science of government has been a com of 'hanging her clothen on a hackney with



"I agree with Mr Leeky that to get to the root of the question, we find it a matter of physical strength. But who shall say that barrier is elemin! When woman is for enough removed from the agreeds borbaric customs that endayed her body might there not be a different story to tell! I can remember when the mark of real ladyhood was a periodic fainting fit. Where are the ladies gone,

Now to Mr. Lecky's point that women don't count large among the gentages of the world because they don't want to be gentures. That, too, is changing. Women still want to be aweethearts and sover and mothers, but the day of limited families has arrived, and women will soon find they can actueve their ideal of smaller families thosy acceptifically reared, and atil have years left for other kinds of creative production. In it not possible tout in the luture some of the territy-one even will be mothers? A. R. C., Rochester, Minn.

Can You Answer This?

WISH some of our moon-shooters and planet-pelters that call themselves scientists would make a thorough study of Sir Issue Newton a Third Law of Motion, and then apply it to their high-powered skyrockets. It means to me that anyone with average intelligence could are that this method of

going to other planets is absurd. I do not think anyone would be an ignorant as to deay or doubt this old aw of motion. Then if they believe in it, where in empty space will they get their resistance required to grave the racket on? - C. C. Greenvilse, Tex

A Challenge to Inventors

 VOLR editorial 'Why Not Keep Cool! in L the September issue offered a real challenge to inventors and engineers. How long before we can have summer cooping plants for private nomes? This last number, artificial chilling breezes constorted thousands of the country's sweltering theater-goers, and made August heat endorable for brokens in the New York Stock Exchange. From that at in only a step to imagine a day when the man who tends his household boiler in winter will be regulating his chilling coils in summer

"It is perfectly possible—but, today, far too expensive There are two main difficulties, as explained by ventilating engineers. When you child air, dew forms. Before you can blow cool air through a house you must take out the is to chill the air more than enough, and then warm it a little. Humming the expensive apparalus overtage costs money to does the claborate system of ducts and fans required to citrulate the cool air. Hence, private homes, butrls, and apartment houses still await large wale refrigeration.

" Perhaps the future will bring some some philes means of home cooling. There is a grain of hope in one engineer's statement that, in theory at least, it should be possible to book up an electric refrigerator to a summer housecooling system."-Dr. A. M., Baltimore, Md.

Only 64.6 Percent American!

WAS absolutely thunderstruck at your relection of the thirty-one greatest maiyour list contained \$4.6 percent of American esturens which, in my opinion, is a greatly exaggerated percentage of the world's genue. -A. R., Glasgow, Scotland.

Fine Sport, But Take Care!

HAVE been greatly interested in the glider article, Flying Planes without Motors, in Properties Science Mentitles for August and som hoping you can put me in touch with the American tribler Association, for we would



like to start a club in the Hawanaz Islande The in n fasernating sport, and we believe we have ideal country for at 4., Honoralu, Hawan, U.S. V.

I am much interested in your article on gluters Several young men in this vicinity are impressed by the wonderful feats of the terman girlers, and we

have decided to make a givier. I have anterested two mechanics from Byrd Field, and they are willing to help us. We have decaded to build a plane like those which more advanced students use, make we can get two or three pulots for spetructors. The foreman of a lumber company has consented to get the lumber for in at a lost price. We have an excellent formbon for flying and enough people interested to start a club. "- P. V., Richmond, Va.

Pleasure from Tin Cans

WOI LD it he possible for you to induce Mr Thatcher to give a further hat of the eart toys than the ones he used a ustrating an article in Popular Science a few months ago? Having made a steam roller for a email last. I found this work to be fasemating, and I should like very much to do some more of it.



"As a retired Army officer, I find that time hangs heavily at times, and I tue a small shop as a recreation as well as for practical purposes. "I have in mind a plan to aid the county and

state nurses to their work as I have done formerly, in providing small appliances which it is difficult for them to obtain for the poorer patients, especially the chaldren. A simple toy, they tell mr, goes a long way to rase a fretful lattle one, and sample mechanical toys are especially useful in their work. I regret that

our charities do not abrays consider that something pleasing to the eye may be of more value. than something pleasing to the stomach."-J. R. D., Bel Air, Mat.

All Joking Aside



"AMONG those who lege of year let Them Say was Alfrante do Amand, director, make service force, Illiantam, Heasil, who was quoted as felluma: *Alcoholie liquore are harmful to persons

betten by venomous snakes."

Another argument for probabilion, I suppage. If we disside the page as are as might a fewery to be suppost by a rattler or strain, a a copperhead! This is serious, I mean. Design Dust, Tampa, Pla.

What Price Knowledge?

"YOUR readers" discussions of 'It' and personality plus have intrigued me to such an extent I feel it necessary to protest the notion that a cultured or versatile mind must permanily be an interesting one.

"Perhaps you recall the story of Schopenbaver and his silent wager to drop a gold coin in the poor box whenever the officers at his table spoke of comething other than women and horses. Schopenhauer was cultured, but los company was not much sought, nor were listhoughts conductive to good diges on.

"So, if you want to lead in conversate " leave seience home and talk at on wenten, and politics F W B Michtown, Pa-

A Loyal Friend

AM now seventyright years old and have laken your magazine since \$882 With the excipition of some gammers. which I bassed I have althe copies since then now D W B., Nor-SHEYPAS wark Coop.



Keep Cool, Gentlemen

THE letter of W. J. M., of Samsota, Fla., take ng G. H. T. from Ple accelpt at to take for saying that 'only incidentally does a refriggrator act as a bacteria killer or inhibitor, got under my skin. I quote from Farmers Hailetin 373 It must be remem sered that in frigerm or see is often dirty and that it may bring in putre factive and other hair. for most bucters are resistant to low temperatures and are not

destroyed by freening

"While as a class bacteria grow best at a temperature of 80 to 95 degrees P., experiments have shown that few bacteria are in gred by keeping them at temperatures considerably helow freezing for months at a time. The average temperature of a refrigerator in the bome is about 40 degrees, and this keeps the bucteria in a dormant state, but they will immediately begus to grow and multiply when brought to the temperature mentioned above. Would suggest that W J M study up on he bacteriology."-G. S. E., Palmyra, N. J.

CABINETS BY Berkey & Gay

Radio

enters a new phase with the Balkite AC receiver



Balkite A-5—The Table Model. Wainut cobinet, by Barkay & Gay.

Belkito A-3 - The same, in a simple, but sightly, all-metal case.

Balkito A-7-Housed in a beautifully hand-carved walnut cabinet by Berkey & Gay. Completely equipped, including dynamie speuker.

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For some time the problem of faultless reception has been solved—in the laboratory. To make this quality of reception available in a simple, practical, permanent set—that is the radio problem for 1928; solved by the Balkite AC set.

Radio fans who have heard the marvelous reception now achieved in the laboratory, and who are familiar with the complicated mechanism required to produce it, are amased at the Balkite chassis. For here is that same faultless reception, but accomplished by means that engineering refinement has reduced to utter simplicity, in a set that has the finality of a fine car.

Her he he etc. got by Not no Wen a se brondered by Buttern

Here, too, is AC without hum; a complete unit ready to operate from your light socket. It has push-pull audio, complete shielding, dynamic speaker power, a jack for reproducing records electrically. The circuit allows wide variation in voltage with safety to tubes,

The cabinets are by Berkey & Gay; an exterior elegance to match interior refinement. The dealer will gladly demonstrate . . . Fansteel Products Company, Inc., North Chicago, Illinois,

Balkite Radio



Get it Better with a Grebe

It is to a comprehensive understanding of the exacting demands of those who insist upon something "just a little better" in every phase of life that the Grebe Synchrophase A-C Six owes its perfection.

It was designed for those who want something more than the mere convenience of alternating current, light-socket operation; for those who want, in addition to relief from battery worries, the intrinsic quality that has made the Grebe such an outstanding leader in every phase of radio development.

If you eren't satisfied with something

just good enough, you'll appreciate the tone quality, range and selectivity of this fine receiver; its freedom from A-C hum; illuminated single dial and other new improvements which truly enable you to "get it beffer with a Grebe."

A demonstration of the Grebe Synchrophase A-C Six will convince you of its superiority. Hear it today or send for Booklet P, which fully explains this new set.

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NOVEMBER, 1918

SUMNER BLOSSOM Editor

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Are You Physically Fit to Fly?

U. S. Medical Authority Explains the New Scientific Yardsticks of Your Capacity to Pilot a Plane Safely

By L. H. BAUER, M. D.

N THE wake of the epochal flights of the last eighteen months a great wave of cothusiasm for available has appear the grounds.

has swept the country
Every boy sees horself a
potential Lundbergh. Thousands of Americans have made
airplane flights as passengers;
hundreds of young men—and
men not so young have enroked in training schools for
plots. People who should
know what they're talking
about predict that soon arplanes will become as plentiful
as flivvers." This I doubt,
although I do believe they
will eventually supply a more

or less common means of transportation.

In all this talk about aviation and its future at has struck me as highly remark-

FOR more than six years Doctor Rauer was Commandant of the Army School of Aviation Medicine. Since resigning from the Army more than a year and a half ago, he has been Medical Director of Acronautics for the U. S. Department of Commerce. In this capacity he has passed on the physical examinations of all civilian flyers applying for Covernment Becases—more than 10,000 in all. Simply and understandably he answers here the questions you have been asking about your physical fitness to fly an airplane.

able how few persons give any thought to a phase of the subject, which, in my opinion, is of prime importance—namely,

flying and physical condition. After several years' study of this question, during which time I have been in daily contact with flyers, I would say that if you wish to learn to fly, the very first thing you must do is to take a physical examination. Moreover, this examination cannot be an ordinary one such as you might take for a life insurance policy. It must involve so many different factors and so many special tests that its comple-



Or a Determining a candidate's reaction to high advisoring by subject and him to be a Thing to be a subject and the subject an

But why cannot a person with defective vision wear glasses while flying, as he would if driving an automobile? Some

which case he would better be home be-

fore dark,

not seen to clearly. This is peripheral vision. If a person lacks that periph-

eral vision—in other words, if his

fields of vision are narrow—be is unable see anything unless he is looking directly at it, much the same as a horse wearing blinders. It also happens that when a man has these constricted fields of vision he is likely, too, to be suffering from what is known as "night blindness," in

Byers do, but it is a severe handicap. For one (thing, glasses must be worn under goggles, which means that the fiver is looking through two panes of glass,

LSO the lenses of glasses are A small in comparaton with the lenses of goggles. So Jong as the flyer is looking straight ahead he has adequate vision, but when he turns his eyes to the side his vision becomes blurred and distorted because hu glasses do not eover lus whole visual field. Now what about having proper correcting leases ground in the goggles? This has been tried, but certain corrections cannot be ground into a lens the shape of a goggle lens. In such cases, a corrective meent is slipped into the frame with the goggle lens.

This meet is open to objections he asset, again, corrects only about two Unris of the field of vinon, giving blurred vinon for the other third; it easily becomes duty and is hard to clean. Furthermore, if a fiver wearing correcting lenses in his gogges should get a smear of oil on his lenses when landing, he would be in a dangerous predicament. Eather he would have to tear off his goggles and deprive houself of his correction or leave the smeared goggles on and perform with blurred vision one of the most delicate operations of flying.

CO IF you want to learn to fly with a D view to becoming a military or commercial transport pilot, you must have normal of 20 20, vision, normal visual fields, and a moderate amount of accommodulion (the power to change the focus of the eyes from (ar to near). If you wish to become an industrial pilot and carry mad or freight, but no passengers, your vision may be slightly less, or \$0/30, and if you wish to fly for your own pleasure your vision may be still less, or to so. By these figures is meant the ability to see at twenty feet what should be seen at twenty feet, thirty feet, or forty feet as the case may be.

The ability to judge distance, while dependent in part on experience, is dependent chiefly on the eyes. Every time you take off or land it is necessary to judge exactly your distance from the ground, and from obstructions such as trees, planes, buildings, telephone poles, and wires. Your ability in this particular is tested by an ingenious apparatus invented by Dr. H. J. Howard and modufied later by Dr. P. Dolman, in which, while looking through a window in the front end of a box placed twenty feet away, you endeavor by means of a cord

leaves no don't of your process or of your process or of the highly special attributes necessary to fill pileting

Such ment of the plysical canonation of fivera as I a and as all vitases the form of tribeson, ket as strong presump twe existing tax a physical exion ratio, far from being just another obstacle placed in the

prospective pilot's path, actually is a necessary preliminary to a training course in flying, I might este the experience of the British in the World War During the first year, British aviation recruits underwent no special physical examinations, other than the ordinary examinations given to all soldiers,

MANY men who had "washed out" as infantry officers were sent to learn to fiv. As a result, of every 100 aviators killed, two were killed by the German s and sixty by their own physical defects. After the adoption of a more careful standard for the selection of flyers and the institution of a system of medical supervision, this secty was reduced within a year to twenty, and later to twelve. Accidents this top hysical mises are unconsidered now among our Army and Navy flyers as a result of careful section in I supervision.

I knew a famores fiver who was ill from grappe. He "doped up" on aspirin and croth and to stay up a ghts on wild parties. Though begged by a flight surgeon not to fly on a certain day because of his physical condition, be disregarded the advice and went on what proved to

be his last flight.

Another flyer was advised not to fly because he was unable to palse distance. He miscalculated his distance from a telephone pole a few days later and washed out his ship. Still another, whose name figured prominently in the head-lines not long ago, was advised not to fly because of defective vision and mability to judge distance. He flew to his death about two weeks later because he was unable to distinguish his landing place clearly and misjudged his distance from it

As a result of bitter experience corroborated by much research, practically all countries now have almost the same rand physical statisficult for flyers. They recogtaxe that values never intended man to Consequently, the man who goes into the air, where he is subject to conditions different from those on the ground, must possess unusual physical resources. Do not manuaderstand me. A flyer need not be a superman. There are millions of young men in this country physically qualified for flying. It is interesting to note that transoceanic floors applying for commercial lectees, including Lindbergh, Chamberin Brock Guellel, Acosta, Haldeman, and Rath I der, met these physnal standards without difficulty.

Why should flying call for a higher physical standard, and what factors are

of special importance?

First, I would say, come the eyes, More men are rejected because of defective eyesight than for any other physical reason.

GOOD vision is vital to safe flying. If The flyer must be able to distinguish objects clearly, such as the character of the terrain, or other planes in his vicinity. More than one flyer with defective vision has been killed because he faded to see a plane about to land as he was taking off, or vice versa, or because he missed seeing one in the air and collided with it. He must be alle to read his instrument board and his map. All that requires eyes that can see at a distance, that can change focus quickly from far to near, and that permit peripheral vision as well as central.

These terms probably require explanation. The normal individual, when looking straight ahead, sees clearly what is directly in front of him. This is central vision. At the same time he is aware of objects at either side, although they are and pulley to place two 8.8-such rods side by side.

There are six little muscles that control the movements of each eye. These muscles are so coordinated and balanced in the normal individual that they cause the two eyes to act in unison and we see only one object. When the muscles are not properly balanced, either we see double or else we make a constant effort to maintain single vision. This effort is fatiguing; it causes beadaches, which lead to mattention and carelessness. The balance of these muscles is closely associated with defects of vision and with the judgrog of distance. You can appreciate that disturbances of this balance may be serious in the flyer. The "ocular muscle balance," as it is called, is tested by means of prisms, which indicate the strength and weakness of the various muscles. Certain tests are required of all prota, but the most complete examination is made of military and commercial transport pilots.

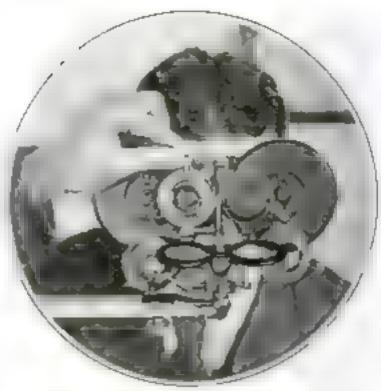
COLOR vision comes next. Its importance may be appreciated when you recall that surplanes enery navigating lights, airdromes have colored lights, sigraling is done with colored flares and panels, maps are often printed in colors, and perhaps most important of all, that different shades of brown and green seen on the ground indicate to the fiver the character of the terrain. This latter is particularly important if he has to pick out a landing field

Finally, the eyes are examined to determine whether any disease of the eyeball or his would interfere with clear vision or cause the eyes to water easily this producing daugero mly blurred vision.

The next part of the examination, and perhaps the least important, pertains to the car. nose, and throat. The enodidate should be free from any disease that would, under fatigue or exposure, "light up" in he about daye no marked obstruction to breathing. Normal hearing is not emental but he should be able to hear his mechanic when he says "contact" or "awitch off," and for certain classes of flying he should be able to hear radio signals

Since the plane of equilibrium of a flyer is constantly changing, he must be able to orient

h.mself regardless of position Equil brium in a function of several organs. Eyes play ar important part, so do the cars. and also the sensations reenved from muscles, joints and internal organs. The effects of gravity also play a part. During the World War and for a time afterward, a person's equilibrium was tested (for flying) by a turning chair. That now has been replaced in the Army and for commercial flying by a much simpler test. The candidate is



liferancing a prospective flyer's obility to use clearly and judge distances accurately. This priors contrainent fests the balance of the muscles that control the eye movements.

told to stand on one foot, flex the other leg at a right angle at the knee (keeping it away from the other leg), close the eyes, and maintain the position for fifteen seconds.

The candidate is then given a general physical examination. Particular attention is paid to the heart, circulation, brook, and kidocyn, as organic disease of my of these lowers resistance, becomes accentuated by fatque, stress, and exponice, and may develop aerious crises.

Structural defects are looked for, such as bernia (rupture), and limitation of motion of joints. The fiver should have all his extremities, free motion at the aboulder, efbow, and hip. Slight himitation of motion in the knee is not disqualifying and even fifty precent limitation may be permitted in the west and ankle.

Abnormalities of the thyroid gland, also, are cause for rejection, because of the serious constitutional effects of certain types of thyroid disease.

As important as the eyes in the nervous system. The person with an unstable nervous system does not last long as a flyer. Of course, organic nervous disease at once disqualifies. One would not think of sending into the air a person afflicted with a paralysis, a mental disease, or epilepsy. In addition effort is import to eliminate the neurotic persons, Experience has shown that they go to pieces quickly and rarely make good flyers,

Flying is attended by a physical and nervous strain. This

may not show in a sound, stable individual who takes care of homself and who thes not more than four hours a day, but in the matable type, in the man who frequently dissipates, or who is flying five and six hours day after day, it manifests itself in critability, loss of interest in work, morhod fears while flying, and even a dislike of going into the air. The man lines weight, sleeps with difficulty at night, and when he does sleep, dreams of air accidenta. There were countless such cases on record during the World War. Peacetime flying is less likely to produce this "stale" condition, but even here it will develop in certain individuals,

> The ideal age for flying is the period from twenty to tharty years. You may make a succonful flyer if you learn after thirty-five, but the chances are slim, and these chances rapidly dunmah as your age increases. Flyers who learned when young and have kept in good physscal tran and have kept up their flying remain good flyers, but lacking the keenness of youth, they are not fitted for combat flying, for example. There are flyers over fifty who learned to fly late in life, but such men are not fitted for the wear and tear of commercial aviation. Middle age brings a development of conservatiam, a slowing of reaction time and a loss of physical resiltency that do not go well with flying.

> Commercial flying is not much concerned with high altitude, but military flying is. Combat flying is done at 18,000 to 20,000 feet. Not all men react equally well to high altitude, and no man should fly above

(Continued on page 169)

L. S. Atmy planes to feed a. I. in f. g.b.t. and the number of gibb and the number of gibbs and the numbe

filtre on trago parture of what frequently tuppens when a man who is suffering from some physical or new one drivet at empts to operate an amplance.



A Famous Prophet Looks Science Into the Future

By ALDEN P. ARMAGNAC

EERING into the future is, for most of as in ghty chancy hisrness, For N kola Trala, world-famous electrical wizard and inventor extraordanacy, it is second Listage,

He is an enignia, thus man Tesla. His astonish ing discoveries and has prophetic visions have established him in the popular mend as a geneus and a fautast e dreamer Turned into practical form in his induction motor, high voltage transformer, and system of alternating current transmission, but fancies have beenght him fame, fortune, and a place among the immortals.

At times they have subjected him to ridicule. In the dozen years made a catasteophe halted his list. great project to supply the world with power by wireless—he has spoken only rarely of his projects. But at last he has heoken his wience for the resiters OF PUBLICAN SCIENCE MONTBLY.

Within three years, he told me, his "World-system" for transmission of wiceless power through the earth should be in commercial operation. Other wonders, too, he described on "Il over similate. his latest invention, and a powerful new turbone motor which, he said, has but one twentieth the weight of an engine

as now designed. It was a staggering word prince of the future that Tesla gave

BIT thirty-five years ago possitue Tesla a propiecy before scient fic societies that ships in distress at sea would call for heip by w reseas apparatus. It was characterized as inventive lunary 'Many of these unbelievers lived to see Wireless Minimon rescuers to lost explorers stranded on an Arctic ice cake.

Thirty years ago people thought Tesla was indulging in a wild fancy when he built a model for a crewless vessel. Yet today the British Navy is experimenting with H. M. S. Conturson, a full-size

been run by radio control.

warship without a crew, controlled entirely by wireless. Germany et doing the some with the former buttieship Zackringen Airplanes and automobiles have

Twenty years ago, when Tesla designed puckets. an automobile to be propelled on water land, or through the air by explosive jets

Crecking artificial aghtning of millions of voits produced by Tesla at Colorado Springs in 1999. The noise of it was beard thirteen spiles away.

Dreamer, prophet and practical inventor. Vibila Tesla holds a high place among the world's creation generates. At the age of severally-one, he still labors to the inhuminary to then his visions to to theful forms.

from rockets, men who others se respected his gerus thought he had gone crazy Today, in Germany rocket cars have sped 156 miles an hour a trials, and the principle is to be appared to air machines.

So this man, past three serve and ten, communidaafterfrom as a scientific forecaster; for he says, h s predictions are a inply the topoud combisions from facts already known ur asserta salve. A world emoyang the fruits of her base researches in power tra isalisaloh, projit lacci, e erices and other fields r compeled to give heed as he predicts greater wenders to come Here are some that he sees

Harsen will be agbied and powered by wireless, as will be acrolance and other velocles or land and sea. You will be able to go anywhere, desert or mountain-top, valley or farm, and set up a compact equipment, small enough to be curried in a entease, that w.l. give you

heat to cook with and light to read by his verairpianes will buzz directly apward and dort across country at many neles a monute. Jet driven airships will cross oceans, but Tesla draws the line at moon

To talk with Dr. Tesla is to become accountiled with an extensed mary life packed with adverture into uncharted reatms of knowl-

edge. Ever since ha boyhood, in the village of Sudjan, Jugo-Slavia, bis tand has been bunting in unexplored purces. As a student at Gratz, Austria, be astounded professors by his protigious mental feats. Once he won a wager with a fellowstudent by receiving an entire volume from memory 1

ONE day the students received from Paris a Gramme motor, an early type that sparked badly. Tesia suggested that a motor might be produced without the brushes that transmit electricity to the apinning rotor, thus eliminating the trouble. It couldn't be done. his professor of physics told him. His classmates peeced.

Less than five years later, Tesla invented just such a machine, the "induction motor" which brought him fame. Without brushes, it operates on the principle of the "rotating magnetic field"

a sort of magnetic cyclone, discovered by Teyla, that grips the armsture and whirls it.

After this discovery, described by such a hard-headed engineer as H, W, Buck, president of the American Institute of Electrical Engineers, as "one of the greatest feats ever performed by human mind," Tesla came to bineries. He invested the "tesla coil" or "Tesla oscillation transformer." Today every wireless transmitter and receiver embodies this greatest to innumerable other uses in seience and industry.

With it, he turned ordinary electricity into crackling lightning of melhons of voits. News of thanderous docharges such the cars of visiting to his Colonado Springs, Colona

TT WAS there that Dr Tesla carried out his selicine of secding power by winloss through the varily No "wireless" auch as we know today as radio, was this He transmitted, not rad a waves through the aut. mostly wasted, but easter currents through the ground. By this method. he told me, he transmitted enough power around the earth to light several hundred incondescent lamps, and proved that power in industrial amounts and l be transmitted to may detance with an efficiency as high as minety-mine and a half percent,

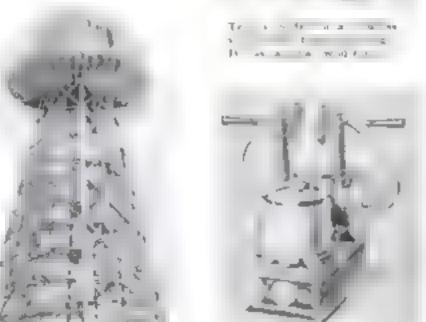
As a result of these experiments, rendents of Shoreham, L. I., New York were myst fied in 1002 to a

massive tower of steel rising nearly 200 feet in an open field. "Tesla's tower," they called it; for rumor had it that from it Tesla would har I thunderbolts into the carth.

In reshty the tower was Dr Tesla's "Magmiying Transmitter," intended to feed electric power into the earth. At its top, a globular dome was to store momentarily, before huring into the earth, tremendous currents produced by a "Tesia oscillation transformer" in the tower's center. Nearly completed was the odd structure, when a dynamite blast of unknown origin turned it into a twisted mass of runs.



R do by Text a service of an experience of the service of the serv



The way an extended or money whose prompter is emboded today to every writing transmitting and precessing ter-

Above: The 20%-foot

Tegia's rect at
Shoreham Long Island,
destroyed by domain se
blost in 1914. Its pur
post. Tesia etniems,
was to feed tremendous
electric currents into
the earth for tremepotarion. At the right
is though the induction
motor, but if Tesia's
greatest discoveries.

Today he is ready to build a new and larger plant. And he is confident that by 1931 it will be in commercial operation. This plant was also to broadcast speech, and pictures by a system of daylight television without moving devices outlined by him in 1893.

"Contrary to popular opinion, which has identified my 'Magnifying Transmitter' with thunder and lightning," Dr. Tesla said, "it operates in elence. There is no halo of escaping electric flames, or other visible evidence of activity—except that a person within a hundred feet of the lower will notice small sparks, pricking of the skin, and briefling of the hair."

A fantastic dream? Perhaps—but Tesla has dreamed such dreams before and seen them come true.

DESIDES his world power scheme, Dr. Tesla says he is devoting his time is rily to his vertically roung flying matter us. Thus aerial fly ver is to weigh less than 600 pounds, and to occupy no more space than a seven-foot cube. It is to see to a great height at a rate of from one to two miles a minute, and may atten a horizontal speed as high as 400 miles.

an hour, power being supplied to an exceedingly light oil-burning motor, a modification of a steam turbine Tesla invented. An admetal framework and the absence of gasobbe guard against fire hazard. Additional safety is to be attained by a parachute of new construction.

Unlike inventors who work with the tedious process of trial and error, Tesla visualizes has myentions, full-fledged, even to the smallest detail. One evening he was walking with a friend through the City Park of Budapest, quoting from a book of poems he had learned by heart. In the middle of a line he broke off, serzed a small stick, and scratched a rough picture on the sand. It was his induction motor, revealed to him in its entirety! And the plan he drew was the same that, seven years later, he presented to the American Eaststule of Eicelness Engineers.

Equality spectacular was hur demonstration of a wireless lamp, at his Grand Street laboratory in New York City. At three o'clock me morning, when he and his workmen were ready to out for the night. Tesla decided that a certain high frequency generator he had been constructing was ready for the test of a new lamp that would light without wires. He sent his workmen outside while he made ready the apparatus. All that remained was to close a switch.

When the workmen returned, Tesla strode to the middle of the laboratory. In each hand he held a long guess tube, exhausted of act. "If my theory is correct," he toro his assistants, "when the switch is thrown in, these tubes will become awords of fire. Darken the room and close the switch,"

The lights went out, and there was a faint click. (Continued on page 176)



The Raising of Submarine Launched — World's Largest Advances in Undersea Rescue,

Though the entire crew of the Italian submarine F 14 per abed from sufficiention when their ship was rammed and sunk by a destroyer in the Adriantic flee a few weeks ago, the our easily raming of the writch in thirty-four hours was praised by experts as a remarkable feat of solvage Ruge floating derricks bitest the hull from the bottom. Above the submarine being towed to drydock.

Preparing he open the F 14 in dry dock. The submarine temonly partially flooded, thanks to swift work of the decent area in closing water tight dones. The weight lifted was 120 tons.

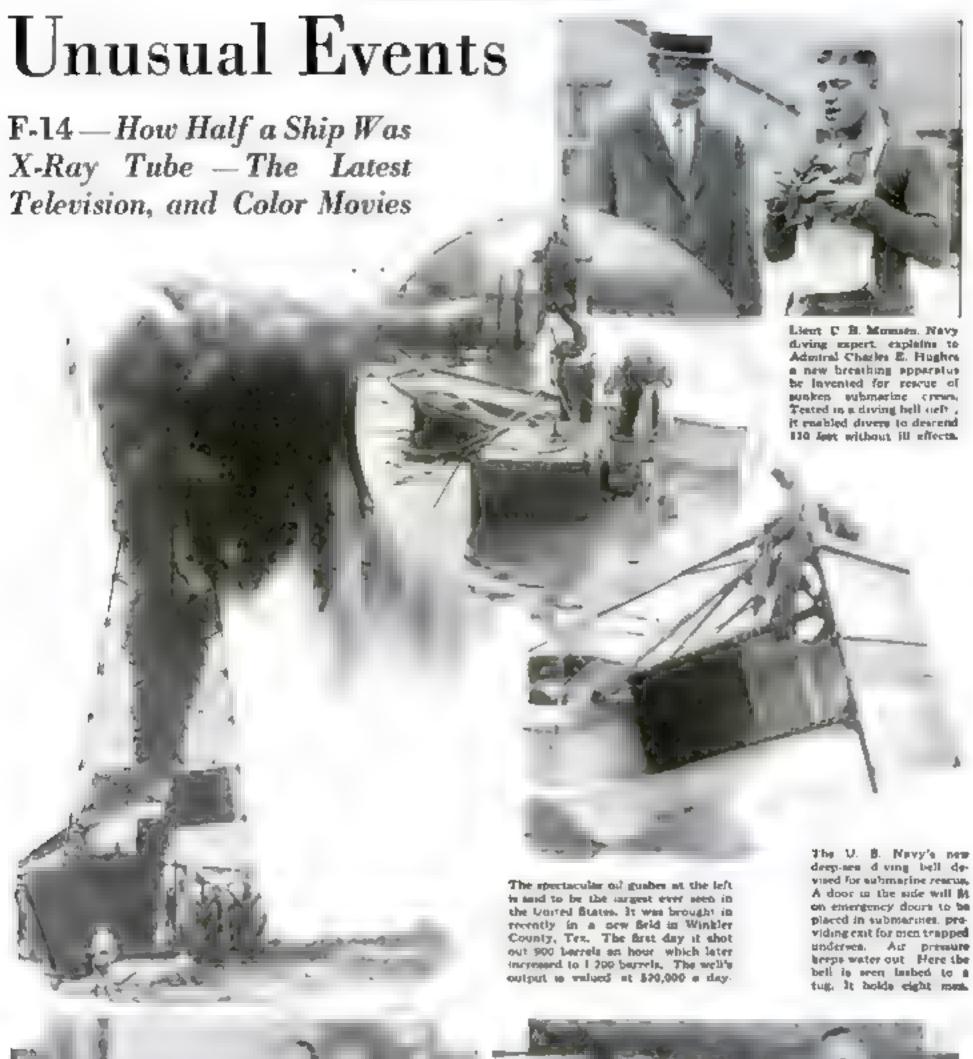
X-rays five times as powerful as those used in medicine are produced by this guart million-volt tube, largest in the world, enembled at the California lineature of Technology in Panelena Glass jars fastened one on top of another form a tube twenty feet high. For safety A is controved by switches in a concrete tunnel, with partors for observation.

An unprecedented feat of marine engineering was accompt abed recently at Belfast. Ireland, when built a motor shap was stunched them fastened to another half to form a complete vessel. Last year the mer Lock morar ran aground and broke her back. The badly demaged fore end was cut away. A new front half then was built and succeeding launched to join the stern. The prince shows this new acction completed and ready to be sent down the manching ways.

Above The after half of the Lochmonar after being cut in two, Mode water tight, this half was finited from Liverpool to Belfast where it was possed to the new fire half. The view at the right shows how the two portions of the loss were brought together.



Left A thrilling moment during the recent 410-mile motor road race for the Inturnational Tourist Trophy at Bellest, Ireland. The Immous British speed king, Capt. Malcolm Campbell is seen trying to estinguish a blase which enveloped his car during the race. The damage caused by the fire forced him to retire, and the great contest was won by Kay Dou, British driver





Newest radio motion picture machine, with Dr. Frank Course, the Westinghouse engineer who directed its development. The scanning disk, heart of the appearatus, is directly in front of him.



Another new system of color movies. The inventor Frederick Thomas O'Grady, of Newack. N. J., holds in his hands the secret of the invention, a color filter in the form of a gelatin disk.



) Organt Dustin, 2nd millionalry's clothes and all took a look at the dirty job that was offered him, grinned at the alerat group that stood near by and said "Let s go

IRT? The inside of a smokestack is a white purcels in tub compared to the emder-tunnel that crawls beneath the soaking-p ts of M dwest Steel. Heat? The breath from a stack smouth is a cooling zephyr beside the blast that radiates from those incandescent rooms of hell. Yet J Oroutt Dust n. 2nd im because a clothes and all, took a look at the job that was offered bun there, granted at the allent group that stood near by, and said. Let a go'

Sam Thurber was flabbergasted. He could find no word, either of denial or acceptance, only a grunt, and while the strides with which he took himself away from there were no more burned than usual, he had the feeling of one who fied.

It was his own kingdom, too. His word was law at the makingpits, as well as at the gigantic clothes wringer of a blooming in ilbehind them, the huge hydraube shears further back, and the

Joung Jim

By EDMUND M. LITTELL

DISTINGUISHED oriental scholar, Prof. A. II
Sayes, has just revealed that the first iron ever used by man fell from the sky. It was iron extracted from meteorites. Ancient Babylonian documents name than 4,000 years old, recently uncerthed, describe it as the "metal of heaven." In that far-off day began the romance of the "iron age" which has culminated in the annual production of almost 100,000,000 tons of steel. In this story the author of "Midge" and "Fire Shy" gives us another thrilling picture of the magic of flaming metal.

expanse of chipping floor at the rear. He was bost of the whole abebang; the entire half-mile length of highext d building that resounded with the noises of coldteel working on bot was under his stubby thembhat the "Let's go!" of J. Oreutt Dustin, 2nd, added consternation to amazement and caused him to fice

Secure he knew J. Orcuit Dustin, and, just as every other man made the high wice fence of Midwest Steel knew him. They all talked about him and his deeds, some of them with smales, some of them with in the "Old him would eventually the fabulous weath that five thousand men were ting in the translands of huildings that made up the had. The here-apparent to a princely longdom, and at the age of twenty-seven years the hardest work he had ever done, barring a brief period in uniform was the steering of a polo pony or a high-powered at nobile. Why, the talk was that he even had a viel man to help him put on his pants.

The direct job in steel while Sam Thurber stood by helpless. For Sam had aided and abetted him in his insuspected purpose. Innocently, of course; otherwise it would not have happened. He had thought all me that J. Oreutt was having one of his jokes.

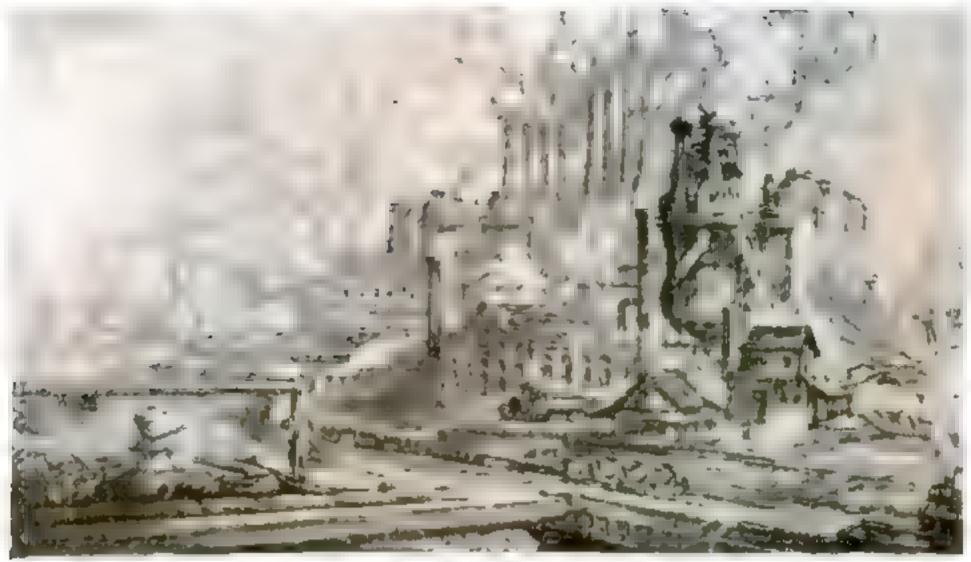
from the first, for the very hour of their meet and been an ommous sign. Eight A.M.—that was nour when J. Orentt Dustin, and, was supposen the first ting the high spots along the sleep route Cerall after noon. But Sam and been too busy to think about it at the time. The shift was changing and there was an important rolling to be taken care of and their collision, just outside the door of his office-shorty that equatted in the front corner of his building must have knocked the sense clear out of him.

What the Sam began "I beg your pardon" and the other, and Sam fin shed his remark with a laugh. He would have recognized that voice in a darkened room. He liked the Old Man's son. The

memory of his first inspection trip, as a wide-eyed boy with his hand in his father s, was still fresh in his memory. So he went on with a chuckle,

"Who got you up before breakfast?"

THEY made an oddly assorted pair as they stood there—a polished bar beside a rusty chunk of bloom. J Orcutt was a sixfoot specimen of the kind of young men who are seen mostly on the advertising pages of magazines, immaculate from felt-hatted head to shining brown toe; Sam resembled nothing so much as a five-foot chunk of one of his own square blooms, his workaday clothes and battered derby covered with the dust of his job and a stubble of beard on a face that appeared to have been gauged out by one of his chipper's church. But J. Occutt was not one to notice such discrepancies, which was one of the reasons why Sam



The hardest work he had over done was the steering of a polo may or a high powered automobile. Help apparent to a princely kingdom, to him would eventually come the Japainus wenith that five thousand men were reguling in the transheds of buildings that made up the mill.

liked bure. The brown eyes that always had a light of good honor data ig in them looked down upon him moterly and be replied, drawing, "Not a soul

Then bans profed the line that always drew a gent. "Well, well. Than muche you're out picken a job for varied this

mornin, and wasted for the grin that always came

It did, together with—"How diyou gless it" and there little game was on. Sam replied, with a look of great concern, to the greatly worried effect that he hoped J. Oreutt wouldn't take his job away form him. He had a family to support and seventeen chodeen, and

'All right, I won't, 'J. Orentt assured hun, "I've decided. Linga, that you can't get along another day without my val-

inble sers are

There, if Sain had only realized it, was where he should have a de-stepped. But at the time he had concluded that the young man wanted to play a little longer, so he went on—the bagger fool he!

WELL now, I appreciate that," he said with sober gratibode. "Let's see," thoughtfully. "We got a five-hundred-foot roll table that needs greasin' a couple of times a day," with a in schievous gint in his operard glance, "or—by golly. I got it'. Pete Heznik needs a helper on the soukin'-pits, How bout that?

Pete Rezrik always needed a helper on the sanking-pits. He himself had been on that man-killing job for eight long years and reference to take any other but in ad that time no man had ever been found who would stick there with him. They came are worked and faded away sometimes after an hour and without asking for their time sometimes after as long as a week. It was the hottest, arrivest job in steel and only Pete Reamk, the dried up ruck of skin and bunes, had ever withstood its punishment. He stick, working over the open mouths of those heat-soaked furnaces and inhaling their helligh breath as though be were palestos, inside and out

Just to imagine J. Orcutt Dustin, and, working at such a job was enough to cause a laugh. To think of him doffing his swell clothes and wrapping a bandana around his face so that only his eyes were exposed, and those behind blue glasses, was stretching the imagination to the limit. To picture him standing over a half-opened pit and with policy and hoe showing the mess of accumulated slag and scale down through the cinder-hole in the center of a floor ten feet below; to conceive him, sodden with sweat and caked with the clouds of dust that soured up on the wings of heat, closing the cinder-hole again and relining the floor

with barrow-loads of coke breeze, then diving into the long, hot tunnel beneath and handing away the stuff he had poked out—it was absolutely redecilous!

So atterly nonsenseal was the suggestion that when the lad replied with his slow-voiced.—"All right, I don't care if I do,"

Sam Thurber roared with delight.

That was one of the things that made Sam—and not a few other men about the plant—like the lad so well. He always gave them amusement. No one expected him to do any work. Why should he? No one had had anything much to say when he had come home from college with his daddy's name parted in the maidle, either. Well, not many. He was a gentleman, and always would be—the kind of a gentleman you read about. He had to play, here and there and everywhere; he enjoyed living, and never did anything to be ashamed of. When he was at home he would visit the boys once or twice, and if any of them were lart or had a sick one in his family there was always something need from J. Oreutt. Nothing stack up about him, in other words, so if he wanted to play along with this little joke, let him Such was the way Sam figured—then.

Wed 'said he when he had had his laugh, "nothin' like

startin' in right away, is there? Come on"

So in our good-natured innocence do we hang ourselves—and with what consequences! For Sam actually led him around to the working side of the scalang-pits, figuring that J. Oreutt would take a look at the telephone booth of an office with its bench and its blackboard outside, chin a bit with the heater and his parig, then stroll on about his business. But he did not. The eves were all for the scarecrow that was Pete Rezink working in the glow of light that shore up out of a pit, then he stripped off his cost and vest and said. Let a go.

SMALL, wender that consternation bestrade Sam Thurber as has short tegs took han back along the floor of steel plates, down a six-foot flight of stairs, and across the heat-dried floor of earth beside the hot wall of the rearmost soaking-pit, office bound. It was had enough to shoulder the ordinary cares of getting out the tonnage, but to have the Old Man's son on his pay roll besides —

He stopped automatically, warned not by the gong of the crane but by the blast of light that burst upward to illuminate the scoty gorders overhead, and wasted until the crane pincers had hoisted a seven-foot block of white-hot, scale-dripping steel from an opened sonking-pit, swung it across his path and lowered it, small end front onto the head end of the roll table. Those things were known to slip out of the tongs that gripped them; just suppose one of them dropped on top of J. Orcutt Dustin, 2nd?

On again, ignoring the heat from the ingot, which the roll table was already bouncing back toward the shiring, water-cooled rolls that waited to kneed it into the snake of a bloom. Confound the lad, anyway! Why couldn't he have taken the thing as the joke it was intended to be?

On the other side of the building, with a clear path before him be increased his pace. To his left, on the narrow gage track that lay along the foot of the five-hundred-foot wall that was the in-

Jim sumped up like

a cat, prepared for

the pest move. He

stood over fixe's

etill form, punting: "Come on get up?

ing-pits, a train of ingots fresh from the open hearth was wasting to be stripped. Normally he would have stopped and rused some hob with the stripper crane for not being at work, but now—an idea had sensed him. In his office was a telephone, and, by the twenty-four chambers of hell that he bouned, he would get the Old Man on the other end of it!

"Grame the Old Man," he growled into the mouthpiece, and when the sleepy voice of the night operator informed him with dignity that Mr. Dustin was not yet in his office—"I don't care where he is; I want

h. 115 [77]

James O. Dustin was hard to get at. Sam had to fight with two or three people in the great house on the other side of town, but he was determined. At last a gruff "What d you want" came over the wire and he spoke his piece as gruffly

"I want you to come out here an take your boy off my hands," he backed, unumedful of the position of the man be ordered

proper

"What for?"

"He's took houself a job, an'
I don't want how."

"Why not?"

Sam Thurber lost what little patience he had left "I in runma a blockan and J in Distin". He snapped it as one man to another not as employee to boss. "I in busy getten out tomage, I am t got time to be watch a any kid o yours. You come out here an get hou".

"You gave him the job, didn't you?"
"No, I didn't. I showed it to him

"What job is it?"
"Corder monkey "
"And he took it?"

"He said Let's go!" the damn' fool, an'---"

"Welf, let him go." was the decision of the voice that made men jump, and the click of a severed connection shut off a deepchested chuckle

liang! A receiver was slammed onto its book as though it were a club descending upon a head. They were both alike, those unmentionable Dustins. Father and son—dog-gone his imperimence!—they took what they wanted. The nerve of him, walking into his place and slapping it over on him like—— He stopped abruptly. Maybe it was still a joke. Maybe J. Oreutt had taken up his roat and left. Sam Thurber streaked hopefully back over the familiar roundshout path.

It was no joke. It was a serious business, and J. Occust Dustin, and was working at it. The heavy brick certing of pit Number Seven had been pulled back a few feet on its four wheels and there, in the glow from the partially cooled furnace beneath.

were two figures, not one.

IT WAS easy to tell which was which. Pete Reznik was dressed for the job, J. Orcutt Dustin was not. Blue glasses, yes, but there the resemblance ceased. The handkerchief he wore over his face was white, or showed signs of having been; the same applied to his shirt. From the waist down he was invisible for they worked over the top of a corrugated iron shield designed to deflect a little of the heat that grawed at them, but Sam could imagine how those once imagine down and shoes looked,

And he was working—hard. Not deftly like Pete; that could come only with practice. The tools they used were almost fifteen feet long and made of steel bars one noch round, and there was a track in handling them. But what he lacked in practice he was making up in energy, with Pete indicating the proper way.

Papa's boy-workin'?" A heavy voice jeered behind his back,

and Sam Thurber whirled about.
""Td be thinks up somethin"
new to do!"

It was Slug Williams, the heater, a brawny, ham-handed hulk of a man who was lounging on the bench beneath his blackboard with one of his believe beside him. Sam recognized the situation he feared more than the slipping of an ingot or the terrors of hell fires beyond control, Slug Williams had come from the open bearth, fired by Jock Campbell because he preferred loafing and tallong to second helping, and Sam had taken him on because he knew a little something about steel. He had developed into a first-class heater, too. His blackhoard was always an up-to-the-minute record of what was in his pits and when it had been charged, he knew without being told just how to treat each beat of ingota that was scheduled. If they were soft steel, newly cast at the open bearth stick 'em in a bot furtuce and let 'em freeze through quick, if they were high carbon give em a slow heat so that the solddication of the ingot would not set up disastrons internal strains if they were cold ingots from the bank charge 'em in a cool furbace and bring 'em-

up slow. All the wrinkles were his, and Shin Jackson the screw-down man in charge of the bloomer, swore by him and his works because never once had be had to send an ingot back for reheating. But he was a succeer, one of those men who hated all J. Orcuit Dustins, and in a flash Sam was standing over him with fury in his eyes.

with fury in his eyes.
"Yes, he sworkin, 'he growled: "With his hands an I am't ever seen you do anything but wear out the seat o' your pants! An' he'll keep on workin' or he'll quit—whatever he wants to do, without anything out o' you; get me?"

Sing Well ams shifted on his bench and looked away across the curved roofs of his soaking-pits. "Aw, what's——"

"Lou beard me," barked Sam, "keep your hands to yourself

A SI LKY gramble from Slug, who could have picked up his hose and tossed him into a pit if he had been so inclined, and Sam made the threat clear

"What soit goin' to be-keep your job, or start the buily stuff'

Four shrill toots cut across the clamor that filled the building—a call for Sam, from the whistle of Shim Jackson. Sam was wanted in the pulpit behind the bloomer—and reminded of the errand he had set out to do before interruption by a collision. But he ignored it for the moment, as he did the scraping of feet on the gritty floor behind him, and wasted for Slug to take his choice.

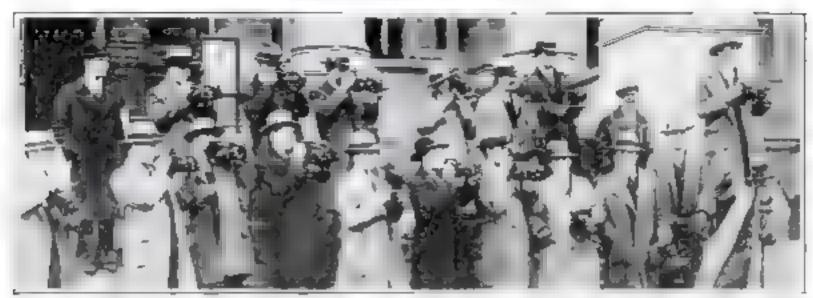
Then an numetakable wace broke the slence that grapped them: 'I m looking for the coke breeze," it drawled. "Do you know where it is?

J Orcutt, and Sam postponed an issue and faced around. It doesn't take long, a cinder cleaning job, especially when you have joined in after it has been started, but it can make a black run of anyone. I nder different circumstances Sam might have had a good laugh at what a few minutes can do, but it was no time for laughter then, instead he acted the superintendent,

"Slug Williams here is your boss—was his belated introduction. "Slug, this is——" he stopped, uncertain as to how to name the Old Man's son.

"Jim is my name," the blackened,

(Continued on page 158)



How would you feel and set if every time you set foot out of doors, you faced a battery of cameracan like that? It's a price men must pay for being femous,

Camera Reveals Surprising Facts About Great Men

New Tests Show How to Have Your Picture Taken — Kinks for Camouflaging Big Feet or Shortening a Long Nose

By CARL HELM

Per WON'T get my yote; I don't file his looks."

How many tones in the last few months, have you heard that sool of one or the other of the cauda states?

These are days, thanlet to the motion picture, ractio, and the news photographer, when we don't have to go to see or are Presidential cambdates. These come to us. From afar, we not only hear their voices, but we see their faces, study their changing expressions, note their actions and demeanor, even their little.

eccentricities. As a reault, the idea has grown up that character and ability may be pidged by photographs, that the camera as at once on exact measure of the greatness of famous men and the acid test of their relations with the public. Almost any photog-rapher will tell you that he can read the inner lives of the great and the near-great from their appearance before the camera.

Is thu idea correct?

Not long ago two
psychologists of Wesleyan University, Dr.
Carney Landis and L.
W. Phelps, undertook
by scientific tests to

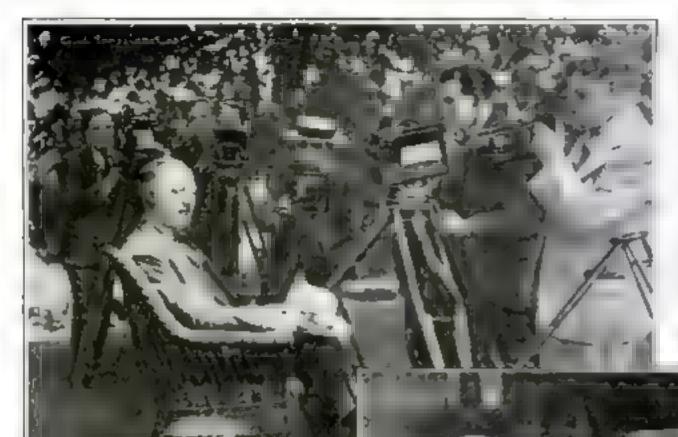


Cornered on deck But John D. Rockefelley Jr. just smiles, as though when the photographers sak hum to "Hold it, please?"

determine just how much a man can be judged by his photographs. From a large university class which graduated twenty-five years ago, they selected the twenty most successful lawyers, doctors, teachers, engineers, and business men, also the twenty least successful. Then they obtained photographs of all forty men mt gradention, and of the same men twentyfive years later. The photographs were shown to a group of psychology students, who were asked to tell from the pictures which were the successful men, and what calling each had (a) nwed

The result was almost complete disagreement in every case. A highly successful engineer, for instance, was taken for an unsuccessful preacher; a solved leacher for a prosperous banker. The only conclusion the experimenters called draw was that photographs reveal to the man a real character nor his a lity that a photograph mended with an applicant of or a job, for example, will give an employer no accurate idea of the applicant of fitness.

O'E reason for this, perhaps, is that the ordeal of facing a camera very often definitely alters a man's customary behavior, at least temporarily, and so makes him appear to be what he is not.



As an date or President Affred E Sen ch has grown serious betwee the camera. having a pletare taken never warries him.

Let's look at the Pres water candidates as they face the camera's eye. Herbert Hoover is the despair of the Washington photographers. Though noted for he venut by, he has just one pose for the comera-looking straight at it with an almost expressionless face. Hence h. photographs are almost identical. He seldom displays more than the faintest suggestion of a smile when he poses for the exmeraman. He dislikes to be photographed in full prefile

N CONTRAST, Mired E Santhuen (19) The least concerned moont has not his pieture taken. He has been in the public eye too long to let the cameras disturb him, Coming up through the political ranks, "Al" Smith always had a wide un le, almost a grin, when photographers game. But when he began being talked of for President, the Governor became more redate and serious. He is willing

to be photographed in any position but the profile. His favorite pose is full face. He prefers to be "shot " while he is talking, to be shown "doing something besides having a

picture taken

Suppose that every Line you get foot out of doors a borde of men were waiting to take your picture. To the average man a visit to the photographer is an poinful as a session with the deutist. You can imagine, then the state of your nerves if you had to face a camera every day in the week.

"Look this way, please" "Take off your bat" "Now, give us a smile"

"Hold it, please"

This is part of the price great men pay for being famous, and it is enough to shatter the disposition and poise even of men with from nerve. Not long ago the headlines reported of Colonel Lindbergh that he was "nervous and needed a rest No little part of thus "nervousness," his friends say, was caused by the camera. He hates to be photo-

graphed. He would rather fly through aix snowstorms, they will tell you, than

ther a bullety of photographers.

The best photographs of "Landy" were those suspped at the flying field in Paris just after he landed in his epochal



Ever see a photograph of Str Thomas Liptus without a mercy saule? The famous yachtenum may possibly he groucky at times, but the causes never talls.

fight. They exight han on ware soring and unself-our ways. But when he got back to New York and photographers began how any live the same offer s face. It was one a had receive earrapsenortheat it changed are also stovertubl from a control youth the a staid a al formal cele acts. He hegen setting his face a storner new Commare those first photos of the boyish (a, ta a Landbergh with those of the Colores Landbergh of today

The most photographed man in the I nited States probably is Mayor James J. Walker, of New York. He enjoys being photographed—perhaps he is the only celebraty who does. His every movement the photographers say, is an unstudied pose in itself. And he is always surling.

House I Howe has not trice pass for the compre, He has one little eccentricity—he doesn't like to be photographed bare-headed,

Prestrent Commigé la m

His hair is sparse. Edward, Prince of Wales, holds the doubtful honor of being the most photographed man in the world. He is the only

member of royalty, too, who is consistently photographed while failing off a horse! He is selfconscious when be sets down to a posed, formal photograph. But, I ke Mayor Walker, he takes a lively interest in the proceedings when a crowd of American news photographers sucround burn, and is smilingly gay about st. On his last visit to the United States one photographer shouted, "Hey, Prince! Take off your cap!" The Proce complied, laughing, "I don't like that cap myself," he shouted back. "Go on and shoot?"

KING ALBERT, of Belgium, is the easiest photographed of royalty. He sits for his picture as if he were enjoying himself. The credit goes to he gracious Queen, Elizabeth, herself a camera enthusiast. She has coached him in the trick of being at his ease before the camera, and has put her preachings into peactice by taking innumerable pictures of him with her own little ondak. (Continued on page 186)

The familiar electrically-

controlled semaphore block signal, which is need on most railroads. It is now being replaced by light signal systems.

SaferSignals for Railways

New Lamps That Flash
Warnings in Daytime
as Well as at Night
Replacing Semaphores

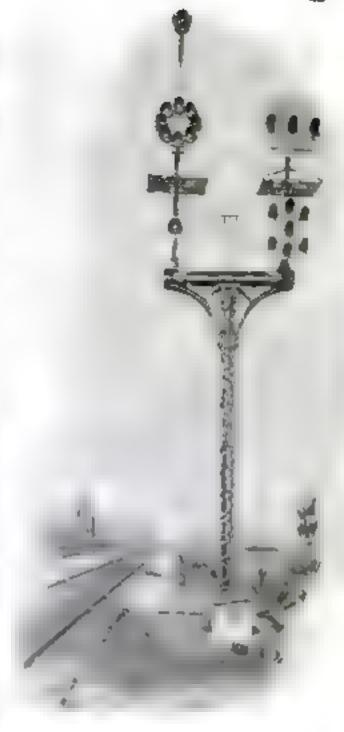
By CHARLES ADLER

ing. They represent the latest step in the safe control and dispatch of trains by visible indicators.

When hand operated semaphore aguals with painted, moving arms, mounted upon a tower, were introduced in 1841, they were regarded as a tremendous step forward for safety. But they were unauted to control the fast through trains of today, where a signal operator's failure might cause a frightful wreck. Automatic block aguals, now used on all but a few local and suburban lines, removed the menace of the careless agualman, and made the agual system practically infallible. But can the engineer of a train see the signals?

Strong colored electric lights with powerful reflectors, tried out on several roads, have proved to be visible by day and hight, and dispense entirely with the

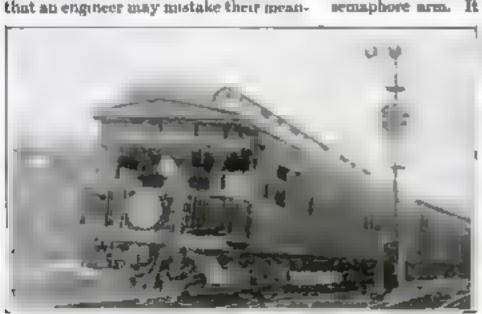
moving semaphore arm. Meanwhile the Pennsylvania Raslroad has devised another ingenious substitute for moving semaphores. Rosss of powerful number lights arranged on a black crecular background replace the awinging arm, and may be flashed on in different groups, giving this type its name of "position light" agnal. Three lamps in a horizontal row mean "danger" when sluminated, corresponding to the "danger position of the older semaphore. Lighting three lamps in a vertical row signals "clear," and a stanting row of lamps designates caution. Another diagonal row of lamps opposite to the last gives a fourth aigual not possible with the semaphore arm. It is called a "permus-



This signal, combining both the position and colored light systems, count be misread.

sive" signal, and allows an engineer to enter a block knowing a train is ahead, and is frequently used when a relief loopmotive arrives to couple to the rear of a standing train.

In the latest type of signal as used by the Bastomore and Ohio Hadrond, colored lamps and the position-light are combined to supplement each other and make the signal unmutakable. Two brilliant red lamps side by side warn of danger alread. Green lights, one over the other, tell of a clear track; but if the lights are simber, and in a slanting row, the signal is for caution. Clear white lights in the opposite slanting position give the "permissive signal.



FAIRYLAND of blinking color

flasher - that is the fifty-mile

stretch of track between Attica

Jametion and Desider, Obso.

where the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad has just installed the latest in railway

signal systems. Vertical bands of green

light speed fast expresses on their way.

bin iting lines of amber counsel caution,

nals, electric-lighted warnings visible in

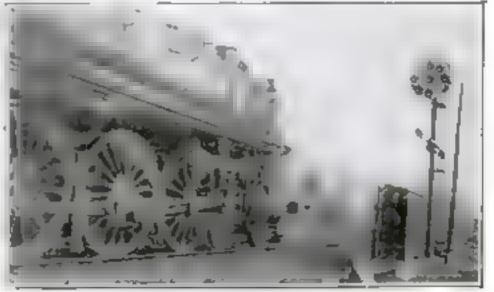
heigh est supphine and darkest night, are

intended to remove forever the possibility.

These new "color-position-light" sig-

and red crossbars halt putting locals

The color as well as the position of these lights on the Baltimore and Olio Railroad tell the engager whether or not the track ahead is clear.



The position of three amber fights in vertical, horizontal or shuting rows courseys a message to engancers on the Pennsylvania Railroad,

Odd Equipment of Byrds Men

A House with Food Walls; Mountains of "Smokes," and a City Lot of Gum, Go on South Pole Voyage

By EDWIN W. TEALE



Byrd's supply ship City of New York setting sail for the twoyear woyage to the Autoratic From a painting by Charles Rosner.

walls are formed of a number of thickbeases of wood with air space between and special insulating layers of kapok, a fiber one seventh the weight of each, obtained from pods of the tropical Cesha tree.

When these burden are set up at the expedition's main base, they will be sink be a feet a to the see. As further protection against gales that sometimes attain a velocity of two sides a minute, beavy straps over the roof will anchor them. In winter, deep mow banks will give added shelter. The men will communicate between buildings through tunnels in the see.

Another building—it's like a fairy tale—will be a house of food a which the men will devour the walls, starting from the inside and enting out?

THE explanation is this. All the canned goods have been packed neatly in small hores described to be opened from the side by suppling wires that it endst and opening a flap. All the boxes are the same size. When the expedition reaches its base in the Antaretic, planks, laid on the ice, will form the foundation upon which brick walls will rise, each 'brick' being a box of canned The startbasis of the foundation will

food. The storchouse, thus formed, will be large enough to shelter one of Byrd's amplanes.

The flaps all will face inward so the contents of the boxes will be consumed gradually. Wooden posts in the box corners will hold them rigid after the

this the back of and Ventral and Sea with its gleaning while hall and oratige must shill out of New York backer recently for a two year each to the Antarel out carried the first consequences of the most expensive mad complete engagement exer provide if racycong of exploration. The

Element holding, seem diship, took aboard the rest. It includes the latest inventions of science, devices to produce artificial similarity, and even an electric ice-making master?

The bill for dog biscuits alone, nearly \$8,000, was greater than the cost of discovering America? Forty tons of them were taken to feed Byrd a 100 sled dogs. The value of all supplies and equipment for the expedition is close to a million dollars.

On the lovely wastes of the Antaretic a little village of some eighty shabitants will be set up, with houses laid out on a street,

gasoline engines supplying electricity for lights, and with a public library of 2,000 volumes?

The half dozen houses are being transported in sections. They are specially designed for warmth in a land where sixty degrees below zero is edinmon. Each of their tory windows has three paires of place with an invalid again space between and there are two doors for every extrance, working like canal locks so one cannot be opened until the other is closed. The main



By it will use this remarkable waters comers to locate the South Pole. Photographing the sun, it records, by the sun's position, the exact location of operator when he enage the abuver.

cans have been removed. By piling snow against the outside, the empty boxes are expected to form a wall rigid enough to support heavy tarpaulm forming the roof

The fact that the food must pass through extremes of temperature presented special problems in packing. Before it reaches the Antarctic it must encounter the heat of the equator; hence the electric ice machine. All tim cans are coated with a special point developed to resist rust in extremes of temperature. Misroon was the color chosen because against it the slightest scratch that may invite rust shows up and can be given a daub of paint.

THE mountain of food, taken to support about eighty men for two years

in the Antarctic, includes twenty-eight tons of meat, twelvetons of potatoes, seventeen tons of flour. half a ton of apple Muce. The onional taken by the explorers weigh 1,070 pounds more than Lindbergh's famous monoplane The Spirit of St. Louis! Tweeve bandred and fifty cases of cheese also are making the trip. Dried fruit and vegetables total nine tons; jam, jedy, and

marmalade, another ton. The morning cup of coffee will be provided from a 4,500pound supply. It will be flavored with

milk from a two-ton supply.

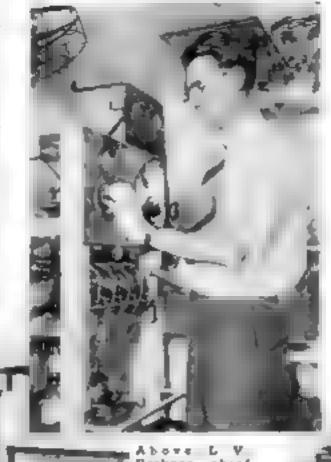
Three tons of beans will help make the walls of the storehouse, besides a ton and a half of kippered herring, 400 pounds of mines meat, 100 gallons of koney, more than two tons of cereals, and 1,000 packages of gelatine, Nearly 1,200 pounds of cooldes will help top off the

meals. For seasoning, there are a ton of salt more than saxty pounds of popper, and 175 pounds of assorted spaces.

A ton of tobacco goes along to provide relief from the strain of the long winter. With it were an pipes. And 500,000 eigarettes. Piled on top of each other, the cartons containing this mountain of "smokes would reach up to the tenth story of an average office building"

IF CHEWING gum were ased to pave the ground about their camp, Byrd's party would have enough along to cover a city lot, their supply includes 70-000 sticks. This is addition to two and a half tons of candy!

After Byrd and his men return, it should be easy for later explorers to tell where they have been by a litter of used rezor blades. Sixty razors and 1,200 packets of blades went with them. Nor did



Berkner, chief radio operator trying out the Ciry of New York at temporating atterne refragrator which will preserve food on the trip.

Commander Bord forget his toothbrash and thorty dozen more for his men. He took along enough soap to give the entire standing army of the United States a thorough scrubbing.

The party will not lack for amusement. There are thirty radio receiving acts—from small three-tube portables to eight-tube super-heterodynes. And when reception is poor in the Ant-

arctse, the men still have three camp phonographs with a collection of more than a hundred records. The musically melined also may strum their own banyos and ukuleles, or play a small piano included in the equipment. Besides the library of books, there is a movie projector and a film library of fifty recis for imprompta picture shows.

THOUGH powerful radio transmitters
twenty of them—should keep the
explorers in touch with home, Commandex Byrd has taken along 00,000 sheets
of writing paper.

If anyone gets sick, the medicine kit, weighing more than a ton, contains among other things, a gallon and a balf of cod liver oil and twenty-five pounds

New sounding device which will trace the coast line of the Antarctic continent end plumb occurs depths.

Thirty assorted varieties of illnest are guarded against by a supply of 50,000 tablets. Lest tetanus, diphtherm, pneumon a or scarlet fever invade the camp, 300 packages of antitoxia for these malagreat west into the outlit. No one's heastlushould a iffer for lack of nor-light during the long Polar night, for a linge ultra-violet ray mark be will batho ten men

of epsom salts,

at once in artificial sunshine,

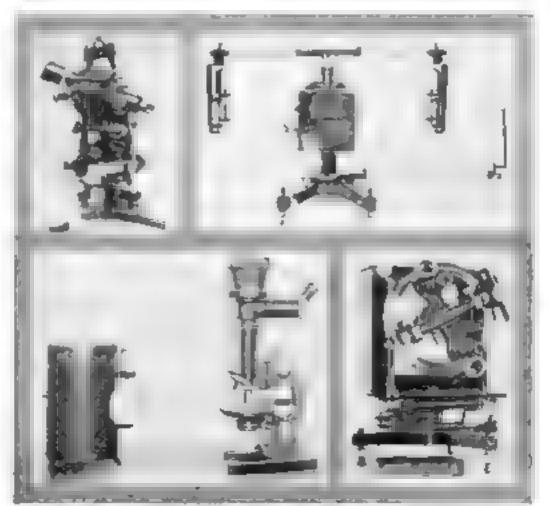
When Byrd and his men leave their village on exploring trips toward the Pole, they will draw upon at L other

equipment. Tents of arepane cloth are dved burnt orange, for warmth and visibility. A new type of portable gasoline stove will cook a meal for aix men in an hour, providing water for booking simply by melting chunks of ice. Of course, the equipment includes spare parts for the surplanes that will play an important part in exploration.

EVERY man has a camera and films. In add tion an automatic mapping camera will chart unknown areas from the air. One remarkable camera, a photographic sextant will record the exact location of the operator when he snaps the shutter, by the sun's position. It will be used to locate the South Pole.

Two motion picture photographers in the party are prepared with twenty-eight miles of movie film—enough to keep a camera clicking for thirty hours,

(Continued on page 160)



Scientific instruments of the especiation. Top, left to right: Theodolite for autronomical observations: varianceter for measuring earth's magnetic variations. Buttom, left to right: Photomeroscope to picture organic life to Autoretic waters; dip circle, no instrument for measuring earth's magnetic field at the South Pole,

Latest Gifts of Research

Aluminum Plating at Last

"BILLIONS of dollars" is the value at the University of Illinous, of a method of coating metals with aluminum by electroplating. As announced by Prof. D. B. Keyes, of the university faculty, it solves problem which has baffled experimenters. for years—ever since the electrochemical process of extracting aluminum was discovered, back in 1885.

So many are the uses to which aluminum has been applied in industry, that it has come to be known as "the modern metal." Aluminum pots and pans that

refuse to most are indespensable to every up-to-date housewife. Every engancer recognizes the unportance of lightweight abnorming parts in automobiles and airplane engines and so on.

Yet, pure aluminum lacks strength and toughness. It dents and picks rasily. This weakness has hauted its usefulness, especially in mechanical construction.

But now, with alogonous plating made practicable, steel or tough aluminum alloys can be given a coat of the corresion-resisting metal.

" Pure alon trim will withstand the corrosive action of past concertrates acids and ad common sulplar compounds, expan as Prof. Keyes, 'These agents cost and istry today billions of dollars due to they intense corrosive action.

Raindrops from Smoke

D'ST of the nir-even coal into wide practical use in scientific rust making.

Such was the recent assertion of Prof. C. F. Knipp, a chemist of the University of Illinois, who demon-

strated how, with the aid of dust, experinjenters now can make rain fall in the laboratory. A vessel is filled with air proportioned to the saturation point. When this air is expanded, the monthire turns to fog. Then dost is introduced by lighting a match and allowing the smoke to filter into the vessel. Instantly the fogturns to randrops.

While the process is in the experimental

stage, "eventually it may be done in the open" said Prof. Kimpp. "If the air over New York City were at the saturation point, and we wanted rain, all we would have to do would be to blow some of the city amoke into the air and we

would have rasts.

Women Win Clothing Test

WHICH wear more sensible clothes, men or women?

An answer to the old disputed question at last has been supplied by scientific laboratory experiment.

And it is all in favor of the women. The scientist who tackled this ticklish test is the noted German hygienist, Dr. Ernst Friedberger He found the answer by placing thermometers and other precision instruments beneath the clothing of both men and women, and so measured the temperature and humidity next to their skins. In addition, he measured the amount of health-giving ultra-violet light which penetrated their garments, by means of senutraed paper inserted beneath their underthings.

He found that the temperature next to a woman's skin is as much as ten degrees lower than next to a man's, and that the burnidity is from a third to a half less.

"The average modern man," be con-

THESE pages each month the important new discoveries, investions, and theories of selence are beiefly described and illustrated. Most of them in their nocful applications have a direct bearing on the everyday lives of all of us. And they are explained here in simple nonterbulcul terms, so that the understanding of them will help you to keep in touch with the swift progress of science.

> cludes, "spends most of his life, winter and summer, in the debilitating clumate of the tropies. Only his face and hands are allowed to stock out into healther succoundings. The average woman, on the other hand, lives in a climate like the cool, dry air of the Alps.

The Healthiest Age Found

COR more than two years, 6,000 men, I women, and children of Hagerstown, Md,, have been the subjects of the first study of its kind in the world, an investigation by the U.S. Public Health Service to learn new facts about the relation of age to physical fitness.

The records, just made public, reveal that the healthiest time of life is between the ages of twenty and twenty-five years. The most illness comes in early child bood, with old age next. More than half the illnesses at all ages, it was found, were respiratory ailments, chief among which was the common cold.

Sickness costs the average person in the Luited States \$31.08 a year, or \$134.68

per family, according to recent estimates announced by Homer Folks, Vice Chairman of the Public Health Council of New York State. The total loss of earning power in the United States, due to illness, is figured at \$15,000,000,000.

Atom Thickness Measured!

Fig.MS of metal so thin that they are utterly invisible to the human eye have not only been produced, but also measured, in the Bell Telephone Luboratones at New York City. In recent experments under the direction of H. E. Ives, to improve the design of photo-

electric cells for television, Jayers of a light-sensitive metal known as rubidium, of various thinness. were deposited inside of glass tubes. When best results were obtained with one particular flys, the task

remained to measure it

Ordinary methods were out of the question, for the metal particles were beyond the range of the most powerful microscopes. An enturely new method was devised. Polarized I ght which is ordinary I got shot through a grating that coanges a routes" beam into a flat one like tooth paste assuing from a tube, it twofed is passing through the metal radial was, and the amount of two depends upon the metal's t ackness. By using polarized I got, the experimenters found the thickness of their test metal film to be just one atom, or about 1, 500,000, 600 of an meh,

Finds Earth Cooling

THE earth is cool ug off accord-I mg to the theory recently advasced by Dr. William Bowie. Chief of the Division of Gendesy,

1 S Coast and Geodetic Survey Millions of years from now he delieves, our world will be a lifelest frozen ball.

A bithon and a balf years ago, he says, the earth's temperature was just below the builing point of water, 212 degrees F. Today the average is about fifty degrees Thus he estimates that the earth is cooling at the rate of about two degrees F every 16,000,000 years.

Summers on the American cortinent, as in other temperate somes. The declared, " are going to be maperruptil ly cooler as

the years go by '

Developing Powdered Milk

Milk bottles noon may disappear, along with bottling muchines and the daily rounds of milk wagons,

According to Prof. Victor E. LaMer, of Columbia I inversity chemists are at work to produce milk in powdered form to simplify the problem and save costs of distribution. And Dr. H. E. Barnard, consulting chemist of Indianapolis, Ind., states that powdered milk already is being marketed in limited quantities.

Fireproof Paper Invented—X-Rays Find Flaws In Trees—Useful New Laboratory Discoveries

The latest on facthe X cay sit peer ato the hears of a cree With the new apparatus above at the right perfected by the Best ap Koasic Commonly in part to determine the encent of cray against the fact of a latest and a latest a



Disable and the approach parametric will be a revent place to the left. Enter that the left is a rection of the left between the form that the left is the left of the left between the left of the le



Fig. 10 a with 10 at whiting he new discount of a partition of ration; level 12. Rower by a serious of the 12 Server bus even awarded he gate media of he A e an Med of Association blatte he applied as a serious of any wet bus chief treatments.



Elek ed parting greens for guilfera se for annie a canonical se some en la persona hay ease a canonical se sur estado a se su estado a se se su estado a se su est

The accuracy with which a case is of a newly designed a volume can be terred in a wind turned beyonds of our se on pre-s-turned entropy to the action of the pressure of the action property the garrier of Talling Repressure of the memple and appearance 1 of the personal revenue of the memple and appearance 1 of the personal revenue of the memple and appearance 1 of the personal revenue was accounted the memple and appearance of the action of the second of the s

The twents percent of automotive headings a per too bright a he tinding of Dr. H. C. Dirkinson of the U.S. Bureau of Stiminards. With a small photometric tell of tached to his rather heading the glore of at headinghis encountered during a recent jaumey across the continent,

Trapped 350 Feet Underground

Miners Buried Alive Deep in Poisonous Tomb Saved by
Uncle Sam's Trained Rescue Crews—How
New Inventions Help to Safeguard the
Lives of a Million Workers

MERICAN breakfast tables were saddened one morning recently by news of four more desasters. A total of 228 lives had been smalled out in four days as an incident of the extraction of fuel and metal vital to the operation of our com-

plex gystem of civilization.
For histographic is a coul

rone at Mather, Pennsylvana, an explosion had transformed the families of 195 miners into w dows and orphans, another explosion in the depths of a cost irins at Blochelds, West Virginia, had killed seventeen men, seven others had died horrilly in a mine at Harlan, kent icky, and four men had been existed beceath topic of rock and ore in a cave in deep in a shaft sunk alto copper deposits at Kimberly, Novada.

APPALLING as were these Administers, they were only a small part of a greater tragedy. That tragedy is the hou of more than 2,500 lives in the American mines each year; but even that fearful total would be many times greater were it not for one life-saving agency of our Gos ernment of which most Americans are little aware—the name Rescue Service of the U.S. Bureau of Mines.

Just the other day, hundreds of trained men from innes in all parts of the country assembled at Batte, Mont., to demonstrate their skill in saving unfortunate

comrades entombed hundrests of feet a neath the earth's surface. The event was the International First Aid and Mine Rescue Contest, staged annually under Government auspices. There trained first aid teams desplayed the state secentific practices of treating injuries and

of reviving half suffocated victime. There, too, mine rescue teams, wearing gas masks and oxygen breathing apparatus, vied with one another in solving problems which might be excountered in the event of disastronal mine explosions or fires.

Living entombment is one of the most dreaded fates. And every one of a milion American miners is always shadowed by the chance of being buried alive. But that is not their only dauger, By BOYDEN SPARKES

Death may strike from above. Rockfalls from nine roofs account for half the underground deaths of industrial America. In explosion at any instant may rob them of every breath of air and shatter their bones, so that they drop in their tracks like creatures in a slaughter pen. Sometimes they stumble into unseen pits and fall in blackness farther than if they had stumbled from the ledge of the Woolworth tower. But over all there is one dominating horror.

Minera call it "afterdamp."

It so what me will so as a few at a tree and seed few at a tree as a set best parents to a seed to a tree as a set of the area as a seed at a tree as a set of the area as a seed at a tree area are a seed at the area at a tree area as a set of the area at a tree area at a tree area. It is a tree area at a tree area.

opeed that fire a part is remarks to a hor above their account of the desired of the desired of the Mather many printingly short time after the first word of the Mather mans of plusion reached the surface rescue ears relong belond shoring engines accoved on the section Mather postless on a Pennsylvania hibside. It is now of the cleanest a reing towns in the



> Fig. 1 The remote of for the area of a gen and a ASSA of agents here with



Natural History lies the auturally mummified body of an loca copper miner, entembed by a cave-in centuries ago. The figure testifies to the haunds miners always have faced. But it also is a resunder of the service of modern science in saving lives underground.

Mr. Sparkes tells here of this heroic rescue service, and of how the annual death rate in American mines has been reduced, from one in every 200 men employed, to three in a thousand.

United States Normally about 750 men work there in eighthour shifts. In the course of a year they bring to the surface nearly a milion tons of high grade coking coal.

The night shift was just going anto the workings in the huge elevator cage of the main shaft, and the day shift men were leaving, when the explosion came. Nick Shrake lived to tell how

it felt to him. There was a dinner bucket on his arm as Nick stepped from the cage into the wide corridor of the main entry, \$50 feet below the surface. He had advanced only a few steps when he felt a rush of air against his face. A moment later a blast of air knocked bim down, as it knocked down hundreds of others. Many of them never got up. A coal mine explosion drives through the black passageways with something like the force of a charge of powder in a cannon.

"AFTER I was knocked down," remy feet. Then hot, black smoke hit my throat and lungs. I was dizzy, and wan-

dered the wrong way nway from the shaft. At every at p. 1. San band LACE TORKS COR SELECT tunbeer littele 3 san from the root. At sast I real sed I was going the wrong way. It was hard to breathe. I went mack, falling at every other step. I heard men shorting and knew I must be near the air while that led to anfely Then the gas must have

depths. Their first job was to consult mine officials, read maps, ask questions. How many men were entombed? \\ here? Was the mine on fire? They must be prepared for all emergencies.

Car Number 3 is one of the crack rescue cars of the Bureau of Mines. It was put into commission only recently. Already it has seen valuant service. Grup adventures are the common lot of men who bunk in

this rolling laboratory.

Everything in that car represents the last word in scientific mine rescue apparatus. Beneath the car are stored Retchem, oxygen cylinders, coils of rope austable for Alpine clumbers, and sheets of canvas designed to serve as emergency

human lungs. A rescuer who carries one of the bards into a more knows that when the bird succumbs it is time to go-also that he still has time to go. Other equipment in the car includes a dozen sets of oxygen breathing apparatus, as many gas masks; two dozen curbon monoxide selfrescuers, two dozen electric flashlights, ten electric cap lamps, and chemical apparatus designed to warn of afterdamp by means of changing colors.

THE principal types of rescue appear tratus pecessarily include tanks of oxygen. The same air is breathed over and over, but each lungful passes through a filter of caustic soda contamed in a bag

> slung from the wearer a back, and the exygen supply comes steadily from two small tanks, also strapped to his back, If he has a two-hour supply of oxygen, then he has a two-hour lease on

> N THE Government apparatus the rate of oxygen supply is controded automatically by the wearer's breathing. He breathes into and from a small bellows. When the bellows in ancked flat a valve opens ghawarg axygen to fred in rapidly from the compression tank through a reducing valve. Than, the supply adjusts itself to har needs during real, when the communication is only \$00 or 400 crine cent meters per minute, Bod duzing vigorous exertion, when it is between \$ 000 and 3,000

echic esid saciers per intingle

harb waring goggles to smeld his eyes rous state a clip tightly closing his nostris, a I with the as stapiece of his becatical apparatus held "air-tight" writes his mouth, man after man of the made rescue services of state and nation want down the deadly shaft of the Mather o to These men found and sent to the surface the lamp bodies of scores of minre- I few living men they carried out, but most of these were resource who had col under strum. Nowhere in the n was there breathable air. The only its who escaped were men near the are shaft when the explosion came. Some of those had carried Nick Shrake to safety. A few had rushed down a stairway from one level of the mune to a level where they brard eries for help,

Ordinarily the doors of such stairways in mine workings are air-tight and carefully guarded. Mine workers, knowing their only hope is to keep themselves supphod with air, bold each passageway as a unit. Fans at the surface, when all is going well, keep air flowing into the deepest of the tunnels. The men who rushed down that crude staisway knew they were shandoning safety for peril. They went bravely into the blackness of the debrisstrewn tunnel. Great chunks of fallen roal and heavy timbers pinned one worker to the tracks (Continued on page 164)



got me. I fell. The next thing I knew was when I came to, at the surface."

Plunging in the make and protection

but a sea the rock or fera a

e of those often on explision.

Meanwhile, word of the disaster had been flashed by telephone and telegraph to various mine rescue cars stationed in Pennsylvanus. After a night of tragic vigil, frantic women and wide-eyed children zaw a strange looking railway car abunted on a siding nearest the pit mouth of the Mather mine. Lettered on its side was this legend:

"United States Bureau of Mines Rescue Car No. 3"

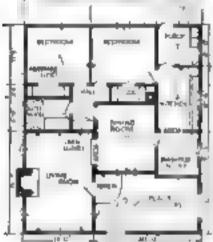
But the Bureau of Mines rescuers did not at once don their breathing apparatus, rush from the car, and plunge into the

walls or "brattices" in mine tunnels. In the car itself are kitchen, during room, an electrical refrigeration system. berths for the crew, a complete electric light generating system, a achooleoom where impers learn bow to wear oxygen breathing apparatus; and in addition a currous store of apparatus designed to cope with flame, fume, and gas.

"AN ARIES sing in that surprising vehicle. They are the most elemental of more life-saving appliances. Long ago men discovered that when canaries fall from their perches because of foul atmosphere it is time to find better air for







Here is a small Spanish house of simple, attractive design bast in Secremento California a cost of only \$5,800. By in general account of source, almost every foot of the floor apoce is utilized to adventage

Improved Homes at Modest Cost

If E attractive dwellings pictured on the page are typical representatives of the latest advances in design and construction. Chosen from among hundreds of houses displayed in a recent pation-wide Better Homes in America' competition, they offer convincing proof of the fact that attractive homes, embodying every modern comfort and convenience, can be brought within reach of families of modest means. All can be built at surprisingly moderate cost—the price depending somewhat of course, on local conditions.

Radically different types of architecture are represented here. You I find it interesting to study the plans and to decide which you like best. And if you're planning to bond, no doubt you will find ideas that will prove useful.



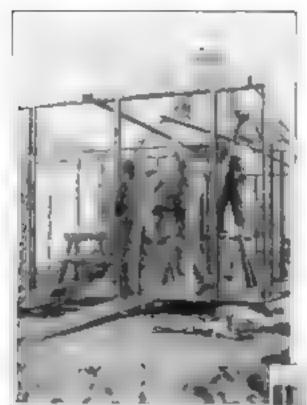
Another Spanish-type house, at Santa Barbara, Calif., a merver of seconomy and beauty. This one cost only \$4 165 Notice the arrangement of living, diving, and bedrooms to give plenty a r and light,



Gerls of the Hutchisson kitch School. Suffale, M. Y., planned this should house to show that unusual angles, if correctly bandled, may add much to convenience in use. It cost \$6,500 to construct.

A brick home at Greenville, S. C. ideal for space economy. First and second floor plans above reveal advantages of arrangement possible in a square bouse. Each betroom has cross ventilation.

It's Here—the All-Steel House



Resetting of the about fewnewark of a house at Forest Hills, N. Y., in three hours and fifty minutes. The eids

N DETROIT, where automobiles are made and assembled with the speed and economy of a mage that is purely American, a steel house took shape recently with similar speed. One hundred minutes after a small crew of erectors appeared on that Detrost arte the steel frame of the

house was bolted into shape, its permanent stairways were in place, and all was in readiness for the next stage of construction-the placing of the floors and

Through this demonstration and some fifty others in different places in the United States, the prospect for small house building which has lagged for beland other industrial processes in America, has sported forward amazingly. Each of these houses possesses in miniature the steel frame of a skyscraper; but they have, besides, a special agnificance and interest for the American family that can afford to spend around \$5,000 for a bome that will hast a lifetime.

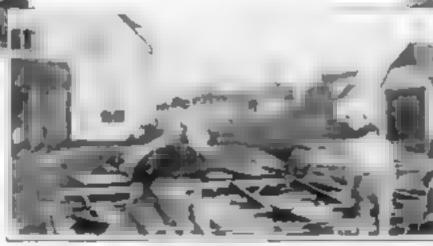
My interest in this development was first caught when in Forest Hills, Long Island, near my own home, there was a sumbar demonstration of rapid erection of strei framework for a small bouse. Three hours and fifty minutes by a stop watch after the hard-muscled crew of five steel workers had donned their overalls they stood on the staunch steel cooftree, finished, and a crowd of watchers cheered.

TIME had been the important element is the demonstration. The saving in time, and therefore of labor and other rosts, is the thing that is expected to overbalance the greater cost of steel materrals.

At Forest Halls and Detroit the erectors went at their work with a rush. The steel

Homes Already Reared in a Few Hours Point the Way to Wholesale Building by Assembly of Standard Parts-Mass Production Will Reduce Labor Costs

ARTHUR A. STUART



Checking over the steel meterial which a few hours later was a house, built as illustrated in the photographs above. The malereal had all been cut by the factory to the required dimensions.

had been cut to size and shape and all bolt boles drilled. By means of spreaders and clip plates the parts were brought into line and held fast in a rigid frame.

The first step was the placing of the ground floor garders and beams, next the sole framework was assembled and raised into position, then the partition frames and main stairway. Mounting that stairway, the workmen placed the secondstory jourts; then they rused the secondstory bearing wall frames, bolted into position the stairs to the attic, and placed the attic floor beams, the roof trusses and,



The completed Forest Hills house in which the higher expense of steel framework was offset by the saving of labor in the exection.



atcel stairway to the atts: is ererted. Side framework and roof are next-

finally, the rooftree. The skeleton was finished. No derricks or bouts had been used, merely a rope tackle and from time to time a couple of wooden bornes on which the workmen stood.

In these operations I see the beginning of an important nsovement in small house construction that has belyind it all

the weight of the economic pressure that is chiefly responsible for our present-day system of mass production.

America leads the world in low cost, mass manufacturing of many useful products. Practically everything we eat, wear, or use has become a factory-made thing. Because of this we Americans are the most prosperous and comfortable race on the face of the earth. By eccent fic drafting the perfection of machinery is made possible and by means of machinery we have achieved mass production.

N THE last fifty years there has oc-L curred a revolutionary change in the production of the necessaries of life. Even the poor among us have become accustomed to utenals of living that would not be within the reach of even moderately nch men except for this same principle of mass production. In only one field have we shamefully lagged behind its posabilities, and that is in the first eventual of any civilization — the building of homes. We still build houses much as they were built in the middle ages,

Suppose that Henry Ford, or Nash, or Chrysler or the General Motors people. built each ear as a separate job. Suppose. after getting your order, they brought combersome machines, many mechanics and much more material than necessary around to your back yard and proceeded to make your automobile. Not more than one man in hundreds could afford even

the feeblest kind of automobile. Yet that is precisely the way we continge to build small houses, and that is why small houses are gro-tesquely expensive. The Blowest kind of construction, the most laggardly wasteful, is that which is reserved for the people who can least afford this waste - the people of aniall incomes.

Before they can hope to change the character of small house building in America, steel menrealize, they must change the methods of building. To that end their engineers, draughtsigen and architects are striving to evolve a plan for the aw it erection of small houses, that may become an American phenomenon like the swift erection of skyserspers.

T THEIR last con-A vention in Pinehurst, N. C., the American lostitute of Steel Construction heard tempting things about this new market for steel. During 1988 about ed [] [] (000,000,000 mill be apent on cheap houses of a type in which seventyfive percent of the matereal can be standard gol, and another two billion will go into other simple types of wooden structures. They were told that if all of these bindings

were to be provided with steel frames, the total steel humness would be increased approximately \$400,000,000. But this vision can be realised only if the steel manufacturers can offer frames on a competitive bains with wooden ones. This they hope to do by keep ng their plants bosy during what would normally be peroods of depression, in making steel membera for small houses to be stored like lumber until sold to small-bouse builders.

When mass production is disenssed in connection with houses the objection is made that no one wants a house that resembles milkons of others. But the argument is worthless, for basically a dwelling consists of rooms and their size and arrangement may be varied andlessly at the owner's wish without conflict with a scheme

for mass production,

Standardization of plan is an important economical factor in production. This should be as true of houses as it is of automobles, radios, vacuum cleaners. cameras, electric refrigerators, telephones and hundreds of other mexpensive conveniences. The easily standardized parts of a house represent probably seventyfive percent of the total cost. Individuality may be retained by



The smodless bouse of a Gary Indiana, steel man. Only brick plaster, and other metal supplemented the framework and accessuries, which were all of stock. Above Putting in the steel resing of the firing room.

complete freedom of treatment of noclosing walls, roof covering, color, location, the shape of entrances and porches, location and design of chimneys.

wooden house today is spent for labor and forty percent for materials. But there is

Everyone who might contemplate building a low price house is interested first of all in the cost. Such information as I have been able to obtain indicates that. sixty percent of the cost of a \$5,000

This photograph shows the stardy steel construction of the Gary house, which makes it proof out only against fire but against all but the most severe windstowns and earthquakes.

hope that by changing the character of the materrals, perhaps oven spending more for them. labor costs may be reduced so as to make the completed house a stronger, finer thing that has cost less than the old fashioned wooden house.

ROBERT TAPPAN, the architect of the steel frame house in Forest Hills and the one its Detroit, told me that if the materials of a \$5,000 wooden house cost \$2 000, the materials for a steel framed house like it would cost \$2,500. "But," he added, "the labor on the steel house wall be \$2 500 or less no against \$3,000 on the wooden bause."

In Gary, Ind., where steel has raused a city out of the flat prairie within twenty-odd years, there are men who have a positive affection for steel that holds them as other men are held by a love of homes, politics, or fine books. Most of them spend their lives within night of the cherry-red glow of blast furnaces. They work so close to steel in the making that the terrific heat often scorches their skina. In Gary, men are more constantly aware than most of us that this is the age of steel and

that our civilization could not endure without it. So no one there was surprised a few months ago when the prendent of a steel company let it be known that he was going to build a house containing not so much as a stock of wood

JATURALLY, for the president of a steel company the matter of expense is secondary. Nevertheless, even the erection of a managen of steel may be expected

> to advance the cause of the small steel house. And the small steel bouse as a goal toward which steel men are striving just as did farsighted automobile builders who saw a score of years ago that big fortunes awasted men who could produce cheap automobiles.

> In this Gary steel house, advantage was taken of every existing steel appliance. After the frame had been raised, steel window sash began to arrive, followed by lath, radiator cabinets, doors, trim and bathroom cabinets. As the building took shape bricklayers veneered the hollow tile exterior and a brack clumbey rose through the center of the house.

> With the framework in place, steel fabric stretched across the tops of the floor joists and the

> > A antiqued on page 1-4.

Hot Water When You Want It

You Can Have It Always on Tap with Improved Automatic Heating Units That Save Countless Worries in the Home

By JOHN E. LODGE

ARY! Why in blazes asn't there any hot water this morning? You might at least wait till I get through shaving before you draw

"It's your own fault, John. You forgot to light the heater when you got up. Now you'll just have to wait."

Conversations like this, with variations, are common in thousands of homes. Most times they concern lack of hot water, but other unpleasant happenings also start heated arguments and take the joy out of life. Such, for instance, as having nothing hut scalding steam come out of the hot water pipe, bathtubs filling with rusty water, faucets springing a leak, or burnting pipes flooding the place.

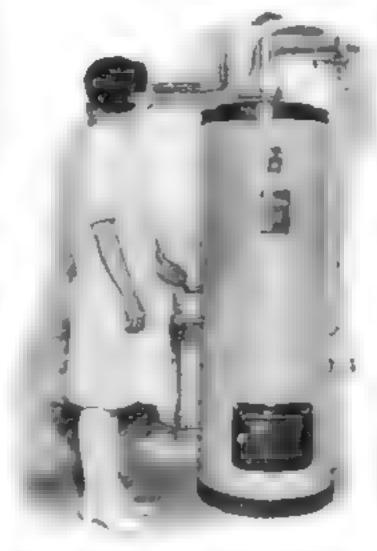
het none of these things need happen. With improved heating systems now available, hot water always is on tap, day or night, it is always clean, and hot enough without being too hot fairests almost never leak and pipes

Many home owners do not realize how easily hot water troubles now can be han shed. Of course, the solution depends on local conditions. In some places, gas, electricity, or both are not available. It also depends, as far an expense in concerned, on the type of beating plant in your home.

The ideal water heating system consists of a thermostatically controlled electric heating element and a beat-moulated storage tank. If the house is fitted with brass piping throughout, it meets every requirement. The water will always be bot enough without being too hot, and since the brass piping cannot corrode, the water always will be clean. However, in most localities this system has one great drawback—the cost of electric current as a high that only the very wealthy can afford it

FORTUNITELY, where gas is available you can have a system almost as good. The automatic gas water heater its only ossidvantages, compared with the electric system, are that it requires a flue to carry off the products of combustion, and that if the gas pressure is abut off for any reason, the burner must be relighted by hand. A typical automatically controlled gas water-heating unit is shown at the top of this page.

If your home is brass-piped throughcut, it makes no difference how high you run the temperature of the hot water. The brass pipe will last almost forever. Water at temperatures much above 150 degrees, however, is very hard on non-



One of the improved types of gas water-beating while submerically controlled. It meets all home requirements.

piping. That is one reason why many homes have so much trouble with rusty water. Extremely hot water also distutegrates the cheaper types of faucet washers, causing trouble with leaky faucets.

Of course, it costs money to heat water all the year round with gan. The gas bills for the average small family will run from seven to fifteen dollars or more a month. The natural desire, therefore, is to obtain the best from your furnace in winter. This can be accomplished satisfactorily only with a steam heating plant. In that case you can install a small round aron tank containing a coil of copper pipe which as connected to the tep and bottom of the bot water storage tank. Water THERMOSTAT from the steam SHUTS DRAFT

How cost beever is controlled by thermostat. It needs attention once a day

ACCORDING

TO WATER TEMPERATURE

boiler is piped to

circulate in the

small tank, surrounding the copper coil. Since water in a steam boiler always is at or near the building point, the water in the storage tank is heated by flowing through the cod, until it approaches the botter temperature. It bever can quite reach that temperahere however, due to radiation larger, so there is no danger of explosion. If your piping is braze, this method, in winter, in conjunction with an automatic gas water-beater in aummer, represents maximum luxury at the lowest possible cont. Iron piping, however, is likely to deteriorate under the frequent high temperatures.

THE water jacketed cuit cannot be used with a hot water heating system, because during suid weather the temperature in the boiler goes too low

Where gas is not available, the best system is the thermostatically controlled coal-fired water heater. A sectional view of a unit of this type is shown at the bottom of this page. The thermostat opens and closes the draft so that the fire is automatically regulated. This beater will give as much hot water as the automatic gas heater at about helf the cost, assuming average prices for coal and gas.

Other methods of heating water are in widespread use, but they have many disadvantages. There is, for instance, the hand controlled gas heater consisting of a coil of copper pipe over a gas burner. It will give plenty of hot water but turning it on and off is a missance, and if you should forget to turn it

off, there is possibility of a serious explosion.

THESE simple and relatively unsatisfactory gas heaters often are matalled with a pipe extending into the fire box of the furnace, to get bot water in winter without using the gas. Of all methods this one is the most unsalisfactory If the pipe or eastiron spider is placed too low in the fire box at interferes with the fire and supplies too much hot water. When a hot fire is going you may have to drain off the water every few hours to prevent an explosion. And if the pipe or spider is placed higher, you get no hot water during mild spells, and yet there still is danger of explosion when you speed up the fire during a cold snap.



Subduing a \$2,000,000 for on the Hudgon River waterfront at Jersey City. Two fire books, New York and New Jersey are seen positing streams on a blassing pier.

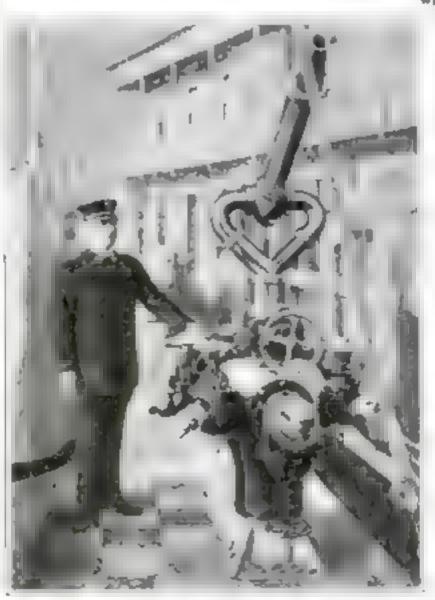
John Kenlon—Fire Fighter

How Modern Science Tames Smoke and Flames Is Revealed in the Amazing Experiences of New York City's Fearless Chief

AROONED First Officer John Kenion clung to a barren ledge of Hog Island, -1.800 miles west of the roast of Australia, and watched the last splintered planks of his vessel sink beneath the waves. Thirty-six hours ago he had been trending the bridge of a crack elipper ahip bound from Liverpool to Melbourne. For the past day and night he had hung on to a bucking wheel while a savage burricane had blown his ship 500 unles off her course, finally crashing her upon the cleaver rocks of Hog Island, an extinct volcano jutting out of the sea. The keel had been sheared off like cheese. and of the graceful bull not one whole plank remained. And now, the nineteen survivors of that erash were marooned in the lonehest part of the South Atlantic, easteways all, without food or shelter—300 miles off the nearest shipping lane!

As if this intuition were not desperate enough, the captain now nickened and died. First Officer John Kenlon succeeded to the command—and a forloru command it was, too. The men were utterly demoralized, starving, and shelterless. Straightway the new captain, scarcely more than a boy, began building up the morale of his crew. He organized hunting and fishing details, planned rude grass buts for

By HENRY MORTON ROBINSON



Kenlou twenty years ago, as chief of the Marine Division of the New York Fire Department, on the deck of a fee boot,

shelter, and devised a huge fire beacon which was kept burning day and night. To keep his crew occupied while they waited for a passing sail

he contrived to interest them in games and exploring expeditions. When one of the sailors broke an arm, it was Jack Kenion who bound it in a rude splint of driftwood. As surgeon, captain, and his own chief-of-staff, the young leader kept a cheerful grin playing over his ruddy Irish countenance. But as he strode the bleak cliffs with his closest companion. Tom Fleming, he was despondent over the chances of getting his men off the desolate island,

"If only I could invent some kind of a craft," he kept saying to himself. "But what is there to invent with?"

Nothing! No tools, no timber—nothing but sand and rocks and sea!

"WELL, 'he said to the faithful Fleming, after two months of fruitless waiting and exploring, "about the only thing left is to be down and dream out a way to escape the fix we're in."

"Dream" queried Fleming in surprise. "You never struck me as being a dreamer, Captain, I've always thought your ideas can to something more practical and concrete.

Concrete . . . a spark struck Jack Kenlon s inventive brain, setting it on fire with a daring idea.

"A concrete boat?" gasped Tom.
"Why, Skipper, a concrete boat would sink"

"If an iven ship floats, why not a concrete ship? It's only a question of dispuscement. Anyway, it's worth trying. There's some limestone in these cliffs, we can crush and burn it for cement. As for sand and stone—there's no lack of either on this island, I m thinking."

So Slopper Kenlon set his men to crushmg rock, while he himself built a kiln in which to burn limestone for cement. He had built dozena of concrete houses with his father in his native Irish village, and had a thorough knowledge of the art. After three weeks of careful testing and m xing, he decided that he had the best concrete that could be made. At this point he turned his attention to the framework of the boat. With a few sticks of wood salvaged from the wreck of the chipper ship, he laid the akeleton of a boat thety-two feet long and with a beam of eight and a half feet. To remforce the slender strakes of his craft, ropes were laid along the core of the keel, with ribs of cope lying transversely across it to strengthen the sines of the boat The actual pouring of the concrete was done in forty-eight hours. When the last secopful had been poured, the weary company scaccely dared breathe the question appeament in every mind

Will ake float?

"HAT question was definitely ank swered when the concrete sloop made its trial trip around the island. With Kanlon at the tiller and Fleming in the how as lookout, the boat attained a speed of ten knots, answered the belinbeautifully, and slupped not a drop of water. The crew danced wildly on the beach as they watched the first vessel of its kind ever made by man skim the pounding breakers. They wanted to set sail at once for Australia, but the young captain would not be hurried into this long voyage without careful preparation. He made the crew salt down a month's supply of fish and rabbits, while be put the new boat through a series of gruelling trials. Triumphantly, she met them all' Finally, after a four months' sojuurs on Hog Island, Captain Jack and his crew boarded their strange craft, and shoved off for the open sea.

In ten days they covered 1,600 miles without sighting a sail. Kenlon had no sextant or compass, but by dead reckoning had a course for the west coast of Australia. When they were within 200 miles of their destination, with the concrete boat still staunch and seaworthy, they were piezed up by a Melbourne inerchantinan. Their rescuers were matter to take the concrete sloop along, so it was regretfully abandoned.

THUS without loss of life or limb. Jack Kenlon brought has crew to safety in a homemade boat of sand and stone. Incidentally, the principle of its construction was so sound seconficulty that the United States made hundreds of them during the World War.

As John Kenlon sits in Fire Head-



The Grand Street fire of May, 1920, described by Kealon on the "most punishing" be over fought. Choking clouds of smoke overcame fifty firemen before the chief arrived. He conquered the menuce by breaking a skylight of the top of a stairway and forcing a smoke draft upword through the building.

quarters in the New York Municipal Building, overlooking the city he has served for nearly half a century, he will tell you that he regards this and his other adventures on the high seas merely as preparatory to his life work as a fire fighter

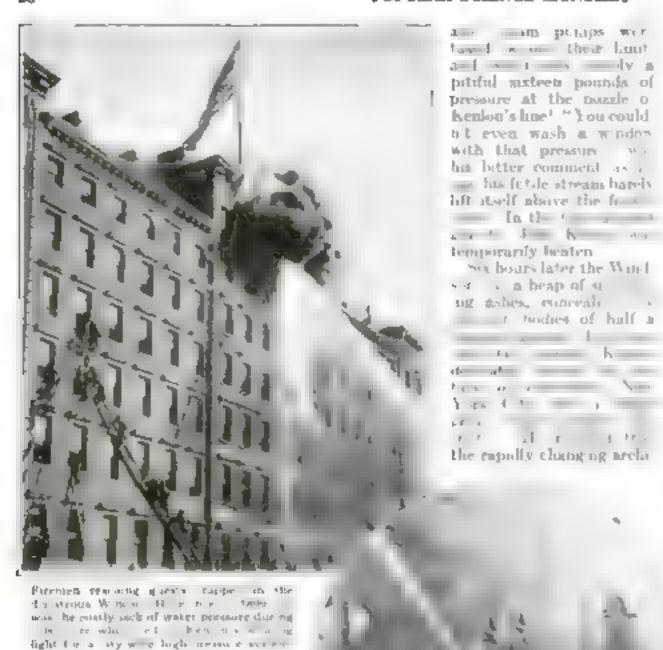
"The sea develops a man's combative spirit," he once told me, "and the science of fire-fighting utilises every ounce of that

The same resourceful genius that led him to invent a concrete boat has asserted itself in a thousand ways during his upward career from a fourth grade fireman to the most famous of living fire chiefs.

The kernel of John Kenlon's attitude

towards fire-fighting in this: he regards every fire as a scientific problem, espable of the same deft and position solution as a problem in laboratory physical

TH'S statement can be best demonstrated by a survey of half a dozen typical fires during the past thirty years in which kenion has played a major rôle. The first of these, and in some ways the ghasthest New York has ever seen, occurred on St. Patrick's Day in 1899, when the Windsor Hotel at the corner of Fifth Avenue and Forty-sixth Street was destroyed with a loss of fifty hives and \$1,000,000. The Windsor, although it was the most fashionable residence hotel in the city, was a veritable tinder box—



" art to be form " as Kenlozi piterwards repared 11 has no escupes, no abandeper e ce le ets. In short, it represented the warst type of the old-style "quick-borner.

At 3.30 rar, jest on the St. Pat. rick's Day parade was passing the tel a Vinesor servant noticed that the larg woodew cartains un thsee and those parlor were abbase. He started for an alarm box on Fifth Avenue but was blocked by the dense crowds watching the parade. Within

five minutes red waves of flame were biliowing from the second story windows. and when the fire apparatus arrived, the Windsor was boxing like an oil-scaked pitch harrel Pame-stricken guesta harled themselves out of windows or were

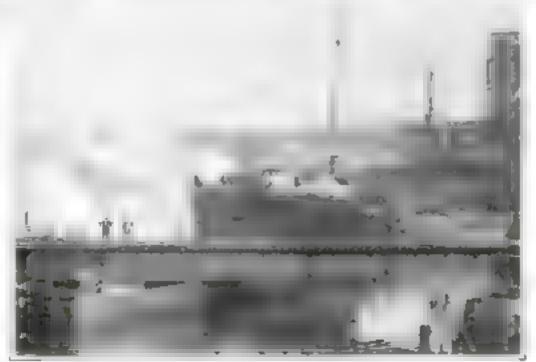
incinerated in the drafty corridora. Milling thousands on the Avenue obstructed the firemen after their long run uptown (at that time the bulk of the apparatus was messed in the financial district, some five priles from the scene of the fire). And to cap a fearful clumax, the water supply was found to be utterly madequate.

KENLON, at that time record for conspicuous bravery, was ordered to throw a stream into a fifth-story window to protect a bookand ladder rescue party. He coupled has line to the hydrant, started water, and waited for the stream to materialise. But the portwhich it had supplanted fifty years before.

To Chief Kenkon, the firemen directing this stream have 4

definite part to play in the solution of a acientide problem.

tecture had rendered the objectyle "steamer" as useless as the hand pumps The passing of the wassen tenement and the advent of the modern, many storied apartment bouse and sky-craper was



New York a 500 order of waterfront present a fire hazard without parallel a. may other city. Here is a view of a dangerous dock fire at Brooklyn. N. V.

gradually placing New York's fire apparahas on the junk heap! At a time when department politics made it dangerous for a young officer to speak his mind, kenion came out fluily for the highpressure system, and was one of the most affuential workers in the long campaign but saw the new system installed under Mayor McClellan in 1907, Thus, after ten years' struggle, kenlon saw four thousand new hydrants in New York, with a maximum pressure of three hundred pounds at every plug'

ENLON'S grasp of the secentific prescribes of fire-lighting was demontrated at the official trials of the new agh-pressure system. The tests took lace along the North River front, and were witnessed by officials of city and -ate Mayor McClellan, much impressed by the terrific force of the water, was curious to know exactly how far the high-pressure pumps could force an offective stream.

He turned to henlos, standing near by. "Chief," he inquired, pointing to a wenty story warehouse and office buildug, "can our new system throw a stream over that hudding?

Yes, Your Honor, it can," replied kenlon without besitation. bankling is only \$30 feet high. With 200 pounds pressure on a two-inch line, the water will clumb 150 feet. over the building

> The water was started and mounted exactly 500 feet into the air!

ENLON bad carefully imprected. The new centrifugal panapa. located in four main pumping stations. and had worked out complete tables showing how high any given pressure would lift a known column of water. To him, Mayor McClellan a question was a simple problem in mathematics that he could apply with practical results to any building in the city. When Chief Kenlon orders a stream of water, he knows precisely where and how it will

hit, and can prophesy with startling accuracy the effect it will have upon a conflagration.

"No two firm are alike, and no two fires will respond to the same treatment" is one of his favorite maxima

Some fires peed hangerpatine and some need alopatter measures. One fire has to be knocked out with a single blow another has to be wearied into sureender."

As examples of this thesis, he recalls the Williamsburg Dock fire of 1911, and the Equitable building fire of 1914.

The Williamsburg Dock fire started with an explonon to a sulphur works, Directly across the street were oil yards of the Standard Oil Company, while fifty feet away were huge hay sheds, a thousand feet in length. When Kenlon arrived upon a third alarm, the aulphur works were

Continued on page 172)

Millions for Mending Stockings

How Two Young Brothers Invented a Marvelous Machine Which Fixes the "Runs" in Women's Silk Hose

By EDWIN KETCHUM

WO young jobbers of hostery have just become potential mil-

Within the last few weeks, they have seen their invention of an amazing stocking repair machine valued at \$20,000,000. Perhaps, by the time you read this, thanks to their device, a disconsolate maiden with securingly runed stockings may walk to the nearest store and for a quarter or more, depending on the damage, have the pair returned to her as good as new,

That is the chains of the story of two young brothers— One twenty-five years oid, the other thirty—who believe they have ended the bane of "runa".

in suk stockings, after years of disheartening effort. The corporation they have just formed to exploit their remarkable invention includes the highest officials of a great New York howery concern. As rapidly as they can be built the machines are to be installed in retail. stocking shops throughout the world.

Five years ago. Samuel B. and William. H. Leavin were the proprietors of an obscure New York shop where they embroadered stockings for manufacturers. William had studied art for several years. and later had joined his younger brother in the business.

LWAYS interested in the mechanical A mde of their business, the brothers amused themselves by devising and tryone out numerous improvements on machines in their shop. "In fact," Will am says, "we perfected one impossible strich that is still a mystery to the largest manufacturers.

Then came the idea of a run-mending machine. It was a logical consequence of their embroidering trade.

Stockings had to be run through the embroidering nuclines at high speed. Many a second." or damaged sik stocking resulted when one of the muchines failed of perfect adjustment, or when the hand of the girl operating it caught in the silk "Seconds cut deeply into profits; and the brothers decided to see if they could devise a machine to mend cuns.

To build models of working parts for such a machine was costly. The brothers scraped together what money they could spare and went ahead. A part was built and tested, only to be discarded. Another succeeded, and was incorporated in the final design. At last, they arrived at a



The operator needs only to sit before the machine and feed the stocking in until the " year" to mended.

final plan which they believed would be commercially practicable if they could acquire capital to huld and market the device. They went to officials of a New York hossery concern with their draw-11 gs. So impressed were the latter that they supplied \$60,000 with which to

develop the device.

Now a complete model could be commenced. Almost at the start, the mventors encountered seemingly mapperable difficulties. To determine in advance the course of the broken thread, as the almost-human machine fed it back in and out along the stocking a weave, appeared an almost hopeless task. So did the problem of controlling a needle that must fly back and forth rapidly enough to make three or four thousand statches a nanute! Not until about a year ago, when a crude model worked after a fashion, were the inventors encouraged to make a fresh start and attempt the final machine.

NOT long ago they stood agair before the bostery company officials, this time with the flushed model. On its polished white has it resembled a sewing machine—but a sewing machine without a thread. Its cord was plugged into a wall socket, and one of the brothers placed a badly-ran silk stocking on the feeder rack. A hum as the power was turned on, and—before the officials eyes, the run disappeared. There was the stocking as whole as when new!

Actually the machine had sewn the

broke a thread responsible for the run right back into the fabrics—a feat made posser a big costd-alapsed needle with an eye at its tip that vibrated up and down almost faster than the eye could follow it directing the thread up and down through the cross threads of the weave. So perfect was the control of this needle that with unearny accuracy if always skipped over one cross thread and phuged under the next re-creating the original weave. A pedal and a knee control were

the age It can make afficeguire a da

LL that the operator and to do. the A myertomexplanned, was to sit before the machine and feed the stocking into it until the mend was completed. It was entirely automatic. It could make 2.30 to 300 repairs a day

The men who had advanced the money for development of the machine were enthusiastic, and for their company made the inventors a handsome offera militon declars apacer for all rights.

A staggering sum? Not to these young men for they flatly refused it! Instead, they chose a share in the profits of their machine's operation. Their choice seems easier to understand when a prison stops to think of the grant industry that is built around women s legs! Each year no less than a hundred inflion dozen pares of stockings are sold. More than a third of them, or \$5,000,000 dozen, are silk fragile, and easily torn. If all the damaged stockings could be repaired, estimates place the saving to American women close to \$80,000,000*

That is why the brothers who were once humble jobbers await the fortune that may be there when soon their marbine is placed in service all over the world.

Solving the Mystery of Twins

New Tests Reveal Astonishing Facts about Secrets of Human Life and Problems of Environment and Heredity

By E. E. FREE

HEN Nature nets out to produce a par of twins one of her methods is the exact reverse of the marriage service. Instead of joining two to make one. Nature divides one to make two. The chief reason why many pasts of twins are so automobinely al ke that even their own mothers sometimes get them mixed is that they are not really two individuals at all, but are two halves of one individual, uplit apart early in the formation of their bodies.

At a meeting of the Eugenics Research Association in New York City a few weeks

ago, De. H. F. Perkins and Mass Laura. Blue, of the University of Vermont, reported a remarkable scientific study of fifteen pairs of twins. When the right hands of both twins of one of these pairs were placed on a measuring chart they were found to be identical in size and shape. The two left hands were also the same. But when the right hand of one twin was compared with his own left hand, differences were found. The corresponding sides of different twins were more able than the two sides of the same twin!

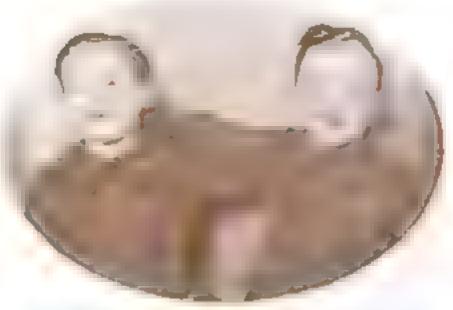
Measurements were made of other parts of the body and in almost every instance the right side of one twin turned out to be a virtual displicate of the right

nide of the other one, like come struck from the same lost of brend, each of which resembles all its suter come or suter slices more perfectly than its own two index resemble each other.

Like nearly all living creatures, a human being grows from a single ferti used egg cell. This cell divides, each of the two cells thus formed then divide in their turn, and so on until the complete body is produced.

During the earliest stages of this development by division the group of cells is a tiny

oval particle comewhat the shape of an egg or a lemon. This tray group of cells con-



Mor and Sidney Bears, of New York City. Twins, as surprisingly alche, care ectance, are actually one person split in two.

tains all the potencies and abilities of the body that is to be formed.

For ordinary human births the group of cells merely goes on with its growth and forms a human body. But when "identical" twins are to be formed, some accident or some natural process causes thus small hump of living matter to split in two, as a lemon might be split along its axis of length. Both of the split halves grow independently and develop i to Since the correcomplete creatures. sponding sides of each are descended from percuely the same original living cells. both left sides are identical, both right udes are identical. But left and right of the same twin, being of different cell ancestry, may be unlike.

A Dutch investigator Dr. P. J. Waardenburg, discovered two years ago two pairs of twing who might seem, at first eight, not to fit this theory. Identity existed but was of opposite sides instead of corresponding ones. One fourteen-year-old girl had a gap between two of her teeth on the left side of her mouth. Her twin mater had a precisely similar gap, but on the right aide. In the other pair both twins squinted, one in the right eye, the other in the left.

This can be explained, however, by the theory of one individual splitting in two. If both split halves continue their development facing the

same way the right index of the two twins will have aprong from the same cells and the final human beings will be of the completely identical type. But if one of the split halves turns around, then the left inde of one twin will have the same cell ancestry as the right half of his brother and the twins a li resemble each other on opposite sides. Each such twin is a reversed image of the other, like the image reflected in a purror

Twose of the kind studied by Dr. Perkins are more likely, of course, to look exactly alake, and it is such pairs that are responsible for the mistakes and embarrassments which often make the lives of twose so interesting. Within the last few weeks two sep-

arate pairs of twins have even dislocated the machinery of American courts.

In Columbus, Ohio, the O Connor twins, Mark and Clark, pleaded guilty of violating the narcotic laws. Judge Benson W. Hough thought that each twin should serve ninety days in pail. But one twin had already been in jul sixty days awa ting e-rtence while the other had been locked up for thirty days. To even things up Judge Hough sentenced what he thought was Mark to sixty days, Clark to tharty. Then the trouble

began Some one protested that Mark and Clark were moved. The long and short



The Crotese family of Quebec twenty-one children including five acts of twenty four in front row and the fifth behind Mrs. Crotesu-

sentences should have been reversed. In despate of evergetting the twins properly sorted out the judge decided, newspapers reported, to let both of them go.

At about the same time, the Munroe twins, John and Alexander, went on trial in New York City for raising checks. But no one could serids which twin had actually passed the checks. Even the detective who arrested Them was unable to tell them. apart in court until he had them stand up. John, it seems, is slightly the taller. The court solved the problem of identity by convicting both twins and giving each the same sentence. Further confusion will be impossible. for when the farger prints and

Bertillon measurements were taken after the conviction differences in the brothers were disclosed. This is always the case when this method of identification is employed, for in no instance so far ducovered have the finger prints of twins proved to be exactly the same.

One of the most ancient ideas about twing is that there exists between them some unexplainable "niystic bond," so that one twin knows what the other is doing, lives the same kind of life, and dies at the same instant. Modern science admits some truth in the idea, explaining it by the fact that twins have exact aunilarity of brain as well as of body.



Officers at Fort Stocum. N. Y., have contributed a full squad of twins to the personnel of the post Which of these four sets of twins would you say are "identical" and which of them are "frutering ?

For example, when naked independently to draw an outline map of England from memory both boys began at the same point and made identical errors. In one college examination they were accused of cheating because their papers contained identical mutakes. They were exonerated only by the fact that they had been scated too far from each other for possible communication. A still more astonishing coincidence is that when one twin was caught throwing a paper wad in school his brother on the other inde of the room was detected about to do the same thing.

Direct proof of this intimate and deepseated resemblance between the brains of identical twins turned up recently in Philadelphia hospital. One two died at the age of six and a half years with graph and a gar at the Court of the other two deed two years later with the Dr. F. H. Leavill same symptoms,

defect existed in one of the living cells of the orginal individual which split. The two undividuals, both created from those same original cells, carried with them that same weakness. Both developed the equivalents of the original tumor and died.

Dr. E. P. Twinem of New York City recorded nine name of twins whose childhood dinesses and other medical pusfortunes were identical, while at a recent meeting of the American Neurological Association, in Washington, D. C., Dr. J. M. Wolfsohn and Dr. S. A. D. Wilson reported four pairs of twins in which each member suffered from organic nervous disease precisely like that of the fellow twon. In one pair of the four, both twins also developed dishetes at the same age and both shed, also precisely at the same age, from a hurst blood vessel at the same spot in the brain.

These boddy inisfortunes do not always happen so exactly at the same age. But one thing that accesee can say to every identical twin is beware of imafortunes. mental or physical, which have already befallen your brother. They are likely to happen to you also. It is equally true, of course, that things is which your twin brother-or sister-has succeeded will

be auccessful for you.

One of the most convincing proofs that identical twoss are single individuals aplit in two was reported recently by Dr. H. C. Craven Veitch, of London, England. Two baby boys each displayed the very rure liverum condition of six toes on each foot and six fingers on each hand. Occasional deformities of this kind are known to run in families and to be inherstable. I adoubtedly they correspond to come slight malformation of the original living cells from which the body grows. In Dr Neitch's case the splitting of these cells must have passed on to each two this same inherited defect.

Study of twos separated in infancy promises an answer to one of the greatest present problems of science-whether heredity or environment most affects the shaping of human character. Two such twins were born in St. Vincent's Hospital, m New York City, in 1901, and named Lieanor and Georgiana Kelly. Georgiana was adopted by a South Bend, Indiana, family when only eighteen months old. Six months later (Continued on page 148)



tal, in Lordon, reported rut long ago the case of twin brothers twenty-five years oid, born in India but educated us England Not may and these broth ers follow almost identical carrets to whoe and Blasser is larger as it is t at about a local tedemonstrated their aston. ishing mental likeness in still more remarkable ways.

In ten years the Moger family of Omaha. Neb had four sets of twose, claimed to a record for America.

Latest Ideas for Radio Beginners

Voltage Control Simplified

New Safeguards for Electric Sets —Testing Loudspeaker Quality —Uses for Old Parts — Hints for Drilling Panels

EVERAL devices have appeared on the market that will prove useful if your electric receiver is located where the voltage of the light current is too high. One of them is shown in the illustration on this page. It is plugged into the electric light socket, and the plug from the electric set is serviced into the socket provided. A knimed run can be turned to move a pointer that indicates figures on the barrel of the device. A concealed resistance is thus adjusted to cut down the effective line voltage.

Desires of this type, of course are not automatic and consequently they will not take care of fluctuations in the line current. All that such a hand-adjusted device can do is to cut the average voltage down to a point where the high peaks gtd] will be within ante limits.

Comparing Loudspeakers

HUMAN cars are such tracky pieces of mechanism that they can fool you into beseeving something that actually is not so. That is why it is so hard to judge loudspeakers. After bearing a loudspeaker in a friend a home, you may decide that it is not as good as yours when you turn on your own radio receiver a half hour later. Yet your friend a speaker actually may be much better. You probably have listened to your own speaker until your ear has become trained to overlook its deficiencies. Then, when you hear a superior speaker, your ear actually resents the presence in the music of tones and overtones that you ordinarily muss.

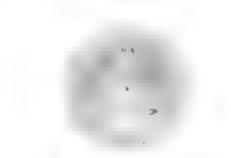
That is why it is almost impossible to compare two speakers unless you can hear them alternately working on the same receiver, with some arrangement that will permit you to shift instantly from one to the other and back again. By shifting back and forth quickly enough to catch part of the note on one speaker.

part of the note on one speaker and the remainder of it on the other, you can get some idea of their comparative ability to reproduce high notes and low

How Panels Are Ruined

THERE are two ways to real a radio panel during the drilling operations. One is to let the drill slip and scratch an ugly gash across the panel that will prove an eyesore all the time the set is in use, and the other is to drill the hotes in the wrong places.

Of course the way to avoid scratching the patel is to take



A B C's of Radio

depends on its length and diameter. The shorter it is and the larger in diameter, the lower the resistance. Whenever you have electric current through the resistance of a wire you time up voltage or pressure. Thus, in figuring the uning for any electrical circuit you must consider the amount of current you must force through the ware, and the voltage available to do the job.

The t-carenity of a modern electric act for example, operate at voltages from 1½ to 5, with the current running from 1 to 4 amperes. With meh leavy current at low voltage beavy were must be used. On the B-creuits, however, the current runs in small fractions of an ampere and the voltage may be as high as several handred. Here even very small were was serve. The residing small drop in voltage will be taning settant.

your time and he very careful. An extra half hour spent on the job certainly is worth while if it results in a perfect job

Currously enough in most cases where the panel is remed by misplaced holes, the fault is due to gross errors in measuring rather than to slight maccuracies in marking the point where the hole is to be drilled.

For indance, you may have the panel on the bear's ready to drill and your maid may be filted with a firm determination to make a perfect job. You are extra careful in the handling of the rider and the rest of the tools so as not to may the finish, With these precautains thoroughly in mind you read a figure from the bloeprint that calls for a hole three mehes above the baseboard. You absent-mented v place your ruler on the panel and with extreme care mark off three mehes from the bottom of the panel, completely forgetting that the baseboard is a half nich thuck, so that the actual measurement from the bottom of the range should have been three and a half mebes. Result. A mined panel or a useless hole that spons its appearance bometimes it is possible to hide a small hole by filling it with black scaling was:

Uses for Old Radio Parts

THE fact that each parts ordinarily do not were out brings up the problem of what to do with obsistile variable condensess sockets, audio transformers, turing cols cumbersome old dish, and so on if you have been a radio experimenter for some time your workbench undoubtedly is custiced with parts that are just as good as they ever were. Yet you don't wish to put them in a new set for your own see

However, if you will check up your list of acquaintances you probably will recall one or two older people in straitened circumstances who would appreciate a radio receiver of almost any kind. They, at least will not be first about the fine points of modern radio apparatus. Cert the old parts together and see if you can t, with the addition, perhaps, of a shiny new panel, put together a set that will

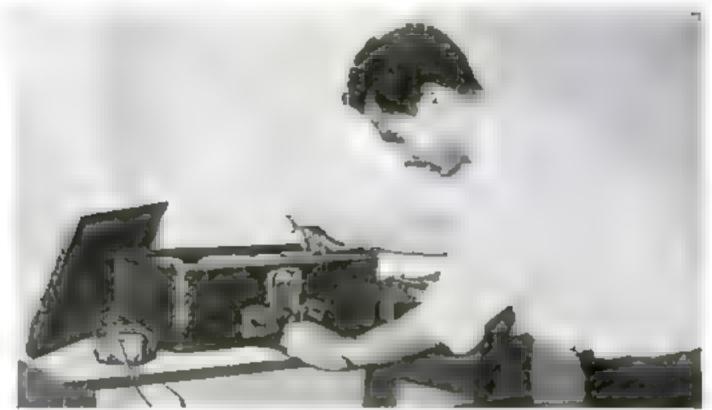
give one of these friends a lot of picasure.

Solder with Rosin

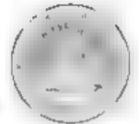
RADIO receivers do not be come less efficient as they graw old unless sordering paste has been used as a flax in making the soldered joints in the wring. Such paste in time will creep over the insulated surfaces and cause an actual loss in signal strength. It is true that solder flows a bit casier with common soldering paste, but roun core solder makes just as good a joint and the rosin itself as a good insulator.



Our of the new retistance controls for cutting down line voltages that are too high. It plugs into the electric light sociate, and in turn receives the plug from the electric radio outfit.



When power line voltages fluctuate actionally, the beat thing to do to to call a service man to test the variations and adjust your receiver for the best average turn and volume.



How to Keep Your Electric Set in Working Order

By JOHN CARR

I ECTRIC radio receivers of the modern type cause less trouble than older battery operated sets. Occasionally, however, something does go wrong Chances are that even if you are familiar with the battery operated receiver, you will heatafe to fix the electric set. Fail electric operation somehow seems more mysterious. Actually it is not

When a battery set goes dead, the trouble, in most cases, is fadure of batteries. Power fadure at an electric set means simply that the electric light current has been about off

The electric set, however, is subject to one trouble that never bothers a battery set. That is power line voltage fluctuation. The extent of this depends on the current requirements of your locality and the arrangement of the power lines. If, for instance, you are located at the end of a branch line some distance from the pole transformer, you are likely to notice a drop in voltage, causing lower volume in the evening when everybody turns on the lights. From ten to eleven a clock the voltage will start to rise again as people go to bed.

If the fluctuations are severe, you are likely to have trouble with burned-out tubes. The first thing to do is to have a service man test the line voltage fluctuations over a period of twenty-four hours. He can then adjust your receiver for the best average results.

The only way you can make such a test yourself is with a high grade voltmeter of suitable range. Judging the voltage by the apparent heat of the tube filaments or the brightness of the dial

Another possible trouble is a breakdown in the power unit, which stops reception. In every electric set is an alternating current transformer with a primary winding connected by a cord and plug to the house current supply. This transformer has several secondary worldings. Usually there are two or more of low voltage to supply filament current to the various types of tubes in the set, and at least one winding that steps the curcent up to a voltage two or three times higher than that of the house current. A short circuit in the primary or low-voltage secondary windings is rare, so that if anything goes wrong with the transformer it is most likely to be a short circut in the high-voltage winding.

When this happens the set stops operating, although the tubes still may glow dimly. There is a smell of burning insulation and wasps of smoke sometimes come out of the compartment containing the offending transformer. The only cure is a new transformer,

A TROI BLE with somewhat similar symptoms is a blown filter condenser. One of the sections in the group of high-voltage condensers may give way and become short-circuited. If the current is left turned on the extra load on the transformer will capitly heat it to the point where the characteristic smell of burnt insulation is produced. Here again, the only cure is the substitution of a whole new condenser block.

Actual breakdown of the mechanism of

an electric set, however, is uncommon, I sually when trouble comes the tubes are to blame. Four types of tubes are in common use in electric sets. A rectifier tube in the power supply circuit rectifies the alternating current for the B-circuits. As this tube nears the end of its life it passes less and less current. The B-voltages consequently drop with corresponding loss in volume, Just before the tube goes dead it may cause peculiar gargling and quavering noises.

THE radio-frequency and first audio amplifier stages the low-voltage A C, tube is used. If one of these tubes goes had in a radio-frequency stage, the result will be a loss of signal strength. Tone quality will not be affected. If the tube in the first audio stage gives out, the set will seem to be as sensitive as ever, but the tone will become thin and scratchy with considerable distortion.

The heater-type tube operating on two and one fourth to two and one half volta of alternating current is universally used in the detector stage. It is this tube which is responsible for the time which ciapses between the turning on of the current and the reception of aignals. This time interval may vary from fifteen to forty-five seconds or more. The signals always come in more quickly with a new tube than they do with an old one, and this fact can be used as a rough indication of the condition of the tube.

A common battery type 171A power tube, or two of them, in a push pull curcuit is the regular last stage of audio amplification.

A Modern Set in Easy Steps

You Begin Here by Building a One-Tube Outfit, and Add to It Later, Until You Have a Full Electric Receiver

By ALFRED P. LANE

ERE is the first of a series of radio constructional articles that will appeal particularly to beginners. Each one will describe a complete receiver starting with the inexpensive, modern one-tube receiver detailed on these pages. The next and succeeding articles each will detail the same receiver with additional parts to make it more powerful, so that the last article will describe a full electric set that will give good results on distant stations, show a satisfactory degree of

se set vity, and operate a lond speaker with good tone and volume.

As you will note from the front view of the panel, the receiver, even in the one-tube stage, looks complete, and the panel appearance will not change materially as the additional apparatures added. The baseloard, which shows clearly in Fig. 3, seems somewhat unoccupied. Sinceeding articles will show how this space is at fixed in or larging the set.

Because the short waves are becoming more important the receiver in tuned with standard plug-in code so that you can receive all waves from fifteen meters up to the highest in the broadcast hand.

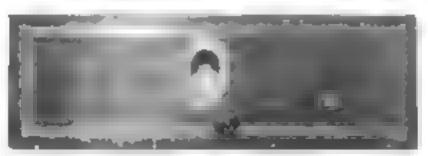
WHILE the beginner will be wise to follow the exact construction shown, you can, of course, charmate the plug-in cods and substitute a fixed handwound cod if you do not want to receive the short waves. Popular SCIENCE MOSTREY Blueprint No. 97, now available, gives details on this point as well as the regular construction and wiring. A complete list of the parts actually used in constructing the receiver also is available, but in order to make the construction as economreal as possible the design has been worked out so that there is considerable latitude for the selection of different makes of

Since the complete receiver will be of the amplest possible full electric type, a novel arrangement is presented in

this article for the operation of one tube, A single heater-type 927 tube is used, and as the picture wiring diagram of Fig. 3 shows, a filament heating transformer supplies the A-current to this tube. This filament heating transformer can be obtained at less cost than any standard stor-

age battery, and the same transformer will be used to operate all the tubes to be added later. By this arrangement you get rid of the A storage battery and the necessity of charging it, or the use of a less efficient dry cell type tube that would have to be discarded later on anybow.

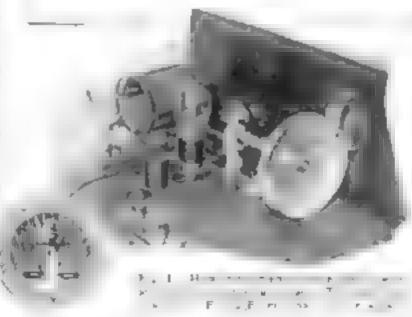
For B-current, a standard 45-volt dry cell unit is employed. Such a battery will give good service on a one-tube set of this type for over a year. Illimately a special B eliminator will be described



The attractive front panel, up-to-date is every way

Port LAR SCIENCE MONTHLY Blueprint No. 97, describing in still greater detail the construction of this modern one-tube radio receiver, is now available. It can be obtained for 25 couts (see page 100).

A complete list of the parts approved by the Popular Science Institute of Standards for use in constructing this une-lube receiver will be mailed with each blueprint, or will be mailed without charge to readers who do not desire the blueprint. Address requests for advice or information to: Radio Editor, POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY, 250 Fourth Avenue, New York.



that will supply the B and C voltages and so make the completed receiver full electric.

In localities where no 110-volt alternating current is available, the constructor must use either a dry cell type tube such as the 189, or the ordenay storage battery tube such as the 201A, Blueprint No. 07 includes a picture diagram covering the changes needed if battery operation is necessary.

PERHAPS you will recognize the minimizity of the circuit to the one-tube short wave adaptor units shown in the August, 1928, issue of Popular Science Mentilly. The only essential difference is in the control of regeneration. Instead of using a variable condenser, the new circuit makes use of a

variable high renatance. Either method of control gives good results, but the renatance method is a little casier to operate, or there or not the tendency to 'purp' sto use flat on as sometimes is the case with the considerser.

You will need these parts to hold this modern one-tube receiver

At B1 C1: short wave collect, are noting inscribing and extra erls to cover the broadcast band of wave lengths.

131 variable condenser, .00014 mfd. capacity.

Dit—and condenser, .0001 usfd. expansity with clips.

D5—fixed condenser, .0005 mfd, capacity.

E1—radio-frequency choice coil, 85 mill benries inductance.

F1 gral lenk, a megalins.

F2 variable resistance, 0 to 5 000,000 ohins.

G1-cocket for heater type \$27 vacuum tube.

Drum dial, panel 7 by 21 mebes, baseboard 34 by 10 by 20 mebes. Wire, screws, etc.

THE turing unit in the model rise over has a base which is mainted in the location shown in Fig. 2. Changing the wave length range of the rises or is merely a matter of plugging a different collection that the base.

None of the other parts require special mention except perhaps, the variable resistance Ff and the dram out. The variable resistance is of the graphite compression type. Other types could be used of course, but they

night require a different value of fixed condenser at DS. Almost any type of dram dial can be used, if it will fit into the space provided and can be connected to the condenser where shown. In the model receiver the variable condenser D1 has a detachable shoft which can be pulled

out far enough to project through the drum dial and out the other side. This construction simplifies mounting and will make it easy to add another condenser later on the other aide of the drum.

The use of the panel can be increased to 7 by 24 inches and the baseboard to 10 by 23 inches if you want still more room. around the instruments to do the wiring. Do not attempt to use a amailer panel or haseboard than specified if you plan to enlarge the receiver. Of course, if you wish to make this a permanent one-tube

outfit, you can use as small a panel as will allow the parts

to be mounted

STUMBLING block for A most beginners is to obtain a basehoard that is not warped. The baseboard of the model receiver was made of several layers of thin plywood like that used on the sides and ends of many types of packing cases. After a sufficient number of layers of this thin wood had been cut to the proper mse, they were placed on top of one another and rows of musil wire nails were driven through and clinched on the other side. This makes a strong construction that is not

likely to warp, and the material usually can be had for the asking.

The panel also is held to the baseboard by a novel method. Instead of using ordinary wood screws driven into the edge of the hose, No. 6-32 brass flat bend machine screws were used and holes were

drilled into the edge of the base with a No. 27 drill, Then ∌_{ke}nch holes were drilled down through the base across the ends of the small holes. The machine screws were pushed into the small holes through the panel and the base so that the ends protruded into the vertical 1/2-inch holes, where brase nuts were threaded on them and the screws pulled up tight. This method would not be necessary on a solid baseboard, but ordinary wood screws would be likely to pull out of holes drilled into the edge of several thin boards that are amply nailed together. The 55-inch holes are visible in Fig. 2.

IN MOUNTING the drum dial follow the instructions of the manufacturer as accurately as you can. Mount all

the rest of the parts according to Fig. 3. Extreme accuracy is not necessary in the placement of the parts. Follow the layout as nearly as you can by eye measurement. Make save, however, that the base of the turning and A1, B1, C1 is exactly at right angles to the front panel.

The wiring should present no difficulties. Simply follow the pertonal wiring diagram shown in Fig. 3, or the technical diagram in Fig. 4. Note that the rotary plates of condenser D1 (the frame connection) are connected to the K binding post of socket G and one terminal of resistance F2.

The cod mounting has two binding posts connected by flexible wires to coil A1, which is attached to the mounting by a hinge. The antenna and ground leads are clamped under these binding posts as indicated. The four sockets for the four plugs on the detachable B1, C1 unit are marked P. P. B and G. reading from the antenna and ground binding posta.

The two brading posts for the headphone cord tips are for use while the outfit is used as a one-tube set and will be removed when other parts are added to

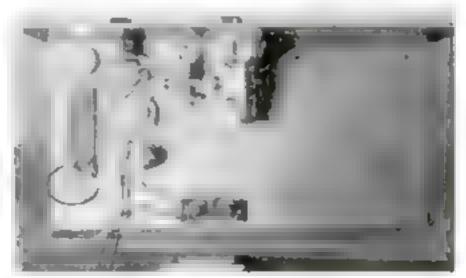


Fig. 2.—Follow this seringement in laying out the instruments on the baseboard. He sure that the tuning coil mounting, above at the extreme left, is put it a position exactly at right angles to the panel.

enlarge the receiver. You can, therefore, leave them out entirely in which case one the terminal of the radio-frequency choke coil E1, and the other is attached to the

of the phone tips is fastened directly to plus terminal of the B-battery. After you have the receiver completely

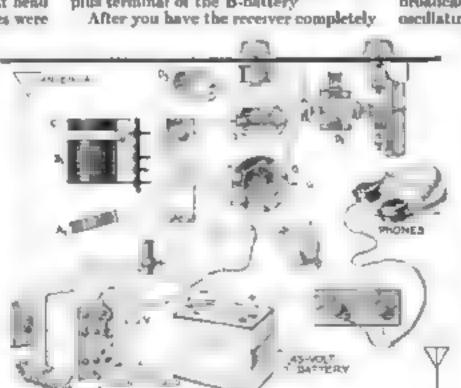


Fig. 3.—Pictorial diagram for the beginner, showing layout of ports and complete wiring of the one tube sectivey including connections for power supply. hendphotos, and coth-

wired and you have carefully rechecked your wiring, connect the twisted cord from terminals F and F of socket G to the 214-volt terminals of the A-power transformer. Then connect on the Bbattery, the antenna, the ground and the headphones as shown in Fig. 4. The antenna should be a single wire about one hundred feet long and as high as possible.

Screw the knob of the variable resistance F2 out as far as it will go, put on the headphones, insert a U1 227 tube in socket 6-1, and plug the cord from the A-power transformer rato the nearest

electric light socket. Nothing will happen for from 15 to 45 seconds, and then you will notice that the center electrode in the tube has become a dull red. Wast until you notice no more change in the color of the electrode and then slowly screw the knob of F2 toward the panel. Conaderably before the knob reaches the himit of movement you will notice first a slight hissing and then a faint click. Now turn the dial until a whistle is beard. Stop at that point and immediately turn the knob of F2 out until the whistle dis-

appears and the broadcasting will be heard with reasonable volume if it is a local station,

EVER operate the receiver with the knob of FC screwed in so far that a whistle, changing in pitch, can be beard when you tune the dual back and forth across the wave of any station. If you do you are likely to interfere with your neighbors' reception. If you keep the knob always out far enough so that no squeal can be produced, you will cause no interference.

You may find that the whistle cannot be produced at certain points on the dial That difficulty our buremedsed

by turning coil A1 farther away from coil Bit. You are most likely to notice this dead spot effect on the shorter waves. Broadcasting on the shorter waves is received in the same way as on the regular. broadcast band with the set in a nonoscillating condition. Short wave ama-

teur code work always is received with the knob of Fit turned in just beyond the point where the click is heard and where the dots and dashes are heard in a chirpy tone that warbles like a canary with the authria.

DO NOT expect too much from a one-tube set. It cannot equal a larger set for distance, selectivity, or volume, Expect those desirable features only after you have added tubes to the set according to instructions that will appear in future articles.

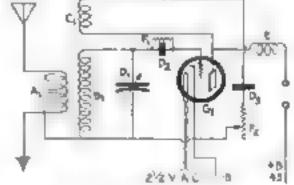


Fig. 4 Technical wiring diagram. Regeneration is controlled by a variable high remissance.

Distant stations may be heard with the one-tube set at times when conditions are just right on the broadcast band of wave lengths. Of course, a high and long antenna is needed for best results in distance. On the short waves you may hear amateur stations operating in all parts of the world if you are in a good location.

Strange Colors We Can't See

Surprising Tests Explain Why Some Folks, Like Bees, Are Blind to Red and Green How Our Eyes Catch Rainbow Hues

By P. A. CARMICHAEL

HIS would be a dreary world if everything in it were either white or black, and man never saw any color but those. To look at a deep red rose and see only a cluster of blackness, to find the seaves of a tree all a dul white; to see a clear sky as a dome of prante gray, to get from the sight of leaping flames only the supression of fog all this could happen only in a strange, fantastic world.

But that depends on whose world it is. There are people and creatures who have not the powers of right which a normal human being has, for example, persons totally color hund—and, oddly enough cats. They see the same things that we see, but theirs is a world of basek and white.

Then there are others whose night whose not confined to bank and whote still misses many of the colors we see \ bee is such a creature, and so are most fishes. They see only blue and yellow Ali else is black or white, or some shade

partly black and partly white.

ensed on either side,

where the rods are it.

appears grayish or even.

white. Left eye is shown.

A noted scientest Prof. k. von Fruch of Mirneli, Germany, experimented on hees to discover what colors they see. In an aviary he coated certain blue objects with a sweet substance. Other objects of thirty two different shades of gray he left incoated. The sweet coating quickly

TRY this test: Holding a card edgewise between your eyes as a screen, as shown in the diagram, try to see blue with one eye and yellow with the other at the same time. You'll find that you see the two colors as one—a kind of white. Thus test, say experts, supports the theory that ancestors of man asw only white and that our color perceptions are a result of evolution.

drew the hees to the blue objects, the gray objects they left untouched. In a few days the bees had learned to look for food on all blue objects and not on gray objects. Amoralingly when he placed in the avery new objects colored blue and gray but without any awest coating on either, the bees unsuedately flocked to the blue as before, and again passed the gray by. Clearly it was the blue color that drew them, not the coating

I mag yellow objects no similar experiments. Professor you Frisch then educated the bees to look for food wherever they naw yellow. Next be tried red and

PROPERTY AND

The intricate atrocture of the retina, show-

ing errangement of rade and cones, the

instruments which give as color sensations.

black. Try as he would, however, he could not induce the hees to distinguish between those two colors. Next he tried them on green. This likewise, they failed to distinguish.

It was clear, then, that the bees recognized only two fundamental colors—blue and yellow. They could distinguish only had of the colors that the normal man can distinguish (the normal being blue, yellow, red and green,

with their combinations

Oddly enough the two colors which the bee sees are just the ones to which, as a rule, partly color-bland persons are limited They cannot tell brown from red or green in dayaght, nor red and green from each other. The said hundrep, especially in driving an automobile, because of the red and green traffic lights. I know one much color-bland person, however, who learned a trick that saves him trentse. He observed that the traffic lights were so arranged that the green, or 'Go' light was on top, the

middle and the red or 'Stop" at the bottom. Though all looked alike to him, he learned to identify them by their pos-

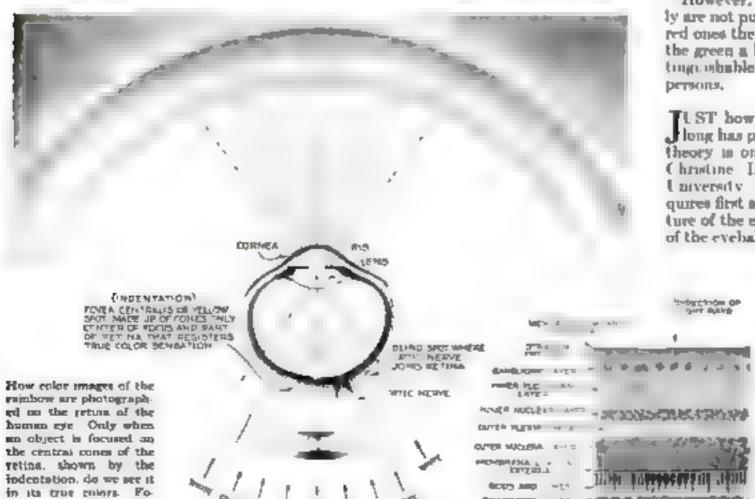
Інода.

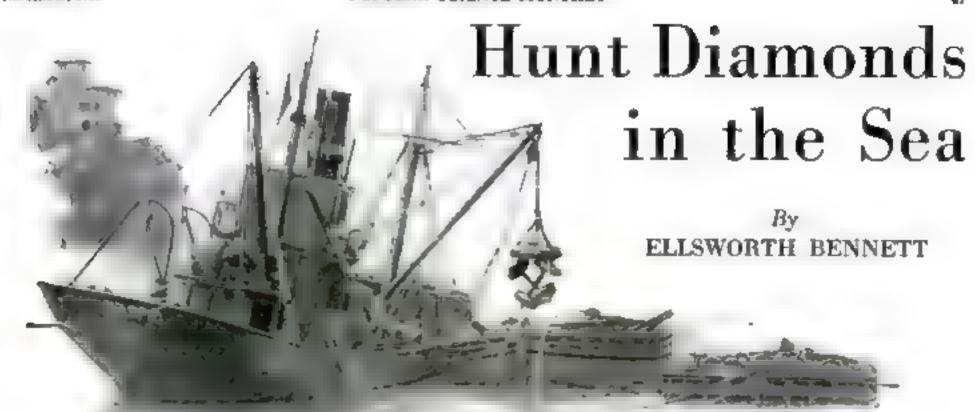
However, traffic lights nowadays usually are not pure red and pure green. In the red ones there is a tinge of orange, and in the green a bit of blue, making them distinguishable to many partly color-land persons.

It ST how the eye distinguishes colors long has pussled scientists. The newest theory is one recently advanced by Dr Christine Ladd-Franklin, of Columbia I inversity. To comprehend it clearly requires first an understanding of the structure of the eye. The back part, or retina, of the eyeball is like the imide of a squeer.

On it are cast the images of everything that we see, just as images are cast on a photographic plate—the eye stælf being simply a highly developed camera. The retina is made up of a vast number of little instruments, called "rods" and "cones" because of their shape. The cones are concentrated at the center gradually thinning out and giving way to the rods at the rim.

It is near the center of the retain, in the spot (Continued on page 150)





A powerful electromagnet, lowered from an failure salvege true, recovers one whose located by divers units the new equipment,

NE of the oddest of treasure hunts ended at Saint Nazarra Harbor, France, the other day, after a successful test of new deep-sea diving apparatus of German design. It had recovered \$,000 francs in Belgian currency notes a few coins, and a packet of papers from the captain a safe in the derestet Belgian steamship Elizabetheille, aunk in two hundred and forty feet of water off Belle Isle, intuated south of Brest on the French regist in 1917.

Though 15,000 carets of diamonds believed to be about the number ship were nowhere to be found a variable eargo of ivory was disclosed that may yet be salvaged. More important still, the first practical test of the deep-sea diving equipment forecast possible future recovery of some part of the quarter-billion dollars worth of gold and stems, bendes ancient art relies, scientific records, and suclopes, specimens of intold value known to be in wreeks that have stack to the bottom of the sea.

Hitherto terrific water pressure at great depths has barred attempts of divers to reach these wrecks, since it would crush a man in a rubber diving suit. The all-metal diving armor was chosen by an Italian salvage concern that organized the latest treasure search. In this outfit cast steel cylinders form the body of the suit, with jointed iron legs and "mechanical arms with steel books for bands. Oxygen flasks within dispense with the usual diver a air lair, though a telephone line keeps tom in communication with his ship. In the air, the ponderous suit weighs 800 pounds; in the water, only forty. With such an outfit, it is reported, a diver can descend rapidly to great depths with no discomfort.

WHEN the apparatus was first tried out during salvaging operations on a sunken wheek in Italian waters, divers using it recovered valuable railway material. Heavy car wheels and similar objects were housed to the surface by large electromagnets lowered into the water from

originally provided for the ship's guns, and a cargo of elephant timks beneath the forecastle. One promising object proved to be a gold-plated safety maor, which a diver picked up with his mechanical hand and carried to the surface. I p forward in the captain's cabin, however, a rusty steel safe came to light. The roof above it was blown off with dynamite and the safe was housted aboard the salvage ship with a derrick and powerful magneta. When it was broken open, no diamonds could be found, indicating that if the vessel still contained treasure it lay beyond hope of salvage, Tons of material had been brought to the surface, and the diving equip-ment had functioned perfectly at twice the depth long considered the limit for safe diving operations,

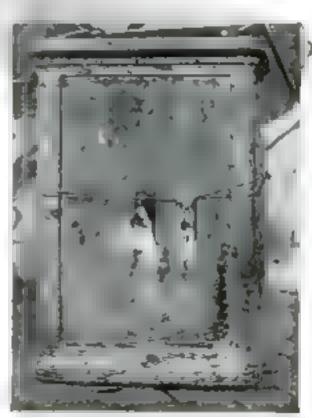
The diving armor, it is announced, will be used to salvage treasures from other wrecks sunk in the sea.

A diver in the new deep sen armor being hauled from the water after a weach for treasure forty fathoms under the see. Right—The rusted steel safe recovered from the wreck of the stemmer Einabuthville.

the salvage tug Rofio. Immediately it was decided to search for 13,000 carats of diamonds and quantities of other gems reputed to have been in the captain's custody aboard the Belgian steamer Lissobethville, sunk by a German submarine during the World War

Forty fathoms deep lay the Elizabethrille, broken in two on a flat submerged ruck. Fish were swimming through the engine room. To get into the strong room, where the diamond treasure was supposed to be, divers placed dynamite charges that blew a hole in the deck.

Instead of diamonds, when they entered the hole, they found stacks of shells



The "pick-up of automobile motors with various fuels and carburctors is trated with this new device by the U.S. Bureau of Stand ands. A motor rups a strip of paper between two electrodes which produce electric species at regular intervals. The closer the holes made by the species, the faster the motor.



A regarders holder that does not go in the trough and yet protects the fingers from tobacco stain is the wide sing of composition browers, which fits like a collector will be end of the capacette where it is both between the first and second fingers of our is a

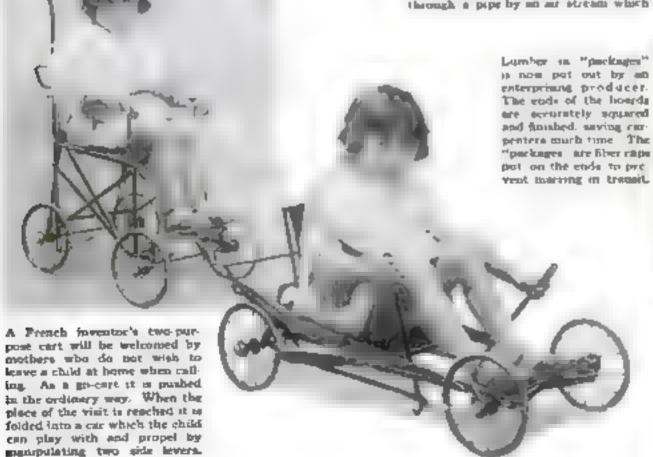
Useful New Creations Of Inventive Minds



With this new myges, belinet demonstrated by a Los Angeles firemen, one can spend many parates under water or in string amobie. A clip closes the nostrils and oxyges from a tank certisal on the back is breathed through mouthingers.

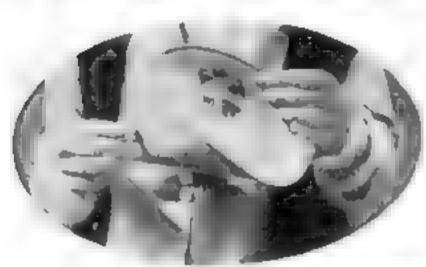


Hay, enablege and other form produce are speedily moved into allo or harn with the novel preumatic "elevator. Cast into a hoppe, the material is catried through a pape by an air stream which is produced by a guiding-driven fair.









A marvelous new stg grading mechane recently shown in England is based on the fact that the weight of aggs varies in accordance with their quality and freshness. The aggs roll down tracks divided in sections, such of which to braged in the middle and up balanced that when an egg above a certain weight reaches it, the track swings downward permit ig the egg to roll to its proper tan.

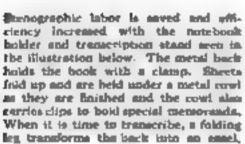


When the Coast Quard vessel Marion recently set off for the north Atlantic to study trebergs it took along this unique matriment, shown by Lieut. Commander S. H. Smith to rains water from the cold depths so that its parallegities may be scientifically studied.



"Hit-and-rus" drivers and traffic law violators groupally will not escape so easily if these new lookangs automobile (feetast plates, now being tried to McDouros. Australia, are required by law. The numbers shine out visibly for many blocks. This invention will also serve as an aid to police in identifying stoles automobiles.

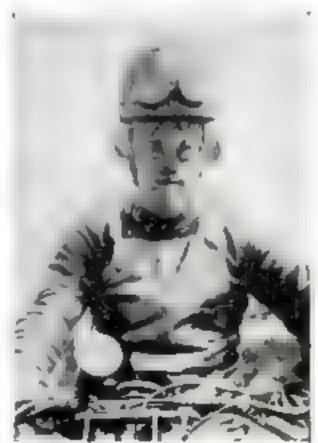
After being run over in the street by a motor car and then rolled up and unrolled, a remarkable new talking machine record reproduced music perfectly in a recent demonstration in London. The record invented by J. Goudann in flexible so that, no matter how it is folded or best, it can be restored to improper shape and the fine impressions which reproduce sound are implement,





This German machine which seves hours of labor wherever money is handled in quantities our take care of a pack of colon. It distributes them by denominations into the hugs, gounts them, and finally gives the grand total.

"Lee" Barber (right). English motorcycle racing champton, shows the beings he savented for comfort in driving and protection as core of a cresh. Goggles drop over cycholog; slits in the mask admit sin The top protects the skull.



Cities in Race for Airports



Bird's eye view of Lindbergh Field. San Diego's new municipal airport. Spring rocats dedication revenueses. Inverse of Army and Nevy plants are seen flying pyerhead.

New Engineering Science Shows How to Develop Flying Harbors to Replace Mere "Landing Fields"

By ROBERT E. MARTIN

BAND was playing in a level. weed-grown field. Near by stood a group of prominent edizens, some of them main-- bing the rebearsal of speeches soon to be a ivered. Less prominent citizens and their children crimed their necks to watch airplanes overhead. Hot dogs, bottled draks, and see cream pies were being sold by such hawkers as were

not peddary toy ' I ady airplanes and toy balloons. It was a gala occasion. The local Airport was being demonted.

"Where?" you may ask. Well, Rockville Centre, a Long Island village, was one prace where this happened recently; but it also happened at Townsda, Pa., Colorado Springs, Colo.; Mount Morris, Ili.; Fort Dodge, Iowa; San Diego, Calif ; and Austin, Minn all with na few days. It has happened hundreds of times, and during this year will happen hungreds of times agein. The latest report of the Aeronautics Division of the U S. Department of Commerce lista 931 private and commercial airports, 256 intermediate landing fields,

04 Army and 17 Navy aviation fields, 326 marked auxiliary fields, and 754 proposed airports. By this time next year America. will have more than 1,700 airports.

At the close of the Civil War, America

was a continent more than three months wale, today by the best trains it is those days write, in a few years it will be half a day mide. A few adventurers already have spanned the continent during daylight. It will be no wider than that for all of us when there are suitable airports in every American community.

Lack of good airports is a brake that retards further development of aviation.

At this writing Chicago is projecting an a roort on reclaimed land on the shore of Lake Michigan, It is closer to the heart of the city than the railroad terminals, and less than five minutes taxeab ride from the best hotels. But the surport which Chicago has been using in more than an hour from the loop district. Cleveland's is nearly as far from the business center. That is something established.

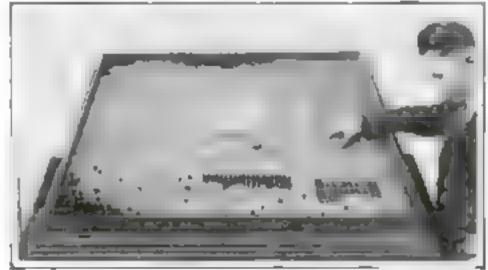
husmess cannot permit, because unless the airports are brought to bunness, business will gravitate to the airports. That happened with railroad terminals, and inevitably it will occur with airline ter-

matten a.

T IS recalled in Missouri today that St Joseph, Mark Twain's town, adopted a high hat attitude toward the first westward rail line. St. Joseph, as the terminus of the pony express, had been richer and larger than Kansas City, Kansas City, though, went after the railroad—and the railroads came to Kansas City. Today the comparative size of the two cities justifies the vision of the estizens of

St. Joe's neighbor.

Then air lines were coming, even as the railroads had come. This time Saint Joe was not asleep. She bought 100 acres of land and built an airport; and Kansas



Country General Bleater Campany

Airport design offers a new field in engineering. This scale model for an surport at Schemertady N V shows strangement of landing strips, hangurs, and administration buildings, in reference to highways, as seen from the air. The field has guiding beacons, boundary markers, and finodlights.

> A few of the many we have now are excellently designed and mutably located, but the majority are mere landing fields called "airports" in a booster-spirit courtesy. But a landing field is not an airport.

City, forty miles away, lost the distinction of being a stop on the Chicago-Dallas au ronte,

Rivalnes of railroad building days are being revived in multitudes of communities. Hundreds of villages are storing with freshened hopes of greatness.

Already some 11,000 Americans have learned enough about flying to apply for

pilots heenses. There are nearly ninety airplane models on the market ranging in price from \$1,065 to \$60,000, and in horsepower from forty to 1,000. Tons of freight and hundreds of passengers are being transported through the air every day. The means for airplane transport are bree; only the conveniences are lacking.

AN AIRPORT, first of all, A must be so marked that it is readily vooble to the polot of an approaching plane. By day it must advertise its presence with the great white circle that means "landing field." By night it must swilg a at yer beam of aight against the sky as a beacon.

New York's night sky is riven unreasingly by ghostly fragezoof aght revolving clockwase. On clear nights those are visible from the mail plane over a dutance that would have been a two weeks' journey for one of the oxdrawn covered wagons of pioneer days. One is sent

from a twenty fourinch rotating beacon nt Roosevelt Field. Long Island; another from a New York City hotel, and abll another from Port

Newsrk. twenty miles вмау. Сапningly, these lights have been mounted on ated towers so that their tharty-second or sixty-second revolutions

shall to t interfere with the slumbers of ground folks.

Beacons, however, are but one unit in the introde I ght ng system vital to airports. Installed along the runway

borders of the best equipped are boundary lights at intervals of about 230 feet arounted on pipe supports. Red glass globes warn the descending fiver of field obstructions, green globes indicate the best line of apprough for landing. Illumination that will transform an airport into a plane of brilliance, yet free from glare, is obtained by means of twin flood lights that confine their beams to a low altitude, and minimises glare. The beams are directed against the wind, nince airplanes must land into the wind. Wind cones also must be illuminated for night flyers, and there

of clouds above the ground. A real airport, though, requires much more than effective lighting. Eleven miles from Detroit is the Dearborn Airport, a Ford enterprise, called by aviators the most convenient and efficient aviation field east of the Musissippi. There 850 acres of field as level as a pool table are inclosed by a high wire fence. From the sky the approaching flyers see a row of rectangular buildings, an airplane factory,

an engineering laboratory, a power plant, and a hangur of steel and concrete that can shelter seventyfive planet.

In front of the buildings is a concrete apron 100 feet wide and half a mile long, and radiating from this are three concrete runways, two pointing to the southeast and one into the

southwest. One is 3,500 feet long; the other two about a thousand feet each provide ideal take-offs. In the space between

them the ground has been grabbed free of beavy roots and stumps, bar-

rowed, seeded, and rolled, The Dearborn Airport has every modern appluance for rapid repairing and servicing of an airplane. Wings can be replaced, engines taken down and reassembled, new propellers applied, gas tanks filled and oil drained and changed with an economy of time that compares well with similar sort of service for sutomobiles along the highways. When рамендерь (года Chicago

or eleewhere debark they find luxurious automobile buses waiting to carry them swiftly to Detroit hotels or railroad stations. Twenty planes arrive and depart from the Dearborn Airport every day except Sunday. Still, Detroit is not satisfied with the arrangement. Her business men are demanding facilities within the heart of the city. The Detroit airport which they are planning will be tied into every other thread of the city's hie. It will connect with trains, street cars, taxicaba, buses, and if arriving visitors with to enter a hotel without delay, the hotel will be there.

TOCATION, then, is the prime conyemence. Buffalo has a 318-acre airport eight miles from the heart of the esty. It is becoming apparent that either it will have to move into town or that an important part of Buffalo will move out to the surport.

In recent years the New York air mail field has been near New Brunswick, New Jersey, midway between New York City and Philadelphia. It was too far. Overnight air mail that reached Hadley Field at 4:45 A.M. was left lying there for two hours waiting for a train to carry it into New York. That was obviously a stupid waste of time. On October 1, the nituation was partially corrected. The Nev-York air mail now is picked up and delivered from Port Newark, a combined landing place for air ships and ocean ships, developed by Newark, N. J. Mail from the West arrives at Newark at 4 45 A.M. Therty-five monutes later it is being sorted in the New York general post office for morning delivery.



fitte of New York City's projected airport on Baryen Island. White stretches in the fore-ground are sand, which will be covered with clay and sod for the landing field. At the left Clarence Chamberlin, trans-Atlantic flyer and superintendent of the project, is pointing out the location of the site to Peter J Brady of the New York State Aviation Commission.

In every town where the airport question has not been settled there is a conthet of opinion as to where it should be located. One group of citizens believes that the best location is where land is the cheapest; but almost invariably they are wrong. The best place is where the airport can give the best and safest service.

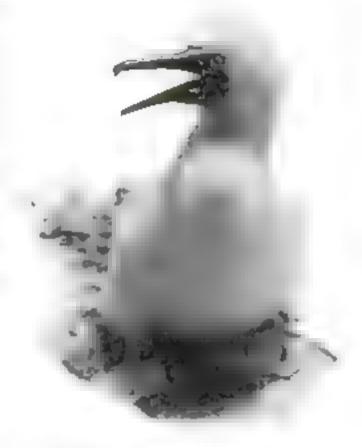
In the matter of costs, the price of the land per acre is the least consideration. A new kind of engineering is involved here. What will (Continued on page 152)

Queer Birds Worth Millions



The World's Most Valued Feathered Tribe Fly in Vast Clouds That Hide the Sun. On Their Crowded Island Homes They Supply Fortunes in Farm Fertilizer

> By HOMER CROY



T'S a queer, strange story about the most valuable hird in the world. The hard is never sold, never skilled nor dressed its feathers have no use taleggs serve no useful purpose except to raise more birds, no human being ever ate it, and it is rarely seen by the ordinary person.

It is the guano bird, and it lives off the coast of Peru

Its sole purpose in the world is to fly around and eatth fish, have a good time, raise its young—and produce guano. Guano is used as a fertilizer, and is that three times as strong as barnvard majore. It has supplied a billion dollars' worth of fertilizer for the farmers of Peru, South America, England, and the United States.

The number of birds is amoning the cently, traveling along the coast of Police I was astonished at the flocks. One sees them in great blocks rivers flowing through the are followed through the are followed millions of them, turning this way flowing that way, bending in great curves, then themping out got they look

trke a long black rope whipped through the sky by some gigantic hand

In the late afternoon, just before sunset the birds are
thickest, for they are
flying home to their
bird islands off the
coast of Peru. They
obscure the son like an
eclipse. Indeed, they
are so numerous that
on Central Chinche Island alone they est
one thousand tons of
fish a day!

Why are these birds more numerous there than any other place in the world? The answer is the Humboldt Current that flows along the west coast of South America, keeping that section cool, while the east coast is hot and sultry. This cool water is the breeding place of myrads of small fish. The birds eat the fish, live on the uninhabited mlands, and produce guano. Very simple, very useful.

Men come and take the grano away. The birds are merely a cog in a machine of turning fish of the Humboldt Current into food for the table and clothes for the back. They might be called converters—fish converters.

I made a visit to some of these guana islands and here are some of the queer and unusual things that impressed me

The tameness of the berds, that was one. As you walk along you can hardly keep them out of your way. It's like going into a clicken yard with a how! in your hand. If you stand still they will walk on your feet and look up at you, turning their heads from side to side as if saying, "Why, what a queer looking creature that is. I don't believe it can fly at all."

The recase of hearing doesn't seem to be well developed, and I can understand that it may not be, for the noise of these

flocks is deafening. They keep up an incessant chatter and squawleng, if they are frightened or start to fly, it sounds like the roating of a train in a tunnel. If you fire a gun into the air 4 doesn't frighten them, but if you make a sudden, unexpected movement there will be a beatingof wings, asquawking, and away they will fly.

Such a bedlam! Millions on one mland, all crowded together, so thick that they cannot all rise at the same time. A few start bere, there is a rosring, humming, tearing anund, and another black

cloud rises. When they are all at home at one time they cannot walk about, but are like fowls packed in a radroad chicken car.

Work near

quarters an

er with a



Workmen Elling the sucks. The white is the guino, the black is cleared ground. Here the deposit of guino is about two fort thick.

A queer thing was that these birds seem to have "goats"-that is, birds which they pick on and play jokes on. Whether it is always the same hard I don't know. The flock will be sitting still when all of a sudden one of its members will start a bird running, and the "goat" will make a bee-line through the others with its head held high, acreaming at the top of its voice, while all the other birds peck at it. The "goat" bird keeps on going, never ceasing in its wild clamor, until it reaches a cleared There it stands, sympathining space. with itself, and after a time it creeps back, looking very foolub.

THEY seem to have laws all their own, One concerns the stealing of feathers. Feathers are their money, for nothing grows on these rocky barren islands; not a living twig, not a mouthful of food. The birds prize feathers to soften their pests, so new and then an outlaw bird goes on a feather stealing expedition The bird who is robbed sets up a squawa

ing, and then the other birds rush out and, making a terrible name, set upon the thief.

The birds become encrusted with guano and when it becomes nacemfortable they fly out to the ocean for a bath. They poise above the water, then fly at it at terrific speed When they strike the water at sounds like the dull report of pistols. They rise again and repeat it time after time, threshing the water with their wings. When a flock in bathing it sounds like distant musketry. helps him fight his enemies. It is the sharpshooter employed by the government of Peru to kill the enemy birds, The condor offers an easy target, but the gulls and vultures are small and they are cunning. However, the sharpshooters know how to deal with them. They take a wounded gull or vulture, tie a bag of sand to its leg, and then leave it. Its enes draw other birds of its kind, and the sharpsbooter disposes of them.

So far I have told only about the birds. Now I'll tell something about the guano and how it is handled.

It's not a very pleasant job, mining guano, and only the lowest class of labor goes in for it. When the men are first taken to the islands they are not required to work for a week, for the government knows that it will take them that long to get used to the odor. But after a short time they no longer seem to mind it

The workmen, with picks and shovels, break up the guano deposits and put it into bags. After they have gathered all

Guano is no recent discovery, and its use as a fertilizer is nothing new. It was used by the Incas, in the days before Pizarro came and fastened his bloody yoke upon them. The Incas sailed out in their crude boats, loaded them with guano, and sailed back again. Reaching shore the guano was put into woven baskets and carried by man power high into the mountains, and then scattered on the amazing little terraced farins.

ND it is still being handled that A way, in the back regions of Peru. It goes part way by railroad, then the farmers come with their bags and, chewing their coco leaves, start for the high altitudes.

When modern methods were first applied to the gathering of gisano it was found in some places, to be one bundred and fifty feet deep. But today it is allowed to get only a few inches deep before it is gathered.

We stopped at a small house where the workmen lived. It was meal time and

the men were sitting at rough tables, eating their food and drinking their wine. On a shelf I noticed two bottles which seemed to be beautifully painted. On one was a beautiful sunset; the other showed a series of mountains, with white caps of

"What do you think those are?" the manager asked.

I did not know.

And then he told me. One of the workmen, with artimtie bent, bad taken different culored guano, put it into empty wine hottles, and had worked it in so eleverly that it looked liked painting.

And studdenly, in those bottles, I saw how heavily time point hang on the men's hands and the tragedy of leaving to live always on a guano islanda

It was late afternoon when



A queer feethered mab posse for the cameraman. The beeds are so turns that they I walk on your feet and have to be listled away.

Peruvien gue-"mimero" sewing up the nocks of feetilliour. It takes et knet a week for the work math to Interese to the strange oder.





Beyond the suffeced, the farmers of Peru holst the bags of gome on their backs and carry it away to the hills.

used to soften them but the nexts are of the guano itself beaten into place by the eards' wings. Great, huge nests they are. Often they weigh twelve pounds, and here the birds lay their eggs and ruse their young.

But it is not all a life of Riley for the guano birds. One of their worner is the birds of prey that swoop down and eat their eggs. The South American condor is one, he comes from the high Andes. One condor which was killed was found to have sucked twenty eggs into its

But the guano bird has a friend who

Their nests surprised me. Feathers are—they can with shovels, they take stiff—we boarded the boat which had taken us broums and sweep it up, even the dust. The bags are sewed up, put on dummy railroads, and taken to the edge of the mlands. The rocky shore of the islands is usually high, and below are the ships to be loaded. Sometimes the bags are seut down through chutes and canvas tunnels, or put on wire trolleys and swung down. After a ship is loaded it sails away with its powerful fertilizer.

After an island has been cleared it takes about thirty months for it to be ready aguin. So the guano workmen go from island to island, year in and year out, harvesting their strange crop.

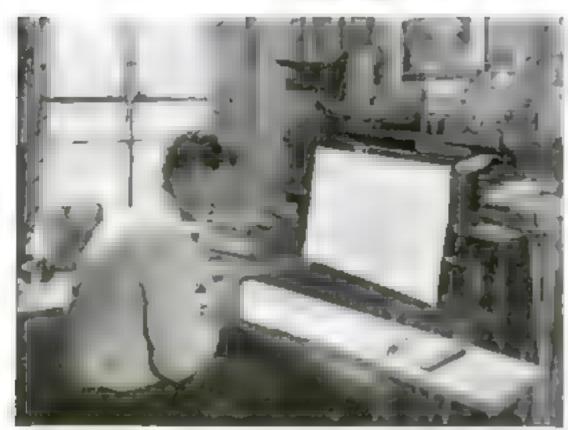
to the guano island, and started to stear toward home. The run was shiring brightly, but suddenly it grew dark and a strange, cerie feeling came over me. All about I could hear a deep humming as if a million swarms of bees had set out

Imagine all the airplanes in America hopping off from a single field in one mighty squadron, and you will have some conception of the pnearthly din of that flock of beating wings.

The mate on the boat smiled at my mystification,

"They're going home," he said.

Mississippi Steamboatin'



Captuin McCann uses corbon paper to transfer the breadth lines of the hall on a board. He had the busher a pregnal drawings of the Suckeye Score to guide him.

appr steambouth, but we can preserve a lot of it in one houses by balling a model of one of the picturesque speedy and in many ways amount old stern wheelers that contributed so large a part to the upon lang of the Metole West

Those who live in the visies of the Mississippi River or may of its tributaries will need no encouragement to build this model. Those whose homes are to the east or west and have not fallen under the magic spell of river lore, will find the model worth while because it is unusual and picture sque and because the technic of constructing it involves many new interesting problems.

The Manisappi steamboat is an entirely American product, evolved for the particular conditions under which it had to work—shallow, treacherous water and practically no docking facilities. In this respect it differs from the eight models of historic ships which preceded it in the Popular Science Monthly series, for all of them, although intenstely associated with American history, were of European build or developed from European designs and therefore chiefly of interest to the sea minded folk of the Eastern seaboard.

The requirements for a Mississippi boat were and at it are—an extremely shallow hull capable of carrying a heavy load without drawing more than a few feet of water. As the beam had to be narrow, the buils, though sharp bowest were given straight sides and flat bottoms. The cantilever principle, as shown in the use of "hog" chains, was employed to prevent the ends from sagging. High speed and the ability to turn quickly were also needed, hence the use of powerful engines, large side or stern paddles, and triple or quadruple rudders.

As there was little space below the

water line, the engines, cabins, and everything had to be piled on deck but this had the further advantage of making the boots light and arry.

In their beyday, before the railroads were built, competition among the boats for passengers was keen. They accordingly were made as attractive as possible, in those days that meant a lot of scrott woodwork, most emborate saluous and cabins, and goding and gugerbread.

Because of all these factors, a type of vessel evolved which although lacking the stately grace of the deep-sea sailing ship, had a heauty of its own in fitness for its purpose.

A FARLY atern-wheeler has been chosen. Some of the side-wheelers, it is true, were the fastest and best known in their time, but their reign was short and the stern-wheeler antedated them and is again the more prevalent.

Much difficulty was experienced in obtaining the exact data. Most of the early vessels were built for individuals, and what plans there were have not been preserved. Finally, however, James Rees and Sons Company, of Pittsburgh, courteously unearthed in their drafting

How to Build a Simplified Model of the Speedy Old Buckeye State, a Stern-Wheel River Packet The One Type of Ship Entirely American



By E. Armitage McCann Master Mariner

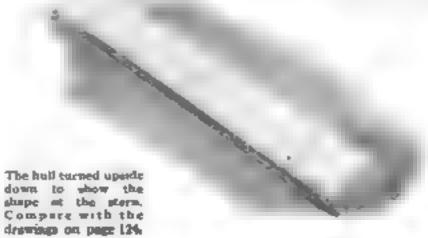
room the lines of the Buckeye Mats, which they built in 1878. With this information, for which I am grateful, and from other facts obtained here and there, together with numerous suggestions given by that carnest and enthusiastic model maker, Frank L. Coes, of Worcester, Mass., I have been able to build what I believe to be a reasonably accurate steamboat of the period.

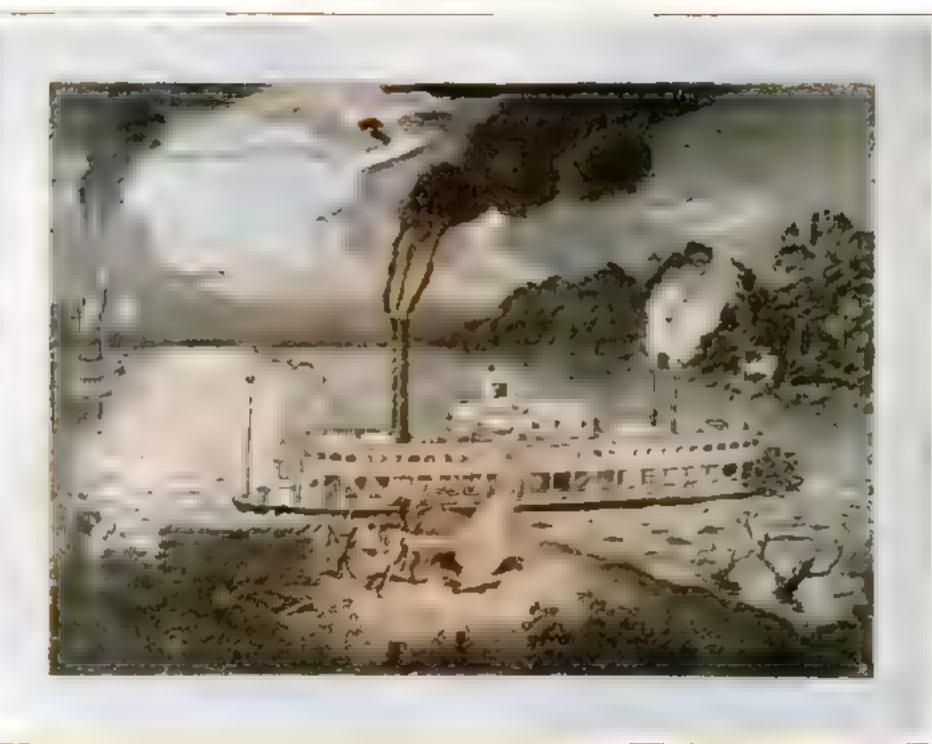
The Buckeye State (Ohio) was a wooden-hull vessel with a length of 285 ft, depth of bold 5 ft, beam 36 ft, high pressure engines, diameter 18 in, stroke 7 ft with Rees adjustable or variable cut-off; four boilers, diameter 41 in, length 26 ft.; capacity 900 tons, draft light, 28 in.; speed 15 miles an hour in dead water.

The model has been built to the scale of 1 12 in to the foot, or 1 in 144. The overall length thus is 1915 in, and the beight 7 in. This is a handy size for the average small room, but model makers who have the space would be well advised to make the model twice the aire by doubling all measurements, except for those details which obviously could not be kept down to scale on so small a boat. For example, it is almost impossible to keep such parts as the side stanchious and handrails down to exact scale on a 1 12-in, scale model, but it ran be done on a 1 % in. scale model. An alternative method would be to make a

model balf as large again.

How to mount and display the model will be discussed in detail in the last of this series of articles. In brief, the model may rest flat on a bracket, shelf, or cabinet, or stand on short turned pillars, or be set into unitation water in a scenie display case with a painted





"Wooding-up" the Buckeye State.

background. The construction of the model will be the same in all cases, except that if it is to be set permanently in "water," the hull from the water has down need not be made.

Little material is required. The hull can be a piece of Jam, pine or other wood. I made the decks of holly, became it is beautifully white, is sufficiently tough, and has no obvious grain but any clean, white wood will serve The remainder of the wood is scraps of mahogany, and some whitewood, poptar, or any other semihard wood. Other materials needed are a sheet of good quality cardboard, such as the best artist's bristol hoard, some scraps of tin, beass, or copper, a little wire, some small brads and to in, pine, a very small quantity of light blue, black, and white paint, coame), or lacquer.

YOU will find a complete list of materials on Portlan Stience Monthly Blueprint No. 96. This is one of three blueprints—Nos. 94. 95, and 96—which have been prepared to make your work caster. They can be obtained for 75 cents from the Blueprint Department, and a coupon for your convenience in ordering them appears on page 100. On the blueprints are full size drawings of all the information you need to lay out the work accurately and quickly

While it may be possible to construct

a model without full size drawings. I should not attempt it mixelf and doubt whether any experienced model maker would. Therefore, it is necessary either to prepare your own full size drawings by enlarging the mechanical drawings which will be reproduced in this and following articles—a none-ton-easy task even for a skilled draftsmant—or make use of the blueponts, which are substantially the same as the drawings I

RIVER PACKETS RACE ONCE MORE

STIRRING accounts and pho-tographs of a race between the steam packets *Betsy* Ann and Chris Green on the Ohio River were published in the newspapers recently. The nation-wide interest that was taken in the race was akin to the enthusiasm that has greeted the revival of show boat days and plays—on the stage, in the movies, and, indeed, on the boats themselves. The growing list of stories about Mississippi steamboatin' is another indication of what the old packets meant in the life of the Valley. And if you, too, have in you the love of river lore, you will want to build the Buckeye State. prepared for my own guidance in building the model.

Now let's get to work! On a piece of wood ½ by \$ by 17% m. draw a line right around the middle. Mark on its upper surface the barpin line shown in the identration on page 128, this represents the top of the hull. Cut away vertically to this line. On both sides mark the sheer line. The bow end is ½ in, above the bottom of the block, the stern end, a scant ½ in, Connect these points, not with a straight line but with a true curve. This curve should be a scant ½ in, hollow at the center

SHAVE down to the sheer line. A spokeshave in the handlest tool for this work, but the block can be whittled and sandpapered to shape.

From a piece of cardboard make three templates to the lines given in the body plan (page 124). Shave away the bow until the templates fit at their respective positions shown on the half breadth plan.

The bow is quite sharp at the stem and widens out rapidly until, at 4 in, from the bow, the sides are vertical. From that point aft, only the lower corners are rounded about he in, up and across.

The stern is more difficult to describe. It will be noted on page 123 that right aft a rectangular piece is cut out, this is a cut 214 in, wide and 34 in, deep into the end of the hull. It leaves projecting horns on either side. (Continued on page 123)

Better Ways to Do Woodwork

How to Lay Out, Saw, and Plane Boards and Make Doweled Joints —Hints on Furniture Building and Odd Jobs

By EDWIN M. LOVE



MOMENT of great anticipation? The home mechanic removes the clamps from his assembled radio calonet and prepares to give it a last cleaning before applying the point, variable, or lacquer. What does his inspection show?

Does he matter under his breath and reach for the pastic wood, putty, glue and nawdost, or powdered-brick crack filler, or does he smale with pleasure as he finds every joint tight and the broad surface free from man? Much depends on whether or not be has done his work? "decently and in order."

By taking thought, any amateur woodworker can do craftsmanlike work. Probrby as many mistakes come through unproper laying out as through unskillful handling of tools.

Laraber, as it comes to the mechanic these days, is generally of uniform thickness and often flat enough for cabinet building. Nevertheless, in the order of the work, it should be treated as if the index were not parallel

One sale usually the better, should be lightly marked with an "X" to identify it as a face side. It is against this side and only this side that the try square is held for testing the edges. An edge jointed planed, straight and square is between taxen for a working edge, against this the square is held for maring



Scetting a line along the inner edge of a steel framing square.

The wise aniateur avoids a pencil in laving out. He uses a sharp kinfe or an awl point. A soft pencil makes a line that is easy to see, but there its writees end, for a saw welching from side to add not it may ware as

there its virtues end, for a saw welching from side to side on it may vary as much as is in. A hard pencil is better, but a kinfe point locates a measure-ment exactly

When the framing equare is used, the marking tool

should trace along the inner edge that rests against the wood rather than against the outer edge, which does not touch the surface of the wood and therefore allows the point to vary. If carefully sawed along a well scribed line, the end of the board will be square with the face edge. The other color may be located either by according to the massarement at the ends inseful especially if it is not to be parallel with the work by edges—or by gaging,

Two deficulties beset the man who joints the edge of a board. The plane may scoop out the center, leaving the ends high, or more commonly it may reduce the ends while leaving the center.

In the first case, the jointer plane is probably so duli that it chatters at the start, and the user unconsciously confines his efforts to the center, where the plane rides easily. The remedy is to bone the plane iron and take shavings at the ends of the board until the edge is fairly straight, and then to finish with full-leight cuts. In the second, the heel of the plane is dropped at the start, and the toe at the end of the stroke, with the re-



How to lift a jointer place at the end of a stroke to revest "dubbing" or slightly counting the corner

sult that gradually the ends are "dubbed" off. If the plane is lifted buddy at the end and carried back, a straight edge is more I kely to result. Incidentally, the wear on the plane iron is cut nearly in half

Accurate measurements depend upon accurate measuring sticks. If the various parts of a cabinet are measured with a square, inaccuracies in reading may cause slight variations in the relative length or width of the mating parts, making their assembly difficult or even impossible.

In simple cabinets, it is better to lay out one part and take from it the corresponding measurements on other parts. For pieces that (Continued on page 133)



Laying out a measuring red for a piece of furniture with the square held vertically.



The phoulder of a tenon can be cut more conity if a motch is first made for starting the sea-



Squaring across the edges of two boards to locate the position for boring down holes.

Grace and Color Distinguish This

FIREPLACE SPARK SCREEN

Yet It Can Be Made at Trifling Cost and No Great Labor with the Tools Found in Every Home

By BEN WELLWOOD

TOTHING acts off a fireplace better than an artistically designed fireplace acreen. High prices are asked for acreens that have a decorative, handmade appearance, but the actual cost of the materials in even the best of them is relatively small. The aniateur craftiman therefore can make a screen for far less than he can buy one. For example, the acreen illustrated cost only \$3.05 for the iron, brass, acreeming, and hardware.

The screen is 26 in, high and 30 in, long. It laps over the brokwork of the freplace opening 1 in, on the top and sides. The materials required are 3 ft. 4 in, of 34-in, hand from and the same amount 35-in, hand from 28 in, of No. 16 inch broase screening 52 in, wide; 3 doctors mais 1 in, long; 1 sheet of galvanized from 26 by 58 in.; 2 becaused ornaments and 1 ornamental broazed bandle. The hand from may be obtained at any black-singth shop, the remainder of the materials at a bardware store.

The first step is shaping the frame. Cut a cardboard or thin wooden template for the corners as shown in Fig. 2. A full aise outline of the frame drawn with chalk on the floor will expedite the shaping process, Take the 9 ft. 4 in. length of 5(-in. band iron and mark a point 15 in.

Charming on this fire place acrees is, so apread skill in metal work is required to ensure it. The silhoutty is short arm, bround and cultured.





from the end. Here form one of the lower corners of the frame and elseck the bend with a large square. Then place a mark it in, from the corner and make a bend for one of the upper corners, using two large monkey wrenches as shown in Fig. 1. Bend the remaining corners so that the frame fits the outline on the floor. The ends will meet in the center at the bottom if the heads have been made accurately.

The inner brass frame is in two sections: the two sides and bottom are in one piece, and the top with the two curved ends is in the other. The 35-in. brass can be shaped readily by hand.

Hold the brass and iron frames together with C-clamps and use a Remi-

drill to make a series of boles through them 3 m. from center to center, as in Fig. 3. The screening is inserted between the frames. Tongues of the althoughted design — to be described later are clamped with the screening between the frames.

The acreen is fastened first at the top and one side of the brain frame Slap the brass nails through the boles and the ware mesh after cutting off the nads so that they will project 1/4 in. beyond the frame for riveting. If facilities for riveling are lacking, merely bend over the brass nails and hammer them flat. Next pull the acreeoing through the lower part of the frame and fasten it similarly in place. Little pressure is

necessary; too much may cause the screening to break at the top.

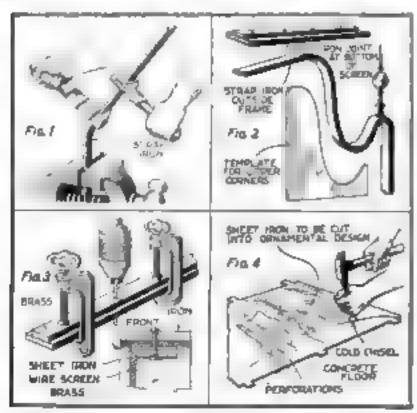
An old bram bedstead may furnish the ornaments, and it is sometimes possible to obtain suitable ornaments from dealers in hardware specialties. However, they are not essential, although they do give a dearable debeacy of line.

NOW that the frame is assembled, all that remains is to make the silhouetted design. A full size outline drawing should be pasted on the galvanised iron as shown in Fig. 4. Place the tron on a cement floor or other firm support and perforate the outline with a nail set, the holes being as close together as possible. Then detach the design with a 14-in. cold chisel. The fact that the outline is irregular or corrugated is no disadvantage.

Attach the design by bending the tongues between the brase and iron frames. If the sheet metal design does not be flat against the bronze screen, fasten it with a few "stitches" of this copper wire, twisted at the back of the screen.

A simple way to finish the screen is to apply one coat of red lead and when this is thoroughly dry give it a coat of clear variash mixed with bronzing powder. While the varnish is still wet it can be stippled or mottled with burnt sienna oil color to produce a two-tone bronze effect. It is somewhat difficult to make paint adhere properly to newly galvanized metal, so the red lead must be brushed on with a good deal of vigor and pressure.

The screen is held in position by driving a piece of ½ in, wide brass between the first course of mortar and the iron lintel of the fireplace and bending it so that it laps over and holds the frame like a spring catch. If legs are desired, they can be shaped from ¾-in, band iron.



Bending strep iron (Fig. 1); ornamental corner (Fig. 1); drilling the frame (Fig. 3); cutting the silhouetts with a chief (Fig. 4).

Auroras Shot from the Sun

Mysteries of Northern Lights Explained A \$50,000 Search for a Meteorite—Discoveries and New Events in Astronomy

HAT makes moroms? 'The min'" is the latest answer given by Prof. Carl Stormer. Norwegian astronomer. Lake a mighty siege gun bombardag the earth with backshot, every sunspot that crosses the face of Old Sol pelts the earth with a had of electrified particles. When they strike the earth's atmosphere they flash into the brilaint displays we know as the mysterious northern I ghts.

Often the colored electric fires of the sky myade temperate regions -about one out of ten aurorus is visible as for south as the middle of the United States. An aurors can cover practically the whole earth at once; the aurora bereals, or northern lights, and the aurora australis. seen by those in the southern hemosphere. may be a tnessed smultaneously. Prof. Störinge recently demonstrated by reseatific models of the path of particles shot by the aun that these, eaught by the earth's magnetons, which about our sphere in belts of varying width centered at about mixty degrees north and south latitude—two thirds of the way to the poles. Besides the known fact that most auroras occur here Prof Stormer has verified his calculations by producing an arbficial aigora in his laboratory

An aurora's seemingly dazzling display is misleading; actually, you could not read a newspaper by its light. Stars have been seen sharing through a display. Few auroras are seen when there is a full moon. and none by daylight. An individual auroral streamer that you may see overbead is probably visible to observers

A magnificent aurural curlain sweeping across the oky Its lower edge is about seventy noise above. the earth, while its highest streamers may reack up my hundred miles heals.

within about a five-hundred-inde radors.

the aurora a my steries. The curious green

l or seen in its light when analyzed with a

spectroscope Recently Dr. Gunther

Carso and Dr. Joseph Kaplan, at Prince-

ton University, have produced brilliant

duplicates of the auroral green line and

of unother red line recently discovered

in the aurora's spectrum, using a mixture

of oxygen and nitrogen—auggesting that active mitrogen," present also in ex-plouves and fertilizers, may be the source

Hunting a Huge Meteorite

A STHIS is written a 0.50,000 party of men and machines is digging a hole

in Ar sona, looking for a fabled meteorite

that may contain \$300,000,000 worth of

metallic mokel. The beavenly vis tor

they see, beheved to have baried itself

beneath the great Canyon Diable crater,

Experts are now working on the last of

How the Moon Is Measured

🛂 BIG on a selver dollar" is a A comantic but not very satisfactory description of the wise of the full moon In order to compare heavenly objects and distances more accurately, astronomers use an ingenious and simple system of measurement

the heavens-is divided into 180 4 degrees." These may be measured off in any direction, and indicate, not an actual distance, but the angle through which a telescope is awang an crossing from one

that moon, for example, wher full is said to have an "apparent diagneter" of about half a degree.

Two Solar Eclipses Coming

ONE of the greatest astronomical spectacles of the near future will occur in September, 1934, when New York and New England will witness a total eclipse of the sun. I nder favorable weather conditions, it will be seen by as many persons as that of January, 1925. The International Astronomical Union. whose members from all over the word meet every three years, will bold its 1939 gathering in the United States in order to be present at the event

The path of the eclipse, as calculated by L. J. Compe. British astronomer, will come down from Canada and cross New England in a bell-shaped area about 100 miles wide. The southwest edge will graze Montreal and Salem. Mass. Totality when the sun is completely hidden, wiloccur about 3 30 r. m., and will last one

The cuture tenners is from one horizon, across the sky to the opposite one—the summer path of our as it sweeps across

sole of a celestral body to the other

minute and forty seconds.

Western parts of the 1 inted States w.ll. see an unusual astronomical event on April 28, 1930-a "central" eclipse of the sun. Along a path through California, Nevada, and Idaho the echose will be total, but northern Mortona will see an "annular" eclipse, in which the moon s disk leaves a ring- (Continued on page : 4)



This brilliant display of aurora borealis was photographed in Morway by Prof Carl Sthemes He believes suroras are caused by bombardments of electrified particles from the sam-

three quarters of a mise across and 6001 feet deep, is thought to be the greatest of a whole tebe of stray mussles that bone bard us from the sky Probably the largest meteorite of mode. ern times was that seen to crash to earth in a desolate forest of Yemsser Schema, in 1908. The heat and shock of it was felt by passengers in a train four hundred miles away. It has not

been recovered. The largest meteorite ever found, a fifty ton monster, is in Bacubirto, Meyeo.

Experts any that falling meteorites, as they blace through the air at twenty or thirty in les an hour, are fused to white heat at three surface by air friction: yet their interiors are extremely frigid insete than four hundred degrees below zero, which is approximately the temperature of outer space. One meteorite. falling marshy ground in India is said to have instantly frozen fast!

New Triumphs over Friction

Magic Oil Films Let Industry's Engines Roar at Amazing Speeds

By GEORGE LEE DOWD, JR.

AJESTIC in its towering rigidity, the largest dock gate in the world swings open to admit an ocean liner. It is the most impressive feature of the new \$55,000,000 Gladstone Dock, pride of Liverpool, England. Five hundred tons of steel, propelled by unseen machinery, recede allently and smoothly on massive bearings before the incoming vessel

That it should be possible to swing a ventable skyseraper of metal is a miracle of modern engineering. It is one systeme

of modern progress in conquering friction—the arch enemy of all moving things, the same grinding force that hints railroad cars with "hot boxes" and scorches meteorites to incardescence.

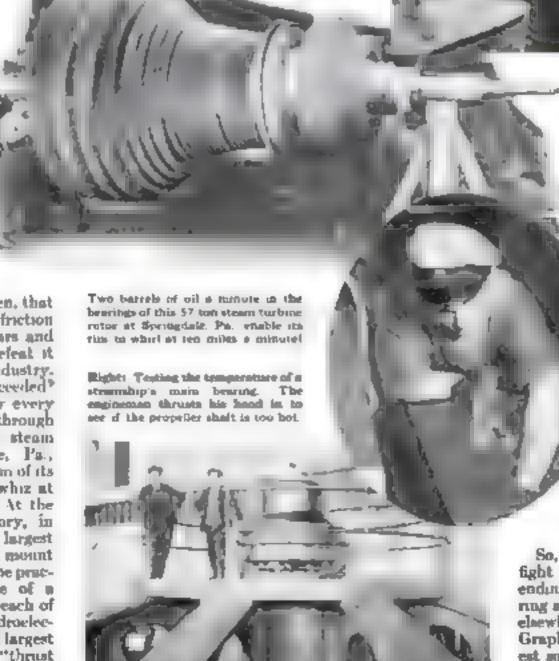
What is the strange force? Other forces, magnetism and gravity, for instance, are servants of man, driving his machines. But friction is a parasite. It preys upon the driving forces and wastes them. The second that a wheel or shaft starts turning, up leaps friction

to stop it. No wonder, then, that engineers seek to harness friction in the brakes of motor cars and railway trains—and to defeat it wherever it hampers industry. How well have they succeeded?

Two barrels of oil flow every minute, as this is written, through the bearings of a great steam tuchine in a Springdale, Pa., power house, so that the rim of its fifty-seven-lon rotor can whiz at ten-mire-a-minute speed. At the Mount Wilson Observatory, in California, the world's largest telescope and its 100-ton mount swing without a jar upon the prictreally frictionless surface of a tank of mercury. And in each of the 70,000-horsepower hydroelectrie in is at Niagara Falls, largest of their kind, a single "thrust bearing" supports upon a film of oil the 1,100,000-pound weight of a grant generator armature and water wheel-a weight that four of the world's most powerful locomatives could barely lift-and does it so smoothly that the

whole mighty shaft, under the impact of tons of water, can which more than a hundred times a number without danger of granding its support to bits.

Come with me into the engine room of a great steamabip. In the grip of the much bearing, the turning propeller shaft transmits the impulses of the engine to the screw into a bole in the side of the great bearing, an engineer thrusts his hand, feeling the



This single bell shaped bearing of a Ringura Falls bydronlectric unit supports a milhon-pround weight whirling 100 times a minute,

A victory over friction. Weighing 140 tons, this mammeth dech gate at the Rayal Victoria Docks, London, swings smoothly and evenly on the bearing shown at the extreme left.

shaft to see if it is too bot. The oil is getting low, and he replenishes the cups from which it

> drips upon the shaft to form a protecting coat.

Probably the mightiest bearings are those of tropical sugar milk, which must stand the grinding of huge rollers that crush the sap out of matted care. Great journals of bronze are those, and oil that lubri-

cates them is pumped in by powerful steam-driven compressors.

So, throughout industry, the fight against friction is never-ending. Sometimes a whirling ring splashes oil over the bearing, elsewhere, wicks drip it on. Graphite, called the world's greatest solid lubricant, may take the place of oil when heavy metal surfaces grind together, as in automobile spring leaves. Ways have been found, too, to force lead and copper into porous graphite, forming an alloy of

fontinued on page 157,

Invents One-Man Control of Bridge Traffic



Left. The ingrasous suggest in venied to one-man on a of one way to at the a name of budge in Ham, thire England A le et mo es be of a s'at ee, hiero a he bridge. Thu when I reads a at one ets sewes along at the torn

Below: A view of the control pro structed to be come as to he hand on the eye which moves the meant todicators at each end of the bridge. The \$50 cm 64 Ft Tir Flint | Tale 4

Saved by Sister Ship SOMETHING new in submarine res-cues occurred in Italian waters the other day, when the undersea craft $N-S_4$, commanded by Lieut. Perrunchetti, became mired in mud at the sea bottom off Rome. Captain Permechetti, brother of the N-31 commander, was standing by with his new

Submarine, Stuck in Mud,

2,000-ton submersible Ballilla, when he learned by undersea signal of the aster ship's fate.

Without waiting for orders, the latter dove his ship to the spot where the N-34lay stuck in the cose. Gently ramining it, he succeeded in posing it out of the mud and it rose to the surface. The Balbilla itself became in red, but freed itself by its own power. For failure to report the accudent first to ligher anthorities, and geing to the rescue houself instead, Capt. Perrucchetti was ardered to prisuu, but later was freed and honored for his feat

Television to Wield Raton

TELEVISION soon will play a part in Leolving a puzzling problem for the orchestra leader, according to Fr tz Remer. conductor of the Cincinnati Symphony Orchesten. A symphony to be presented calls, at one point, not only for a full orchestra on the stage, but also for a second orchestra hidden from view in back of the stage to provide faint atrains of many as from a distance

During a concert, Conductor Reiner, leading the main orchestra, says that he will transmit his image by television to the concealed musicians so that they, too, can keep time with his moving baton.

TPRAFFIC from both ends of a narrow bridge wide enough for only one car, in Hampshire, England, treantrolled by one man through an invention perfected by P D. Barchford, a traffic grade of the Royal Automobile Club

The operator sets in a raced tower at une end of the bridge, and with a lever nwings an indicator at the opposite end alternately to "go" and "stop.

When the indicator at one end of the bridge allows the cars to proceed, the operator at the other end sog ads "stop," Thus he can control traffic one way at a torby a ungle movement. This does away with the necessity of having a man stationed at each end of the structure.

Longer Life for Heaters

TONGER life and higher efficiency for a electric toasters, irons, and besters of all kinds is promised, according to the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Company, by a new montating compound just developed in its laboratories. Curiously, the silvery metal magnesium, a good conductor of electricity instead of an manlator, is used in the manufacture of the substance.

The new insulator replaces much or asbestos to keep atray electric currents from leaping across gaps between heating cods. It is made by winding ribbon of metallic magnesium around an electric wire and inserting the wrapped wire in a tube, where both are given a bath of steam at 450 pounds pressure. The result is a hard. white material, an oxide of magnesium, that can be formed in any desired shape.

Rubber Pads Silence Trains

CO SUCCESSFI L have rubber pads proved as shock-absorbers and sileneem for milroad trains, after a test on one rail length of a Federated Malay States railroad, that they are to be tried on longer stretches of track. The rubber, which is made by special process, was found to deaden the sound of the clinking of rails within the coaches, and to absorb practically all vibration.

U. S. Aircraft Carrier Tests Her Big Guns

CRASHING salvo from the USS. A Lexington's new eight-inch guns was the recent climax of four years' effort by ordnance experts of the Navy to perfect the huge armament for installation on arrcraft carriers.

This photograph, first ever made of the Learngton's big guns and turrets in action, s vidly shows how a carner, "eyes of the Navy" through the covry of observation planes, may become a formulable battleship as well. It was taken during battle practice off San Clemente Island on the Pac he count

The Lexington, with its twin aircraft carrier, the Suratoga, are the largest ships ever built in the United States. Both are all-electric in operation and can carry a fleet of more than eighty planes. The landing field provided by the deck of this mother ship for acrial fighters is nearly name hundred feet in length.



The U. S. sirerest corrier Lexington firing a palve from her new armoment of eight-inch gons.

Tests Reveal Some Common Errors in Knowledge

DO YOU know why winter is colder than summer? How deep scuttled ships sink in the sea? Why air in a close room gets had? If you do, you cannot be caught in pitfalls of ignorance that trapmany a man of more than average education, as duclosed by a recent New York survey of college graduates and others presumably well informed.

The first question was the one that caught the most people. More than four fifths of those questioned declared that winter is colder than summer because the sun is then farther away. But they were wrong. The sun's distance has nothing to do with the question (actually it happens to be nearer in winter); the real reason lies in the earth's changing slant which brings the sun directly overhead in summer, and lower in the sky in winter.

A surprisingly common error was the notion that sunken shaps do not go to the bottom, but float at some midway level. The reason heavy objects ank is because they are denser than water, and they sink clear to the bottom of the water because water's density remains victually unchanged despite the enormous pressures encountered at great depths.

Arrina close room gets had, not because of carbon dioxide gos exhaled by its occupants, as many supposed, but because of the gradual exhaustion of the oxygen

contained in the mr.

Other common mubeliefs were that a tree always shows one growth ring for each year of its life, and that Hannibal made a road across the Alpa by desolving the rocks with vinegar.

Billion for Army Aviation

SINCE its \$30,000 grant to Samuel Selection that Langley to develop a flying machine, on which presiminary experiments were made in 1899, up to the present day, the U. S. Army has spent more than \$1,000,000,000 on aviation, according to figures just announced by the aeronautics branch of the Department of Compurer.

Twenty-Six Sleep in New Cross-Country Bus



The bage transcentinental bus has the recent comparements with all sleeping conserves to a series a secretary of Letter. How the power past is removed.

Although it has two do as, at a only ten feet three and a fig. The driver is newtest above the auto-special newtest and auto-special newtest above the auto-special newtest and auto-special new tental newtest and auto-special newtest above the auto-special new tental n

is to detachable motor. At certain points thanks the being run, the notice will be removed and a new one substituted. The requires but a short delay and characters long stops

for overhauling during the trip.

Bender the driver, a porter and a chef are included in the crew. The only stops required will be those to service the machine. Thus it is expected that hours will be cut from the present motor-coach time acress the continent

A highways, providing berthe for twenty-six people and hot meals during the long journey, recently was completed for service between Los Angeles. Calif., and Philadelphia, Pa. Each of its thurteen compartments has, among other conveniences, a wash basis with running water and a built in thermos hottle to add to the comfort of the passengers. At the back of the coach is a laystory, and in front, beside the driver, is an observation sest.

DOUBLE-DECK Pollman of the

The body of the huge, all-metal, seventon coach is made of duratumin to cut down weight, and it is streamlined to increase speed. It is thirty-four feet four

Calls Atom Power a Dream

FROM the sun must come the energy that will run the world for the next billion years, as it has in the past. Dr. R. A. Millisan, famous for his researches on star-born "cosmic rays," recently declared. Harnesing the energy supposed to reside with natoms of matter, Dr. Millikan said, is "a childish I toping dream," and the idea that chemists in got week the world by unlocking it "a foolish bug-a-boo."

His studies of the extraordinarily penetrating rays he has detected coming from the stars, described in the July Post Lan Schner Monthly, have convinced him, he says, that the world has existed for a billion years already, with every prospert of man's continued existence for another billion years

The Rotor Ship Passes

REMOVAL of curious wind towers that drove the steamship Baden-Baden, and substitution of a pressue Diesel engine, has just marked the passing of the Flettner rotors as a commercial test.

Anton Flettner's idea was to utilise a part of the wind's unbounded energy to drive ships; in short, to use spinning towers as sails to drive vessels. Craft actually ran, propelled by the rotors. In the long run, bowever, it was found that these apparently could not commercially rival more conventional forms of power.

Folding Cover Protects Rumble Seat Riders

NO LONGER need the occupants of an automobile rumble scat be at the mercy of the weather. A new cover in the form of a canvas hood unfokis at a moment a notice from a container on the



The convention in place over the rumble seat. It is unfolded from a matter, at the cent and is fastened in position with ageing chos.

back of the car. Its aide and back curtains contain windows, the whole is made in one piece and is fastened with spring clasps. Adequate ventilation is obtained by removing the rear curtain on a roadster

top, or opening the rear window on a coupé model. Or the sides of the curtain may be folded back if desired in a test it was raised and secured without difficulty in a car moving at a speed of fifty miles an hour.

The rumble seat cover is manufactured of various types and colors of fabrics, to harmonize with the top material of the automobile on which it is to be installed.

Hundred-Foot Fire Ladder Raised by Motors

MILWALKEE firemen need no arplanes these days to get the thrills of sky riding. They have just come into possession of a new telescoping ladder, imported from Germany, which rises to a height of 100 feet in thirty seconds. Raised by gasoline motors, it is believed to be the tallest ladder of its kind.

In a recent public demonstration, one of the firemen tested the ladder for himaelf by perching on the awaying tip, high above the street, and waving down to the

assembled spectators.

Build Highest Earth Dam

A RESERVOIR which will add twentytwo billion gallons of pure water to the supply of Springfield, Mass, will result from the construction of the world's highest earth dam, forming a guant ping in a gorge of the 1, tile River at Cobble Mourtain, in the southwestern part of Massachusetts.

The new dam will rise \$45 feet above the bed of the stream, and will top by thateen feet the next highest structure of the kind, the Tieton Dam, in Washington It will be fifty feet thick at the top and 1,505 feet thick at the base. Into the construction will go 1,800,000 cubic yards of material. The core will be of clay, with sand, gravel, and houlders dumped against it to form the main bulk.

The water it will hold back is expected

to cover 1,120 acres.

An Icy Stream in the Sea

A CURRENT of icy water sweeping down the Atlantic with an average width of 110 nuice—greater than the distance between New York and Plotadelphia—that is the Labrador current as revealed by surveys made by the 1–S. Coast Guard Oceanographic Expedition.



Range the 100 foot fire ladder in a public test at Margueleg. Note the freeman on the tiptop,

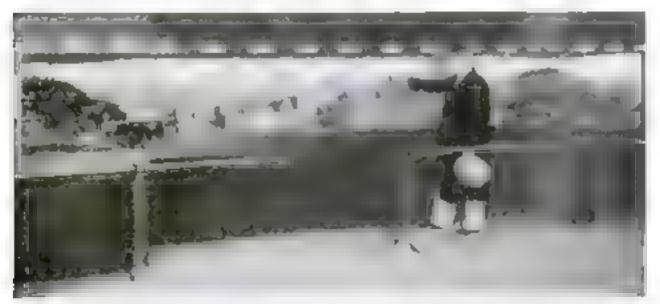
The expection sailed from Sidney Nova Scotia. July 16, in the Government vessel Marion to cruse between Greenland and Labrador to study scebergs. The nearness of the Labrador current to warm currents from the tropics is said to account for the frequent fogs over the Newfoundland Banks. One theory for the existence of occan currents is that winds, blowing is the same direction year efter year, communicate motion, through fruction, to the water below

Model City Gives a Lesson in Safety

COMPLETE even to "bot dog" stands and traffic policemen, a remarkable model of the city of Deteor has been on daplay this year in towns throughout the state of Michigan. Its purpose is to teach the lessons of safe driving graphically and entertainingly

The model, twenty feet long, con-

structed by a New York firm of scenic artists, shows factories in operation, automobiles scureying through the streets, and boats plying the Detroit River. Miniature street traffic signals are shown in operation, and realistic automobile 'smash ups show how accidents result from violations of traffic regulations,



The remarkable scale model of the city of Detroit, twenty feet long, designed to teach lessons of safety in traffic. Even simplemes are seen thinging their way above the skyline of the ministure city.

Banker Invents a Camera to Record Checks

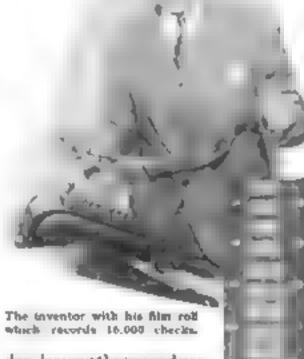
TO PROTECT banks and depositors, George L. McCarthy, a former banker of New York City, has invented a new camera which photographs automatically every check cashed or deposited. The instrument can be adopted to any standard adding nucleine, making a photographic record of every check as it is listed. It carries a roll of film 200 feet long, sufficient to photograph sorteen thousand checks.

The file number of each check is included in the picture and thus the location of any particular check at a later

time is made easier.

If desired, the machine will take two platographs of each check, the pictures being made on different rolls of film. The

being made on different rolls of film. The expensed film may be removed at the end of each



day, leaving the inused portion for use the following day. The camera can be loaded in daylight. It may be run independently of the adding machine.

Dines on Feathers

A STRANGE bird that eats its own feathers is

one of 188 specimens living in Porto Rico, reported recently by Dr. Alexander Wetmore, Assistant Secretary of the Smithmonian Institution. It is the Antidean grebe, a common bird of the island

Every specimen examined by Dr Wetmore had masses of feathers in its stomach. They had been plucked and swallowed and apparently digested

A Huge Dynamite Blast

THE explosion of one hundred thousand pounds of dynamite, the biggest blast ever set off in the Pennsylvaina coal fields, recently loosened more than 200,000 cubic yards of earth near Haselton, Pa. It enabled steam shovels to remove the material above a rich year of coal.

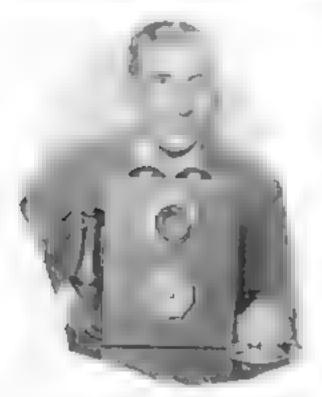
Although the tremendous explosion occurred within three miles of the town, it caused no damage nor injury.

Movember, 1928

"Phone Box" Takes Movies of Bank Robbers

AN AUTOMATIC, invisible, and silent moving picture camera, housed within an innocent-looking telephone case, is designed to be the undoing of bold-up men. Its inventor, John E. Seebold, of Los Angeles, Calif., is shown below with the new apparatus. In a recent demonstration before a group of bankers, it obtained clear movies of people in a bank who were unaware of its presence.

Sixteen feet of film is carried and the camera can be focused for any distance up to eighty-five feet. The inventor proposes to install the device in banks, where it can be tripped off during a hold-up to give a picture of the criminal and his movements and other characteristics which will aid in his detection.



Huge Scale Sets Standard

A RAILROAD scale, so large it will weigh a 120,000-pound box car and so sens tive it will also with change in weight if a sparrow alights on the car, has been one tior the Chengo Belt Line by the U.S. Bureau of Standards. It will record down to one tenth of a pound.

The purpose of the master scale is to standardize heavy weighing in the linted States. Other railroads will send test cars to be weighed on the master scale. The cars will be reweighed on their own scales and the results compared. Thus a common standard will govern the 1,200 scales now in use on railroads.

Army Pigeons to Whistle

WHISTLES will be tred to the tails of U. S. Army carrier pigeons to protect them from hawks as a result of experiments at the Signal School, Fort Monmouth, N. J.

Made of featherweight bamboo, the whistles emit a shrill note as the wind passes through them. They resemble those used in the Chinese sport of releasing flocks of pigeons with whistles of different pitches.

The Signal Corps maintains stateen lefts of carmer pigeons. During the war, the combatants used more than 500,000 of the birds to carry messages.



New Traffic Lights Allow a Three-Mile Run

WHEN this unit in a new traffic signal system installed on Ocean Avenue, Brooklyn, N. Y., anya "go," you can run for three indes through city traffic without having the lights turn against you. This is made possible by an electrical control system of synchronizing twenty-one aignals so that if a driver maintains an even pace of twenty-two indes an hour, he will never encounter a red stop light. If he drives faster or slower, he will be held up. The new system chammates forty-two traffic officers.

Thousand-Ton Bridge Moved Eleven Miles on Boats

A THOI SAND TON, three-section bridge recently was moved down the Weser River, in Germany, from its position near Bremen to a point eleven miles away, where it was re-creeted.

Each section, 100 feet long, was mounted on two barges, which had been lowered with water ballast until they were able to move under the span. Then the water was pumped from them and they rose, lifting the section from its piers.

Two tugs towed the barges while a third at the rear held them from ramming the banks on the turns.

The Three Riskiest Jobs

THE three most hazardous jobs in America are those of the steel worker, the radroad yard worker, and the miner, reports the Boreau of Labor Statistics, Other hazardous occupations are glass blowing, slaughtering, and meat packing, and work in lumber planing mills.

During the last year the number of accidents were reduced in almost every industry. However, one worker in sixteen suffered injury, lowing an average time of seventy-one days. For every fatal accident there were 155 minor ones. The total time lost during the year due to accidents was more than 10,865 years.

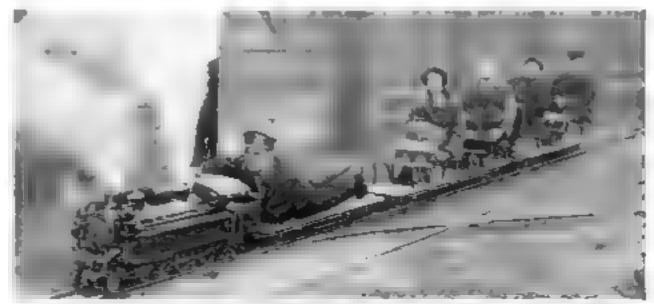
Canada Saving the Bison

CANADA now has more than 18,000 has on government reservations. The largest herd, about 6,000, is located at Wood Buffalo Park, near Fort Smith, Northwest Territories, The second largest is at Wainwright, Alberta. It grow from four calves adopted by a half-breed, named Michael Pablo, after a slaughter of the animals in Montans. In 1907 he sold the herd, which had increased to 700, to the Canadian government.

Model Locomotive Hauls Real Passengers

A MODEL steam locomotive which can pull its engineer, conductor and three or four adult passengers along its miniature tracks has been perfected by a young machinist in Vienna, Austria, Its maker claims it is the smallest loco-

motive in the world that can develop such power. The engine is perfect in every detail and is said to be capable of hauling a load of nearly a ton at a speed of eight nules an hour. It is said to be able to climb a grade of twenty percent.



A sight-seeing trip on a model callway. This little steam locomotive, built by an Austrian machinist, is an powerful that it can heal a load of nearly a ton. It travels at the speed of eight miles on hour,



Schoolboys Build World's Biggest Kite

WHAT is said to be the largest singlesurface kite in the world recently was made by small boys in a military academy in Los Angeles, and successfully flown. Five of the youngsters, ranging in age from twelve to sixteen, built the kite. But it took two dozen of them to hold it

Sugar Cane 28 Feet Tall

SUGAR cane that, planted outside your house, would brush against your second-story windows, has just been discovered by American explorers in New Guinea. In the wilds where Prof. Jeswiet, leader of the expedition, found it, the stalks grow twenty-eight feet high.

Italian Airport Has First Two-Story Hangars

THE world's first two-story ampliant hangars form part of the equipment of the lattone Airport, at Rome, Italy, the southern terminal of the Vicinal Rome passenger planes. The machines taxi up to the second story on the 2001-foot approach seen in the foreground of the picture below. Accommodations for pilots and passengers are provided on the ground floor.

The building at the right, surmounted by the airport control tower, is a factors where hant manes are built

down once they got it up into the air.

The monster kite can lift a full grown man. It measures more than thirty feet from tip to tip.

New High-Pressure Boiler

STEAM at the terrific pressure of 3,373 pounds to the square meh—four or five times as much as the highest steam pressure commonly used in factores—in produced in a new power plant at Charlottenhurg, Germany. It is the first large-wale embodiment of the plans conceived by a Bertish engineer named Berson.

High octagonal towers standing in the open air serve as boilers, and their bollow interiors are lined with water tubes where the steam is generated. Usal dust, fed by inachinery, burns to give an unprecedentedly but fire, while the air that fam it is preheated to a scorebing temperature of 700 degrees F, before it enters.

"Fighting Jaie" Exploded

THE belief that a protending jaw indicates pagnacity is seient heally false, according to Dr. Fred Fletcher, American dental expert. "The man with a squared-like jaw", he says, "may be the a maximum as a pawlike a maximum.

Ocean Waterspouts Are Not Salty, Experts Find

WHERE does the water in a waterspout come from? Meteorologists say the old idea that it is sucked up from the sea is wrong. Over bodies of salt water, the water in these spectacular whirlwinds has been found to be fresh. It is believed that the condensed vapor of the atmosphere through which the whirling vortex moves supplies this,

Waterspoots take two forms. One has a funnel-shaped vortex. The other, illustrated in the photograph below, taken at sea, is known as the dumb-bell type. It has a long, thus tube, whirling at tremendous speed and spreading wider at each end. Spouts of this type have been known to reach nearly four thousand feet into the air.



A giant waterspout over the sea. The whirl contains fresh water, condensed from the sir

Fish and Wood Run Motors

FISH oils, wood tar, and other similar products other than crude oil supply one third of all the "gasoline" used in the world today, according to a recent statement of Dr. Gustav Egloff, of Chicago, research director of a large oil company.



The world's first two-scory simplane hangers at the Littorio Aurport, Rosse, Italy Planes climb the undired current in the foreground to reach the should.

More U. S. Fire Tests Set Standards for Safes

SPECTACULAR fire tests to determine the flame resisting qualities of office safes are being continued by the U.S. Bureau of Standards, at Washington, D.C. A few weeks ago, as told in a recent issue of Purular Science Montrety, experts of the Bureau set fire to two condemned buildings in which they had placed three dosen safes and filing cabinets. All were subjected to terrife temperatures, as high as 5,300 degrees F.

In more recent experiments, the Bureau uses a special heating chamber. All safes accepted for Government use must pass a threefold ordeal, consisting of half an hour of intense heat, followed by a thirty-foot drop upon a hard surface, and maily another half hour of heat.



N D Mitchell, of the U. S. Bureau of Standards, placing a sufe to the best test chamber

High School Boys Assemble Their Own Airplane

STUDENTS of the North Attleboro, Mass., High School have just assembled their own De Havilland plane as the first step in a new course in aviation. The Liberty-motored machine will be used for ground instruction only, pupils will "taxi" it across the ground and take it spart and reassemble it.



Rockets Drive Model Cars and Planes

MODEL automobiles and airplanes, propelled by attle rockets, form the latest toy craze in Germany. In this picture, a group of German children are watching one of the toy rocket cars get away for a fiving start.

It is patterned after the famous Opel machine, described in a previous issue

Chemists to Cure Cancer?

THAT bope for a cancer cure may be in the hands of the chemist is a possibility seen in a new theory of the disease's cause, recently outlined by Dr. Ellice McDonald, of the University of Pennsylvania.

Germs do not cause cancer, according to Dr. McDonald's unusual theory; instead, he claims, the cause may be and probably is excessive alkalimity of the blood. It is this condition, he says, the opposite of "acidens," that forters the change of normal human cells into the tumorous growths of cancer.

itadium and X-ray treatments for cancer are of value Dr. McDonald concludes from his experimenta, simply because in some way not yet explained they actually increase the blood's neidity to keep the body cells normal. Eventually this investigator foresees a cancer cure in the discovery of a chemical that will not only neutralize excess alkali in the human body but prevent its formation.

of Forman Science Movemen, which recently attained a speed of 156 mi es an bour on rails, without a passenger, before it leaped from the track and was blown to bits by the exploding rockets.

Ants Help Trace Ore Veins

of the prospector. How geologists may well passe in their surveying to test and bulk for desired minerals is described in a remarkable report of W. D. Johnston, Jr., of the U. S. Geological Survey, who tells of a recent attempt to map a valuable vero containing iron and manganese ore in the Little Florida Mountains near Deming, New Mexico.

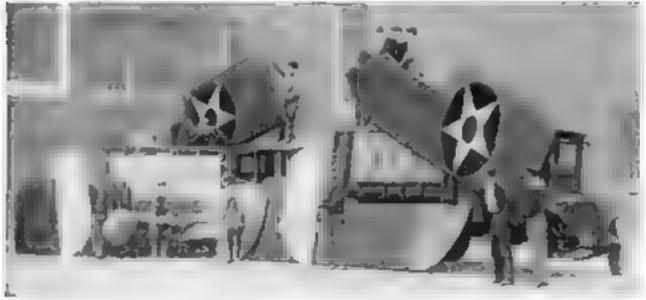
Several test pits had disclosed the vein, but its course lay concealed. As a last resort Johnston examined ant bils in the vicinity and tested the sand of which they were built. One hill proved to contain as much as twenty-two percent of the desired over—and beneath it lay

the hidden vein!

No More "Sea Serpents"

RECENT reports of a strange sea monster washed ashore on a San Salvador beach, said to suggest the possibility that it was a survivor of pesshutoric reptiles known as ichthyssaurs, are discounted by Dr. J. W. Gidley, paleontologist of the Sunthsonian Institution. A native hunter, he pointed out, might conceivably mistake for such a monster the partially destroyed remains of a dead porposes or killer whale which had strayed into these waters.

Modern ships have done much to destroy sea serpent fables, says another Southsoman secretist. Austin H. Clark. Without the imagination-excit og stimulus of a hazardous voyage in a tiny vessel, the sea passenger of today rarely reports such an apparition. Such "sea serpents" as are reported today in good faith. Clark declares, are undountedly guant squids or other well-known manne creatures. The squid, often fifty feet long and a foot thick, has branching arms that might easily be taken for sea snakes.



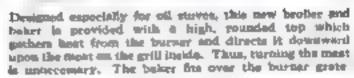
Parts of the De Mayilland plane arrive on motor trucks at the high school, to be assembled by students.

To Make Your Home Complete

A Baker's Dozen of the New Ideas Which Turn Drudgery into Pleasure and Add a Bit to Your Comfort



in egg out of bonning weter with these troops, whose thetat fragers close abtractibe egg and left it out.





poter the band on up of the

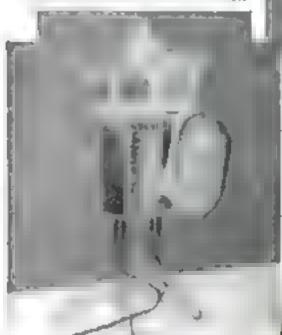
Andrew due of the property of the state of t

Cooking to purchment is the latest idea for preserving the delicate natural flavors of food. Ment or vegetables to be cooked are placed in a perchangut bag, which is tied at the opening and inserted in the pot or pan.



An ironing board cover can't writide tear or skip off if held in place by two with of their spring clumps. Their metal teeth draw the cloth smooth and tight.

The cubber force cup, that endinpensable tool for cleaning closured types, becomes doubly powerful with the addition of a bose that connects with the fauret. With the sid of water pressure appropriate in a drain are quickly remedied. It is accessary only to hold the cup over the drain and turn on the water. Why use so many kinds of electric heating devices when one can be made to serve all purposes? That was the thought of the French inventor who devised the convertible heater above at the right as an iroting stave and below as a combination toward and food warriest.

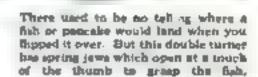


When used on the table for making toest and keeping food warm, as above, the new heater stands upon collapsitio legs. For other purposes, with as troning, the stand a folded up and the heater placed upon its side.



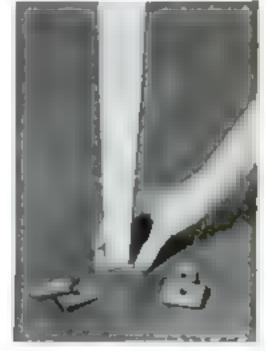
This novel curved break, of "corlecters" shape, is designed to clean usually inaccemble parts of malk bottles and fruit jars. It can even aquirm into cutsup and bever age bottles with small necks,

Distribution of warmth by circulation instead of radiation is claimed for this unusual electric heater. Cottosting of a honeycomb type radiator three percelator units, and a standard fan, it operates to draw in cold air, warm it, and send it circulating through a room or office. It is easily portable and anny by used for auxiliary beating.



This combination kitchen sink and electric clothes washer for light faundaring in the intert inpovetion for the home or spartment. It is intended especially to wash clothing which is needed immediately or which might be runted in the regular laundry such as launcheon sets, endidren's garments, tilk swesters, and underthings. The equipment includes a arranger which is quickly attached to the sitk, as shown above. When the washer is not in use, the wringer is removed, and the metal cover of the machine closes down to form a deschooled for the mick compartment. At right the washer in me.





Handy new wedges, obtainable is a peckage of six, take the wabble out of unsteady tables or chars. One or two blocks are used under the offending abort leg. Each is bored for hanging up before use.

Automobile Engine Drives Power Hoist



Driven from an auto rear wheel, and controlled by a single lever this house can life \$00 posteds.

Discovers Alaskan Volcano

THE United States is the possessor of another volcano in Amska just distributed by the Pavlov Volcano Expedition hended by the American expect, Dr. T. A. Jaggar. He reports that the mountain is north of Canoe Bay and is 4,300 feet high. A small lake her in its crater.

Dr. Jaggar also has reported that the ingenious supplication carries has proved a decided success. Running on either land or water it has done valuant service in hading supplies and passengers, in trolling for fish, and in transporting to camp game shot in the foothills.

Radio Pictures Received on Cylinder Records

DICTI RES sent by radio are played aske phonograph records in a system of photo transmission and reception, invented by Capt. O. Fulton, and recently demonstrated in London, England. Both transmitting and receiving instruments employ revolving cylinders, not unlike the records of an old-fashioned phonograph.

The photograph to be transmitted as placed on a cylinder where, revolving, it is seamed by a beam of light. Patrices of light and shadew which make up the peture are translated by a photo-electric rell into corresponding electric acquaises of varying antenenty. These impulses fransmitted by radio and picked up by the receiving device which translates them back into patches of light and shadow on a cylinder record, thus building up a half-tone reproduction of the original

This process closely resembles the method used in sending the first radio pictures across the Atlantic. driven boist, designed for small litting jobs, can be attached to the rear wheel of a motor car or track in five imputes, according to the maker, and will lift weights of 600 pounds as high as twenty-four stories. A single lever controls it and, should the motor stop with the load in and nor the mechanism is designed to lower the load gradually to the ground.

The entire outfit weight only eight yeight pounds complete. It is intended to save the time and energy of plasterers, roofers, and contractors on construction jobs where boisting of comparatively light materials is required.

Fawcett Slain by Indians

COL. P. H. FAWCETT, Bestish C explorer, whose disappearance in the Brazilian jungle has for three years been an unsolved mystery, probably died at the hands of hostile Indians. That is the conclusion of Commander George M Dyott, head of a search expedition, expressed in a radio flash from out of the jungle that has just reached the world after being twice relayed.

Commander Dyott, whose expedition was described recently in Porutants inner Monvally, reported that his men had successfully followed Fawcett's trail, and that Indian guides who knew the lost man's fate were unable to lead the search to the spot where his party's remains were buried only by reason of unfriendly tribes who blocked the way.

Thirty Billion Cups of Tea

If WOLLD take twenty-five average steamships, loaded to capacity, to carry all the teamed in the United States in one year. Fifty million people each year drink \$0,000,000,000 cups of tea, costing seventy-five million dollars.

Know Your Car

THE most disconcerting thing that can happen on the road as for the motor suddenly to cease firing, as though the ignition switch were thrown off

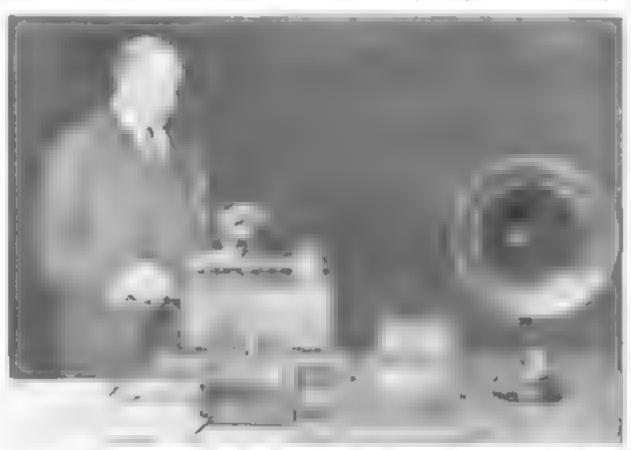
However, the manner in which the motor goes dead as a definite symptom that will help you locate the trouble. If it stops suddenly without producing any peculiar sounds, then the trouble cannot be in the earburetor; for almost any kind of carburetor trouble, including running out of gas, causes trregular running just before the motor stops lakewise, no failure of the oiling -vstem or the water couling units could be to blame, and a stuck valve or nicelanical troutile would be accompanied by whistling or sacking noises, or a teeme idous clanking

The grit on system is almost surely at (ault and the three most likely treather are broken were or connection blown condenser and short-a resited spark coll in the order named

Value in Waste from Gas

B's-PRODUCTS of illuminating gas inacolacture, which now serve only to gum up the meter in your cellar, soon may be turned to use in making plastice and perfumes worth many thousands of dellars a year. Investigating the clogging of meters, experts in the organic chemical laboratory of the U.S. Bureau of Mines have discovered that the temble is due to gum formation from the chemical compounds, independent of styrebe, always present in mainsfactured gas.

if completely separated from the gas, eight million pounds of atyrene and twice that amount of militar would be available amountly for making plastics and perfumes, and possibly in rubber making.



The soventur demonstrates his system of sending pictures by radio. The receiving set, shown here, contains a cylindrical record on which radio impoless are translated into half-time reproductions.

Know Your World

TO TEST your knowledge of the world you live in, see how many of these questions you can answer, Correct answers appear on page 150.

What is the world's largest island?

Where one natural rock salt be seen in the United States?

What is the driest place in the world?

4. What male bird hatches

5. What worm is called the "honorable little gentle-

6. Where do cheep have little carts on which to had their tails?

 Where did Columbus first land on the American continent?

8. What part of the world has the most sunshine?

To what race do the creoical belong?

10. What city loose two hours of daylight each duy?

11. What is a Gda moneter?
12. What produced the stone trees of the Petrified borest?

Berlin Clocks Hold Telephone Booths

TWO advances in the telephone service of Berlin. Germany, have resulted from the perfection of automatic instruments. For the first time, and a time calls can be made automatically from a pay station by the dual method without having to call central first. The telephone box has four alots to receive come of as many different denominations, the amount deposited being recorded automatically in the central exchange

Another innovation is the planner of automatic phones in booths built (13) the street clocks, which have been established by the Berlin Astronomical Observatory in different parts of the city

Invents Railless Trains

A RAILLESS steam loss of the stand stone roads of his native land has been invented by Ahmed Nasserv Shalper a Persian studying milroading of the Letter

States. The locomotive resembles a tractor in construction and is said to be able to pull ten passenger cars, each loaded with forty people, at a fair rate of speed.



Messages Decoded Automatically

ELECTRIC typewriting machines which automatically translate measages into secret code or decode them, as fast as a typist can write the messages are the recent invention of Alexander von Kryha, of Berlin, Germany. The invention consults of three units—two typewriters and a central control hox, all connected by a system of electric relays. As the operator taps the keys of the first typewriter, each key, in addition to printing a letter, sends an electric impulse to the control hox. From there the impulses are relayed to the various keys of the second typewriter, which prints the message in code.

On the panel of the central box, a dul

which controls a series of awitches has the various letters of the alphabet 'printed around its outer edge, and on the panel opposite the letters are the letters to be used in the code. When

a certain letter of the alphabet is struck on the first typewriter, the second type-writer will receive an impulse to print whatever letter is opposite on the controlling dial. Thus, by turning the dial to vary the arrangement of opposing letters, the code used may be changed at the will of the operator.

By reversing the process, secret mea-

sages may be decoded if the setting of the control dial used by the sender is known. It is necessary only to typewrite the code message, which will be translated by the second machine.

proceeding with and discusse."

Does Gulf Stream Reverse?

THAT the Gulf Stream—the warm current flowing eastward across the North Atlantic—turns around in the middle of the ocean and starts back toward America is the surprising phenomenon recently reported by the captains of two large trans-Atlantic ships.

This announcement led to the suggestion that the chimate of England might grow colder, but scientific authorities say that the current's reversal is a local irregularity, and that there is no danger of the Ice Age returning to Britain,

A Diesel Motor for Trucks

A NEW lightweight, high-speed Diesel amotor, burning a cheap grade of beavy fuel oil, is reported to have been perfected by a German manufacturer for use especially in motor trucks, buses, and railway motor cars. It may also be employed extensively as a stationary power unit—operating pumps and hoisting machinery and generating electric current.

Danger of burning out bearings, due to the high speed of rotation, is said to be eliminated by a new oiling system.

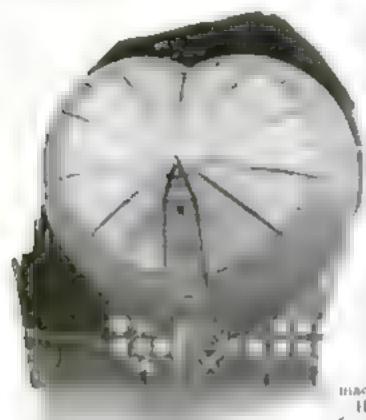


As the typist writes a message this electric apparatus automatically translates it into secret code which is typewritten by the machine at right. The latter is governed by the central instrument.

Heart Shape Keeps New U.S. Blimp on Even Keel

THE RS-1, newest lighter-than-air craft built for the U.S. Army, is designed with an unusual heart-shaped bow, the purpose of which is to increase its stability while in flight. It will be used for training and practice flights, it has been announced

In this seminged type of airship the keel is rigid but the gas bag is not. It keeps its shape by pressure from within,



The Army's new semiripid strabip. RS-1, in its bangar at Labeburst, N. J., ready for trial.

As gas escapes during a hight, "balloonets" inside are filled with air, thus keeping the pressure constant.

The double-balloon effect at the top of the ItS-I acts somewhat as pontoons do in the water, reducing patching of the ship in the wind.

This Mail Plane Has First Aerial Letter Box

LATE sur mail can be dropped directly into a letter slot built into the fusclage of a new type mail plane recently put into service on a western air route. United States Senator William E. Borah was one of the first to post a letter in this aerial mail box recently at the air field at Boise, Idaho, just before the prior started up his engine and took off on a flight to Sult Lake City, Utah.

Want a Name for Platinum

A DISTINGUISHING term for platinum, similar to "Sterling" for silver, to being urged by leading American pewelers to prevent unscrupulous manufacturers selling as pure platinum jewelry containing cheaper metals. The public, they say, cannot tell the difference between pure platinum jewelry and jewelry containing a mixture of platinum and pasladium, which costs less. The "quality mark" would be stamped on the jewelry, together with the manufacturer's trade mark.



German Glider Thrills Americans

IN ONE of the first public demonstrations of German gliders in America. Peter Hesselback, holder of the world's duration record of five hours for motorless flying with a passenger, recently bad a theiling except from death at the edge of a high cliff near Highland Light, Cape Cod. Mass. By inches, his machine missed plunging over the bluff

Hesselbach was piloting the 300-pound Corman glider Darmstudt. Pulled by an untrained ground crew, the craft is led to gain altitude. When at the last minute. Hesselbach blew the whistle that signaled them to release the jubber hunching rope, the craft settled and slid along the ground until its nose overhung a 140-foot drop to the ocean's edge. In another flight Hesselbach remained aloft

for four bours and five minutes, source above above the start of the fight

The Cape Cod region, according to the polot offers better pass, by ties for soaring flight than many of the lest spots in Germany. As was told it as article in the August Popular Science Monthly, Hesse such with two companions. Capt Paul Rochre and Dr. Paul Laubentha. came to America under the auspices of the American Motorless Aviation Club to help popularize the sport of giving by a series of demonstrations. Before their arrival, the American duration record for gloders of nine minutes and forty-nine seconds, established by Orville Wright in 1911, stood unchallenged, although glider flights up to fourteen bours had been made in Germany.

Saves Vast Ore Deposits

MILLIONS of tone of Wiscoman from ore, in miner abandoned because of its high sulphur content, will be saved by a new smelting process developed by Prof. Richard S. McCaffery, University of Wisconsin metallurgist. In some inner the ore showed four times the amount of sulphur found in the output of successful mines. In the Massille region of Douge County, a \$5,000,000 smelting plant closed down because of this inferiority.

In the new process a combination of limestone and coke is added during ameliing Lime combining with the sand and clay in the iron ore, produces a slag of solice, alumina, lime, and magnesia, which dissolves the sulphur and removes it from the ore.

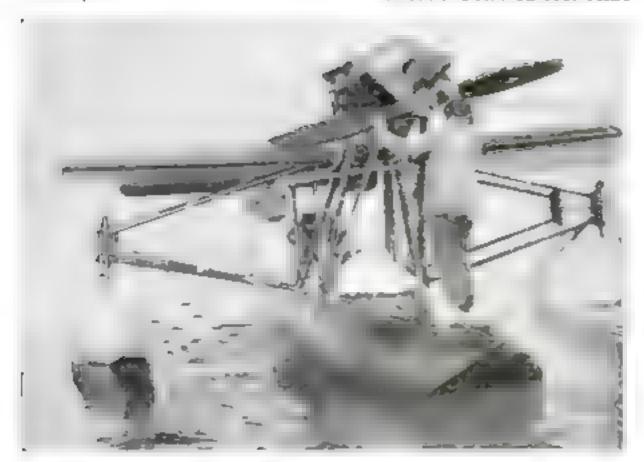
it from the ore

Propose Larger Golf Ball

TO MAKE the game more difficult, the British Golf Hall Committee has proposed the adoption of a new ball, slightly surger and lighter than those now used. It would cut down the length of drives. Golf authorities claim that while the proposed ball would have little effect on the game of professionals and champions, ordinary players would find their acores mounting



United States Senator W E. Borah posts, a letter in mail plate but at Buse, Idaho.



New Sea Flea Hops 80 Miles an Hour

A WINGED motor boat, called the Son Flea by its inventor, George de trasento I kennenn engineer, orade its appearance two years ago and was deached in the pages of Poet LAR Science Monthly. A new model of the invention has just been put through tests on Lake Teplin, near Berlin, Germany. It skins over the water in long jumps at tremendom speed. The designer expects it to lead to larger machines that will hop over the surface of the ocean like flying fish, carrying thirty passengers across the Atlantic in less than forty

Reliefs for the Seasick

TWO new methods of combating seamekness recently have been brought to the aid of travelers who suffer on ocean voyages. One is the invention of "antineasiekness tanks," installed on the larger steamers of the Hamburg-American line. These are in the form of great bluters along the water line of the abip. Sea water, rushing into these tanks through portholes, adjusts the ballast autoquatically and reduces the ship's roll.

The other is a method of treating sensekness discovered by an English physician. Dr. R. A. Bennett. It consists of a salt water both at a temperature of about mucty degrees, to be taken when waves of an kness begin to be felt. The patient is instructed to be in the water with his eyes blindfolded. While the bathtub moves with the ship, the water in the tub responds to the motion only slightly, so that the immersed patient remains fairly motionless. The blindfold serves to shut out sense of motion.

Six Heads on One Cabbage

THE latest wonder of agreeultural experiment is a cabbage plant which produced six heads of cubbage in turn, one above the other. It was grown by Julian C. Miller, of Cornell University, who obtained the remarkable results by keeping the plant at high temperatures over a period of two years.

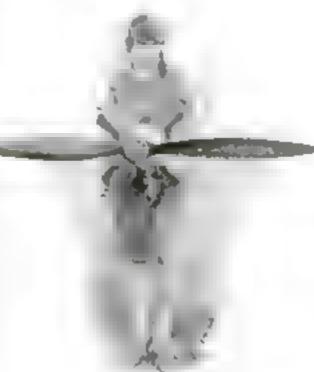
bours, even through winter storms.

The first model of the invention, with tiny, nine-foot wings, began lifting the boat in mixty-five-foot bops at a speed of thirty-six miles an bour. It is reported to have traveled most of the way across the Mediterranean from Marseilles, France, at nearly a mile a minute.

Above is the latest experimental machine, equipped with larger lifting surfaces. During recent speed trials, it is said by its designer to have been clocked at eighty miles an hour

"Flovver" Airplane Motor Weighs Only 60 Pounds

As STRONG as twenty horses, yet so bight that a girl can lift it, a midget airplane motor just produced by an aircraft annualisatorer in Sucramento, Cabi, is said to be the smallest in the world. It is a four-cylinder me-cooled radial engine weighing only sixty pounds with propeller. In tests it drove a "flivyer" plane ninety miles at hour.

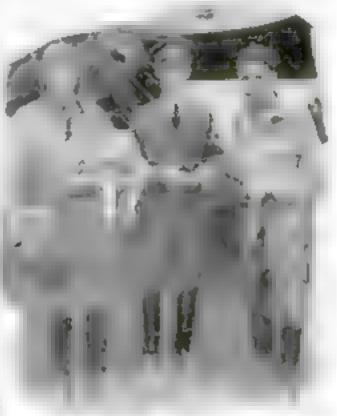


Even a girl cast lift it, yet this tiny sirplane mater, sir-cooled, develops bettely horsepower,

Champion Globe Circlers Set 23-Day Record

THE world shrank nearly a fifth its ann, as far as time required to travel around it is concerned, the other day when John Henry Means and Charles C. B. D. Collyer, with "Tail Wind," there white terrier mascot, landed at Miller Field. Staten Island N 1, in their folding wing Fairchild monoplane, the Cry of New York.

They had girdled the globe by plane and steamboat in the record time of



Means (left) and Collyer (right) welcomed by Lieut. Col. Henry W. Fleet, at Miller Field

twenty-three days, fifteen hours, twenty-one minutes and sixteen seconds. This cuts nearly five days from the previous record for the £5.000-mile trip made in 1925 by Linton Wells and E. S. Evans.

Test Striped Street Light

STREET lamps which shed striped bight rather than a uniform glow are ideal for making pedestrians visible to motorists. This surprising fact was revealed in tests made by the Association of Lighting Engineers in England.

In uniform strong light, it was found, an auto driver sees a pedestrian or other object mostly by the contrast in brightness between that object and the darker background. In weak light he sees them mostly by the shadows they cast.

In one test with weak light from tamps which cast no shadows on the road, pedestrians could not be seen at all But when this same light was altered to cast bands of light and dark, the pedestrians matantly became visible.

Experts express doubt, however, that striped light can be used effectively for road ellumination, since it may hide petfalls in the road itself.

Birds Carry Periscopes

WITHIN the eyes of ground birds are tmy periscopes, reflectors which enable them to observe the approach of enemies from behind, mays Prof. Arthur Thomson, of Oxford University, England.

Keeping Up with Aviation



The City of Giondale Erst all-metal steam powered meship or seen here being moved from the Giendale Califf hangar where it was built. The strange craft designed by Capt. Thomas E. Slate in 200 ft. long and has a shell of duralismin. It has seven steam turbines, but no peopellers. Instead, a blower at the first, stea flate, will create a partial vacuum, pulling the skip at 60 miles on hour

RACTICAL development of the radio beacon for aircraft, achieved only this year, is to be followed by its extensive installation on commercial air runtes in the United States by 1930, according to the U.S. Boreau of Standards. Through its use, pilots for the first time will be freed of fog a mensee, for no longer will they be obliged to by blind. Rudio signals tell them instantly if they are off their course.

As long ago as 1920 the War Department asked the U.S. Bureau of Standards to develop a system of directing aircraft by radio. First of the methods used was the scheme of broadcasting radio begins of equal intensity pointed at different angles, from two stations. An airman could fly an approximately straight course by following a path along which the signals from the two stations sounded equally strong

With the improved system the Bureau of Standards incorporated a visual indicator on the pilot's instrument board. In the present orthet a plane need carry only a short pole antenna and a receiver weighing but a few pointed. All of the powerful and expensive con pinent is on the ground. Two white lines on a back instrument dial strenk or extend inequally before the prosts eyes to show him whether he is flying to left or right of his course. When they are equal, he is directly on it.

Silent Planes Invisible

UNSEEN planes that make no noise may wreak have upon cities with their bombs in the event of future wars. This startling prophecy, made by a British aeronautical expert, is based on his declaration that already England. France, Germany, and Russia have nearly realized such a "ghost plane"

Some time ago, the French aviation

service was reported to be developing an invisible, alent airplane with muffled engine. Today, says this expert, it has been found that the propellers themselves may be quieted by the use of small air acrews with six or more blades of special shape.

British experimenters have developed an airplane 'dope' or paint of dull greenish tint said to make a machine flying at moderate altitude practically invisible against the sky, either by daylight or in the glare of a searchlight, at night. In Germany, tests are being conducted to devise a type of camouflage to be em-

played for the under surfaces of a plane's ways, intended to breakup tell-tale shad ows and thus to disquose the wings' true shape and size.

Two Cross-Country Records

FLYING across the continent from Los Ingeles to New York in eighteen hoors and fifty-eight minutes, Col. Arthur Goebel, 1927 winner of the Dole

ence across the Pacific to Honolula, recently added two more execute at once to his collection of laurels. He had made the first moistop flight from west to east across the I rated States and the fastest trip ever made other way.

Macready and Kelly. Army nymbers who in 1923 made the only other nonstop cross country fight on record, took twenty-seven bours to fly from New York to San Diego. Toetel not only shattered this record, but object three bours from the one-stop. "dawn-to-dusk" flight made by Lt. R. L. Manghan, of the Army in 1921.

Tons of Air Mail

Lausing Meh. in a single shipment the other day. Fight can be used being weighty consignment of \$50,000 circulars amounting a new model automobile, to Chicago, where the leaflets were sorted and sped by sur to all parts of the country.

Other firms hastening to take advantage of the new lowered air mail postage rate already have helped boost the volume of air mail nearly fifty percent, according to post office officials; and lrying W. Glover, Second Assistant Postmaster-General, foresees another simdar increase in the coming aix months. Air lines carrying muit on contract have repeatedly been obliged to fly extra sections

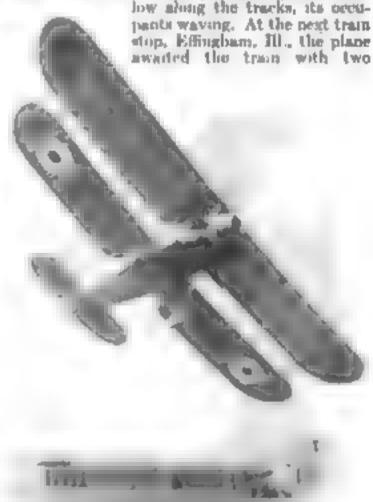
He Couldn't Come Down

FOR two minutes, it looked as if a parachute jumper at Brooks Field, Texas, was doomed to remain in the sir indefinitely. He had the recent novel experience, according to the War Department, of jumping from a plane into a powerful many wind current that suspended him practically motionless at an allitude of 2,000 feet above the earth

It was he first parachute jump and be was wondering what he should do next in order to come down, when the updraft slackened and he gradually descended to earth at the record speed of three feet a

Link Air, Earth, and Sea

EVEN before the first sur-rad line in this country went a to operation in September, extending rad service by air between Chicago and the twin cotics of Mericapolis and St. Paul another part of the country saw an actual air-rad passenger transfer. Pauling Smithboro, Ili. Ouv Hickman, engageer of the Pennsylvania Hadroad's Gotham Limited, observed a large passenger plans flying



This is the newest of British first fighting planes, the Hamber Hawfinsh buplane, winner in recent trials to select machines for the Home Defense Squedron of the Royal Air Force, to be centered near London. In speed tests, pilots of this equadron got into their tags and rose 10,000 feet in the air in fighting formation—all in seven minutes.

New Radio Beacons to Safeguard U.S. Airways; Unusual Planes and Remarkable Flying Records

women passengers for New York. They had come by mr from Tulsa, Okla., to catch it and had flown low to identify the train as the one they wished to board.

Eisewhere air facilities have been linked to advantage with other modes of travel. Germany has just effected an elaborate book-up between its entire air and railway systems for the speedy transportation of freight. Five-hundredmile ship-to-shore flights inaugurated by the French Line stemmer He de France are saving twenty hours in delivery of mail at New York and at Cheebourg. Additional planes are to be provided for longer, 800 mile flights and will carry passengers. Other steamship lines are contemplating similar service. During the last five months, Canadian planes have transferred mail by air from incoming steamers at Rimouski, Quebec, at the mouth of the St. Lawrence River, to Toronto, arriving there hours before the boat.

Highest Beacon on Stamp

STAMP collectors who have just placed the new five-cent air mail stamp in their albums, and others who use it will be interested to know that the design is not an imaginary but an actual scene. Ten thomsund feet above sea level, the world's highest air beacon near Chevenne, Wyo., guides planes of the Hoeing line between Chicago and San Francisco and the picture on the stamp represents this light.

Now Canada, too, announces an air mail stamp. Such air mail postage imues, of countries in all parts of the world, offer a new specialty to those who collect stamps as a hobby. Its enthusiasts have recently formed for their mutual benefit the National Air Mail Society, at Chicago, Ill.

How to Use the Air Mail

FOR those who are still uncertain just how to use the air mail and what advantages it offers, the U. S. Post Office

issues the fill a very relation of the solution of Ar. Mar. or start and with a result of a re-

the listing States at a some Satisfication of the four four lasts.

If you are part rate is tree cents for the tirst same and ten cents for every on its the after. No add notes postage a remitted.

Father orderes stames or special air soul stamps has betarn. If orderes stamps the



Let feech lings region a sundre in them is well on just in the y Ermat Linear can region to be y Ermat Linear can region to it. If he can be an integral of one is in the proceeding of feet one or Elipsette a sun in weeks the long in tacket are in the linear party of the linear party of the linear party.

letter should be plausly marked "AIR MAIL." Air mail stamps of various denominations may be obtained at all post offices.

Letters sent we air mail may be posted at any post office, so any regular mail collection boxes for air mail only. If placed in ordinary mail boxes, the collection time shown on the box should be noted for guidance.

Letters for air and dispatch should be posted sufficiently early to connect with departing planes. Practically all collection boses show the latest time in which air mail may be deposited therein. Air mail schedules may be obtained from your local postmaster.

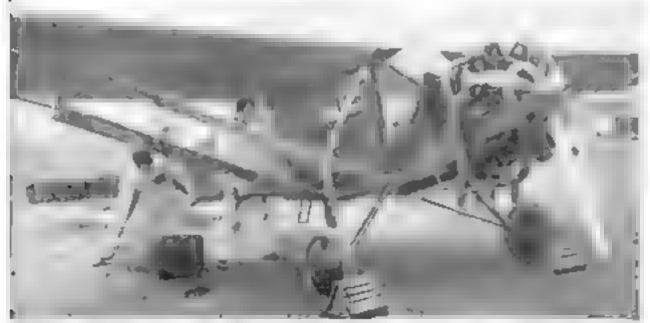
Air Line Network Grows

OverNIGHT the mail and passenger network that spans the United States is undergoing mushroom development. This month should see the new air line of the Canadian Colonial Airways, between New York and Montreal, in operation despite delays in seening airports and arrangements for high highling. Actual survey has begin on the Mianusto-Panama route scheduled to be operated by the Pan-American Virways in Jamaey. The long-awaited U.S.-Mexico air mail may be realised any day.

Within the United States, planes of the United States Air Transport already are carrying passengers between New York and Washington in two and a quarter hours, at a fare of \$30. Texas is blanketed by the new air lines of the Texas Air Transport, and the state of Msclugan by those of the Thompson teronautical Corporation. Chicago has new routes to Le asville, Ky,, and to Madison, Wis. Before many months, a proposed air had may slice the country from Chicago to Miami, Fla. The castward section of this line from Atlanta, Georgia, to Minim is already under mail contract, though not yet operating.

Airport Traffic Signals

TRAFFIC signals direct planes landing and taking off at the Oakland, Cabi, municipal airport. An airplane control station with a system of signals resembling those of a railroad has been erected on top of this administration building at the airport.



One of the latest developments in commercial planes is the new Curtise Robin, a cabin monoplane. It is capable of carrying 700 gounds of freight or passengers, or a mixed had of both,





SUMMER BLOSSOM, Edilor BAYMOND J. BROWN Managing Editor ARTICA W ORGANO, Home Workshop Editor ALPRED P. LANK, Technical Editor EDGAN C. WHERLEN, Associate Editor ISBARG, DOSKOW, Art Editor

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A Problem in Addition

OST great inventions and acceptific achievements are, after als, merely object lessons in adding two and two to make fort.

The elementary principles of electromagnetism, for example, were well known to scientists for years. Then along came an artist named Morse who added them all together and got a result in the telegraph that revolutionized bungan courmontestion.

Years went by, Alexander Graham Hell took Morse's telegraph, tacked on more known ideas, and the world gasped in

amazement at the telephone

Now who will solve another a milar problem in sesentific addition? Who will produce the really perfect motion picture? Buch a picture must be one which makes the observer believe he is seeing the real thing and not a reproduction. It must at once show form, color, sound, and perspective.

Our present motion pictures have form. Expert photography has seen to that, Sound we have, too. Eastman recently has produced motion picturer in color for amateur photographem, Photography in full perspective has been a fact for years. The stereoscope and a packet of views were common objects on the parlor table thirty years ago.

A pretty problem in addition, to sum these known accentific achievements into a homogeneous total the perfect motion picture. And if you wish to tackle a still harder problem, try to add the theoretical possibilities of television to the sum and

produce the perfect motion picture by radso!

When Trifles Count Large

IN AN eighteenth century laborators, two pieces of metal-attached to a galvanometer, were thrust into a salt solution. until they touched the leg of a dead frog. At that moment, the experimenter noticed the galvanometer move. He announced that the source of electrical current was frog's legs. Volta, maker of the first buttery, disagreed. He said the action of the solution on the metals produced the electricity.

So, an argument over frog's legs gave us the electrical hattery. The accidental splitting of a piece of steel brought the steel pen. A twisted pasteboard box suggested wingwarping and made the airplane possible. A chance meeting in an auto bus gave us new knowledge about twins, as is told

"Almost everything comes from almost nothing."

Aviation's Deep Riddle

TTEMPTING a solo flight in his new airplane, Fred A Stone, famous comedian, recently crashed and suffered severe injuries. If Stone were an ordinary actor, the incident might be dismissed as one of those upavoidable mishaps of flying training.

Stone, though, in his own particular way, probably was the most versatile genius that ever lived. He was a dancer, an acrobat, a trained athlete. He could walk a tiglitrope, ride a bucking broncho, twirl a larget with the skill of a Will Rogers, he had bound with champions, played polo with international stars. He was driving an automobile when one garage could have housed all the cars in the United States. He played haseball well enough to have been a big leaguer. He has lamoed Polar bears on the Arctic ice. He was an expert at fancy are akating, juggling, rifle abouting, and wielding the bull whip,

He was, in short, a marvelous physical specimen—just the sort of man, you would say, who would make an excellent aviator. Yet, after an adequate period of training, he came to

grief almost the first time he essayed to fly alone.

Such a happening must cause us to wonder whether aviation enthusiasts are not unabily optimistic in predicting that some day every man will pilot his own surplane. It gives peculiar significance to the article in this issue by Dr. L. H. Bauer, Medical Director of Aeronautics, Department of Commerce, on the physical requirements of pitots,

Are good aviators, after all, a breed apart?

Steam Heat for Nothing

WITHOUT warming, a great new geyser recently reared from the ground in Yellowstone National Park, Wyoming Today it is spouting steaming water, at fifteen-second intervalue sometimes to a beight of 100 feet. Its present output of hot water would form a stream four feet wide and eight inches deep. flowing 120 feet a minute.

In California and in Italy, volcanic steam has been harnesied for industry. Iceland at preparing to p pe boiling water from its famous geysers and but springs to heat homes in a region where coal and wood are scarce, just as steam is distributed

from central heating plants in large American cities,

In Yellowstone Park there are about 100 emptive geysers and some 3,000 hot springs, all unused. Every so often Nature reminds us, with some magnificent new display, of the wealth stored in the earth. This time, the leaping steam of a second. "Hell a Half Acre" advertises enormous underground boilers, worth millions of dollars to men who can put them to work.

They Are Saying—

"TWIE earth was split off from the sun as a half of fire of high I temperature about 1,600,000,000 years ago."—Dr. A. J. Nernst, University of Berlin.

"Germany needs acrust patrolmen right now and in a few venes all Europe and America will have flying policemen."-

Prof Otto E. Shre ber, Koemgsoerg I inversity

"Neither the new British nor the new German dirigible can be successful commercially -Capt. Anton Hemen, builder of the Los Angeles.

"When we look at a photograph or at a movie film, we are really crystal gasing, seeing on a square (uch of film more crystals of silver bromide than there are human beings on the earth "-Dr. C. E. Kenneth Mees, Eastman Kodak Co.

"Of the 3.177 different kinds of trees found in the United States, 137 have special medicinal virtues,"-Prof. Ernest F

Stuhr, Oregon State Agricultural College.

"Employment of scientific knowledge in government ought to come as naturally as the employment of a doctor or a plumber " Dr Graham Wallas, Brit sh political scientist.

"Five percent of chewing gum is rubber Dr W L.

Semon, noted rubber authority.

"The average unskilled laborer now works four hours a day to pay for food for his family and less than ten minutes for lighting his home." Dr. M. Lukiesh, National Lamp Works,

"When the need comes, the chemist will convert the light of the sun and the nitrogen of the air into food for the human family."—Dr. H. E. Barnard, Indianapolis,

"With calolimum sulphate, science hopes to get to so-called absolute zero, a frigidity of 459 degrees below zero."- Prof. B.

S. Hopkins, University of Rimois.

THE MOST *POWERFUL LOCOMOTIVE IN THE WORLD



EQUIPPED WITH THE HIGHEST PRICED BEARINGS IN THE WORLD

A BIG, hulking monster of the ruls—807,000 pounds in weight—102 feet in length the most powerful non-articulated locomotive ever built.

And, at the other extreme, a veritable pigmy among locomotives that hauls and thrills kiddles at an amusement park.

Both are equipped with EDST Anti-Friction Bearings!

ESSP is the railway bearing of the world. It is used on more railway passenger cars, more locomotives, more auxiliary locomotives than all other



One of the smallest lecumatives over built, operating at Eurlid. Beach, Cleveland, also equapped with A. J. Bearings. makes of bearings combined. It has been in use, not for a few short months, not on a single railroad, not on a few cars, but on 25,000 cars, on the railroads of twenty-two countries throughout the world and for a period of twelve years!

For the railroad man, with

bis keen insight into values and his cold calculating consideration of PERFORMANCE, appreciates, perhaps as no other can, that "Nothing Is Apt To Cost So Much As A Bearing That Cost So Little". EKF INDUSTRIES, Inc., 40 East 34th Street, New York City



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BALL AND ROLLER BEARINGS

3138

Nothing Is Apt To Cost So Much As A Bearing That Cost So Little

He Wanted a Used Car Bargain



M a mechanic, not a blooming auto salesman' Gus Welson grumbled as Joe Clark, his partner in the Model Garage, finished reading the letter he held in his band.

"Why be so grouchy?" granted Jue. "Hamilton was a good customer and we ought to be willing to do something for him. It wasn't his fault be got transferred to San Francisco so suddenly. All he asks us to do is will his car for the best price we can get and send him what's left over after taking out what he owes LMI. 15

"All right," Gus agreed. "Put an advertoement in the paper. We ought to get a couple of hundred more than the current price for a car of that make and year. Mechanically it's practically as good as new. Hamilton always handled it an carefully as a crate of eggs. '

Several prospective buyers answered the advert sement, but only one showed real interest. It appeared that he had been looking for a secondhand car of that

particular model for some time.
"What gets me," growled the prospect, "is how you have the nerve to ask so much. I've seen other cars that looked just as good that I could have hought for a lot less."

"TOHIS car's worth more, Mr. Estey. hecause it's in exceptionally good condition," Gus insisted.

"Aw, rats! That's what they all say" Estey ancered, "I guess I'll keep on looking." And he walked out.

"Humpht" Gus grunted to Joe "There's another bargain hunter who going to get stump before he's through "

Several days later Estey drove up to the Model Garage in a car like the one the two garagemen were trying to sell for Hamilton.

"What do you think of this boat?" he called, as he stepped from his car "Just stopped around to show you highbridees I know a bargain when I see one I bought it from a dealer over in Flintville for two hundred less than you wanted for yours. You ought to drop your price at least three hundred after

And, at first glance, Baley's purchase appeared worth at least that much more than the other. Gus walked around it several times, eyeing it beenly.

"Thanks for showing it to us, Estey," he said pleasantly. "Now that I see what you can get for the price you paid. I'm going to raise mine another hundred'" "What are you trying to do, kid me?"

snapped Estay.

"NOT at all,". Gus replied. "You I washed me what I thought of your purchase and I'm telling you my first impression. Let's trundle it around a bit and see whether I ought to apologue."

Gus clumbed behind the wheel and Estey got in beside him. The gray-haired incepance cased the lever into first and let in the clutch very gently, but the car started with a jerky motion. Then he threw it into second and stepped on the throttle. There was a granding roar from the gears as the car picked up speed. He dropped into high and again gave it the throttle. A whining hum became quite andrble.

"Sorry, Mr Fstey ' said Gus, 'but I in alread I can't take back what I said. From the feel of st, thus crocks been driven forty thousand miles if it's been driven an meh."

"Look at the speedometer," snapped Estey. "It shows the car's been driven only a little over eight thousand miles."

driven forty thousand miles if it's gone on each "

"Turning the speedometer back is what they call 'reconditioning' in the gyp' secondhand auto business." Gua explained. "That, and slapping on the cheapest coat of paint they can get."

"YOU'RE now because I didn't buy from you," granned Estey.
"Humph!" Gus growled "Why should I be sore? I'll find a customer for that car all right. I haven't been in the auto business since the days of the one-lung chugger without learning something about the critters. And if you want to know how I know this car's a worn-out old wreck, I don't mind telling you Notice how that clutch works? Kinda rough, usn't it? That's because the clutch facing is almost worn out. Did you hear those gears growl in second with a nort of a careking noise? That's worn gears with a few chips knocked out of them, and probably loose transmission bearings in the bargain. And you'll notice there's a pretty stiff whine whenever I give it the throttle. A rear end has to be in pretty rutten shape to make so much noise. And from the muffled effect, I'm almost sure both the transmission and the rear end are full of fine sawdust. That's a regular track to quiet gears. We'll find out about that when we get back to the garage.

"TLL believe that when I see it."

L Estey growled.

"There's a plenty you could have seen if you'd only looked for it," said Gua. "Look at that clutch pedal. It's a dead give-away. No clutch pedal could be so worn in any eight thousand miles. And the brake and (Continued on page 154)



A Radiotron for invery purpose

RADIOTRON UX-201-A Determ Ampleder

RADIOTRON UV-110

RADIOTRON UX-100

BADIOTRON WD-11

RADIOTRON WX-12

HADIOTRON UX-200-A

RADIOTRON UX-130 Adoles Singe Long

MADIOTRON DA-222 Serven Grad Radio Frequency Amphibes

RADIOTRON UX-112-A

RADIOTRON UX-171-A Pewer Amphister Catal Andre Singe Only

HADIOTRON UX-210 Printer Attacket Developer

RADIOTRON UK-246 Deposite to place for the forest 1 mg pal a fil gall person

RADIOTRON UK-884 Property American

MADIOTRON UX-226 A.L. Enthroctil

MADIOTRON UY-227 RADIOTRON UX-200

Musik-Winner Brechtige **RADIOTRON UX-281**

Half-Wass Bastster

RADIOTRON UX-874

RADIOTRON UV-878 RADIOTRON UV-MI

The standard by which other vacuum tubes are rated

RCA Radiotrons are standard equipment in fine radio sets of all leading manufacturers. The RCA mark on the vacuum tubes of any radio instrument is one of the first tests of its excellence.



To maintain high quality performance in your radio set, replace all the vacuum tubes with a new set of RCA Radiotrons at least once a year. Do not put new tubes with old ones that have been long in use.



RCA Radiotron

RADIO CORPORATION AMERICA YORK .

These Kinks for Your Car May Come in Handy

If You're Stuck in the Mud

Or if You Break an Axle, There's a Simple Way Out of the Emergency Ideas Which, if Heeded, Make Hard Jobs Easy

VE man can pull a car out of a bad mud bole with a rope, a stake driven into the geomad and a wooden pole such as a fence post or a limb of a tree. Fig. 1 shows how it is done. The forked stick which translates the pull into upward motion is not absolutely necessary, but will help

A good deal.

The one end of the rope to the car axic and the the other end to the stake, leaving plenty of slack. Now pain the rope loosely around the pole a couple of turns, insert a stout stick under the part of the

rope leading to the car, and pass one end of the stick back of the pole. The stick forces a lever that we hardt ply your pulling force many times. The smaller the pole the greater the leverage.



Fig. 1. How an emergency lever can be improvised to enable one man to pull a car out of the mod.

rous the oil pressure up to the regular round goes wrong with the oiling system, the gage pointer will touch one of the fingers and the light will flash a warning.

A Handy Jack Base

You can simplify the problem of slipping the jack under the test axis by making the folding base for the jack, shown in Fig. 3. Cleats hold the jack in place.

The length of the base can be

The length of the base can be made to sent the car and the languages can be located to make the base foot into the tool hox.

Cotter Pin Extractor

THE design for a simple, howemade cotter par extractor that will pull the tightest part with case is shown in Fig. 4. A metal color a weided hear one end of a piece of drill rod. Then a sliding from weight is fitted to the rod and the other

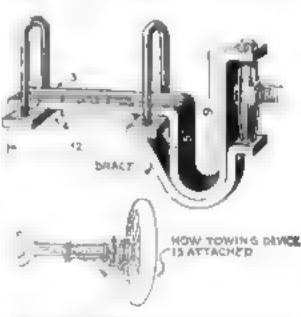


Fig. 1. An emergency towing sale made from two U-bolts, some strap won, and a front axie

end of the rod is pointed and bent into a hook. To use, book into the eye of the cotter pin and move the sliding weight forcibly against the handle. A few hard blows are generally sufficient to remove the most stubborn cotter pin.

A Towing Axle from Scrap

TWO U-bolts, some pieces of strap iron, I and a front axle can be fitted together to form the emergency towing axle shown in Fig. 5. If the car axle has broken off at the wheel, this auxiliary axle can be holted to the axle housing, making it possible to tow the car to a service station where the broken axle can be replaced.

STR RS SIMAL ON TASH STR RS ON TASH SON TASH STR RS SWITCH SWITCH

Oil Failure Warning Light

WHILE the oil gage on the dash indicates plagged oil pipes by registering excessive pressure, or oil-pump failure by a low pressure reading, you may not happen to look at the gage. Figure 2 shows how to install an electric indicator lamp that will immediately call your attention to any oil failure in case you do not notice the warning of the oil gage.

Procure an extra oil gage and mount it on the back of the dash. Remove the glass. Mount a fiber or rubber block just above the gage and on it fit a couple of light brass fingers arranged to make contact with the gage pointer. The proper settings will, of course, depend on the characteristics of your particular car.

Were a dash indicator lamp as shown. When the ignation is turned on the bulb will light until the starting of the motor

Ten Dollars for an Idea!

Tills month's \$10 prize goes to J. L. Lungino, of l'ine Bluff, Ack., for his suggestion of the handy jack base shows in Fig. 3. Each month Popplar Science Monthly awards a price of \$10, in addition to regular opace rates, for the most useful ideas for motorists. Other contributions are point for at usual rates. Address the Technical Editor, Popular Science Monthly, 230 boutth Avenue, New York.

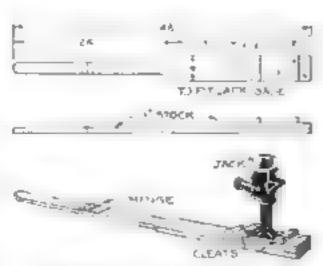


Fig. 2., It's simple to build this folding jurk base which simplifies the otherwise awarmed job of slipping the jock under the car's mor sade.

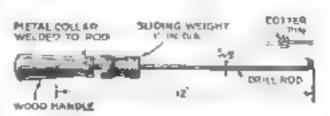


Fig. 4. With the book inserted in the cotter pereye, forcing the weight back pulls out the per.

The making of a

DROBABLY no manufactur-I ing process is more exacting or requires greater skill and precision than the making of radio tubes,

First among the exacting steps is the assembling of the grid. Then comes the mounting of the elements on the glass stem, and in serting into the open end giass bulb and scaling the stem to the bulb

Evecuation of the air and gases within the bulb by a special exclusive CeCo process then follows, and after "flashing" to remove all gases clinging to the sides of the bulb, the tube is "aged by burning the filament at an abnormal filament voltage, thus "priming" it ready for use

Finally tubes are tested for all characteristics and the close test limits assure every CeCo Tube being uniform and worthy of bearing the CeCo label

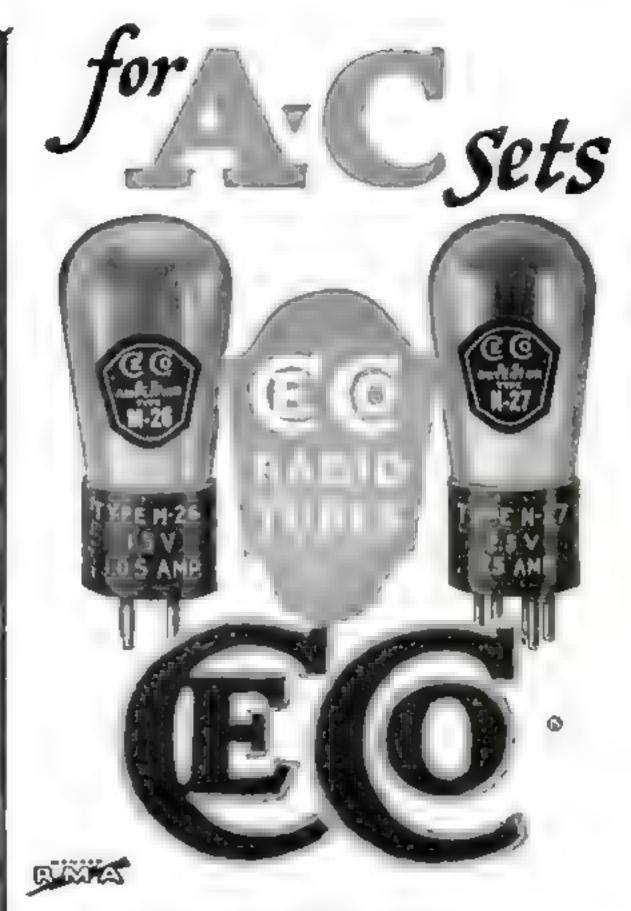
Description of CeCo tuber here illustrated

Type M-26 (226) Amplifier A 11/2 volt 4 prong. LX base 1 of amp A C tube for operation on alternating current through a step down transformer

Price \$2.50

Type N-27 (227) Detector and Amplifier: A 23/2 volt separate heater type A. C. tube. While generally a detector tube, it may be used as an amplifier as well Having 5 prongs its use requires a 5 prong socket and operates from A. C. current through a special down transformer

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INTIL you actually hear these remarkable CeCo Tubes perform in your own set, you have no idea of the clear bell-like tone and beauty of reproduction they make possible. Long wearing, too-these CeCo's (and, incidentally, there is one for every radio need). A new and exclusive process of evacuation not only gives them greater clarity and sensitivity, but makes them last longer as well. Try them.

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CeCo Manufacturing Co., Inc., Providence, R.I.

Trick-Performing Puppy WOUDERTY TRICK



Made of Wood and Worked by Strings

—Four Other New, Inexpensive Toys

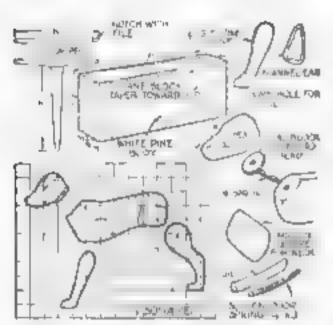


Fig. 2 How the parts of the try dog are prepared neck joint and fat. End top view of the controller for pushing the strings.

IN EVERY neighborhood there is a puppy. Even if he bu't your own puppy and doesn't bury his hones in your garden, you find his autica amoung. By making a wooden copy of him—a puppy puppet—and highesquing his tricks, you will have a lot of fun.

This animated little dog (Figs. 1 and 4) in made from a block of white pine 1% in, thick, a piece of the same wood 1% in thick, and two cod tension springs about 3% in, in diameter (similar to those used on light screen doors). You will also need some small hails, cloth, black ink, and a small jar of show-card white.

Lay out on paper a plan with 1-in

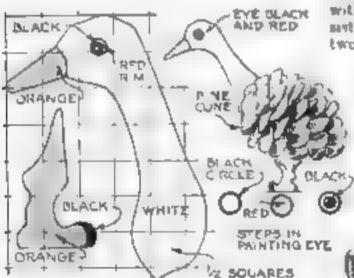


Fig. 3. Amoung tay goose composed of a pine-cone body and wooden head sool legs.

squares as shown. Sketch in outlines of head, body, and legs; transfer these to the wood, and rough out the various shapes with keybole or coping saw. The block for the body should be tapered toward the hips. Round the corners, particularly at the beginning of the neck. The head also should have a pronounced taper toward the muzzle and be rounded at the crown.

Cut an avai prece from the M-in. wood

to be nailed to the base of the head. This is so that the white muslin neck "skeeve" can be tacked on neatly. A hole should be bored in this oval piece and in the body block to receive a section of end spring, which should fit tightly. The legs are shaped with coping saw or jackknife from the thin white pine. They should move freely when nailed in place.

Note that the black spots on the dog are so arranged that they cover the leg joints. For the pupils of the eyes use black head-head pins cut off to about 1/2

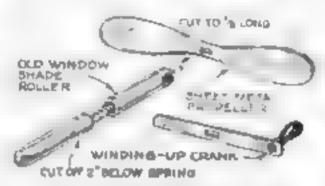


Fig. 5. Old shade roller adapted for spinring a flying propeller at great velocity

in. Make the cars of heavy flancel hemmed as shown. Over the cost spring tail, ship a cover made from a side atocking, with the hem turned instile.

The control bar is of the type originated. I believe, by Tony Saeg; at least, it is recommended by him for amateur work with manonettes. It connets of a cross made of two steeps of \$6-m. pine.

7 by 6 in, long respectively. Another 6-in, steip is used for the bead control, this

is separate from the cross, but when not in use is supported by a peg on the end of the cross.

The head is supported by stout black threads attached to each side forward of the ears, or in whatever

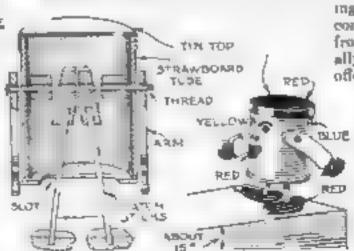


Fig. 4. Toy automaton which teddies flows an incume on its legs when it is properly believed.

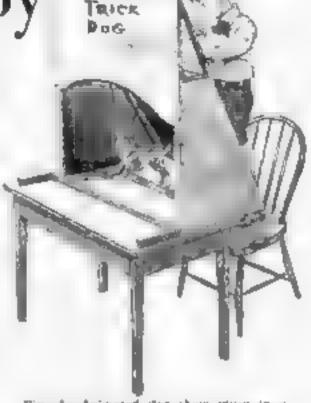


Fig. 1. Animated dog show gives in a

location gives the head the best balance. For the body a thread is used on each side of the shoulders and one at the rump.

It moving the main controller forward with a rocking as that you can give the puppy the appearance of prancing along. In the meantane the head can be moved from side to side and up and diswarte give a frocky action. The tall wags itself

With practice you can make this I vely

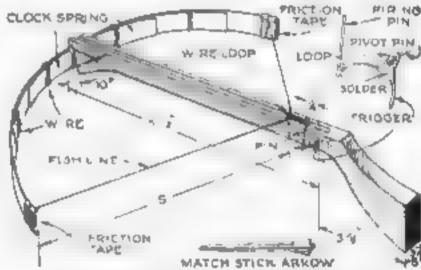


Fig. 6. Tiny examiner for shooting match-stok arrows. The shock is whittled from wood the bow is a steel spring-

little puppy do all sorts of tricks, such as jumping over eight boxes, standing up and begging for food, and walking on his hind legs. Greater action can be obtained by attaching strings to his front knees (use tacks or eight-box mails) and carrying them up to the long member of the controller at each side of the peg at the front end. These can be worked individually with the fingers, causing the dog to offer his paw in saluting

The advantage of this prippet is that it requires no conversation to go with the action, though, of course, anyone can simulate a back, while, or squeal to add to the enterials.

ment HI STREET

FOR making the pinr-cone goose of Fig. 3, cut from \$6-in. soft pine two legs and a neck and head. Use the 14-in. squares to aid in the enlargement. (Continued on page 129)



New skill for amateur hands

through Stanley Plans—only 10c each

You have a mechanical "turn" or you wouldn't be reading this magazine. But have you ever really experienced the pleasure of making things with tools and wood? You can make articles like the above at little cost. Thousands are now using Stanley Plans and are enjoying a useful hobby as well as the pleasantest one of them all!

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1e-Book Rack

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9e-Bird Houses

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11e-Book Stand

17e-Smoking Cabinet

13e-Kitchen Cabinet 14e-Sewing Cabinet

15c-Cedar Chest

16e-Rnd Table

17e---Ten Wagon

18e-Model Sauboat

19e—Flat Bottom Rowbost 20e—Combination Kitchen

Sent and Step Ladder

21e-Garden Scat

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70e—Small Tool Chest

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how to select and cut the wood, how to assemble the job, how to sandpaper, paint and finish it.

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STANLEY TOOLS

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Tiny Monoplane Flies Indoors

Gives New Thrill Even to Experienced Model Makers—Of Advanced, Featherweight Design, Yet Not Hard to Build

flying very slowly, no faster than a person normally walks. Its large propellor revolves so slowly one can almost count the turns. On it floats, mounting higher and higher. It seems it will not run down. You have time to observe every flying characteristic, as if watching a slow-motion picture of an airplant tlight or look ng at some strange, slow-moving hug under a nacroscope.

The indoor endumnee tractor is stripped of every unnecessary fraction of an onnee of weight. It has only a stick to hold the motor, a wing to support it, a tail to stabilize it, and a propeller to pull it. There is no undercarriage. The tray ship is so light it can land with perfect safety on its propeller, which is, indeed, the heaviest part.

The parts are very delicate, but if you work carefully you can build a model which, despite its light weight, will stand the shock of collisions.

The model can be made of either white pine or balsa. Make your first model of white pine. You will find the expenseous valuable afterwards in constructing an advanced model of wonderfully light but



When tested by Mr Bunch on a perfectly at 5 day, one of the models with white pure parts flew 2,106 ft., mother of balsa wood butted of pine construction went 5,000 ft.

frail balsa wood. The latter is the kind of model with which world a records are

Constructing these indoor models will open a new field of expensionaling for many who have built previous models in the Porceas Sciences



By
J. DANNER BUNCH
and AVISON F. KOCH

Monthly series. Someone, by careful workmanship and perhaps with a few ideas of his own, may beat the duration record, which, at this writing, is only a few seconds less than three minutes. It's worth trying for.

The functage is white pine, light and straight-grauted. ½ by ½ by 14 in. It should be sanded amouth and have the corners slightly rounded.

Make the propeller hanger of No. 8 pinno wire. Bend a tight loop in the wire, next head the wire downward and reasward 16 in., then parallel to the functage for 16 in. The hanger should hold the propeller shaft 16 in. above the functage. The hanger is bound to the top side of the front end of the functage with about ten wraps of silk thread and comented, preferably with an ambroid type



Side top, and front views of the indoor endurance tractor, and details of the covering at the wing tips; the propeller, shaft and hanger; the S-hook, rour book, wing clips and "case,"

The model is marely a motor which with the transmission of the flat strength of the flat strength of rubber.

of cement. The rear hook is made of No. 8 wire as shown and cemented in place.

The rudder is traangular in shape, 314 in. long and 314 in.

high. The rudder outline is bamboo, he by he in. It is a good plan to draw the rudder out full size and bend the bamboo over a candle flame to that shape. Extend the bottom side of the outline he is, and hind and cement it to the bottom edge of the fuscinge. The top of the same builting holds the rear book. Before binding the outline in place, cut a notch in the bottom edge of the fuscings for the tail spar.

The tail spar is bamboo 16 by 16 by 8 in. Sup it into the notch and cement it. Also cement the vertical side of the rudder to the end of the fusciage. Be sure these are true and then allow the cement to set without disturbing the parts.

To complete the tail, stretch a silk thread around it as shown, and tie it to the rudder outline 1% in, to the rear of the fuselage. Pass the thread around the end of the tail spar and secure in a slit on the bottom of (Contental on page 188)

Ready for use ın a minute and a half! —and that's only part of the story

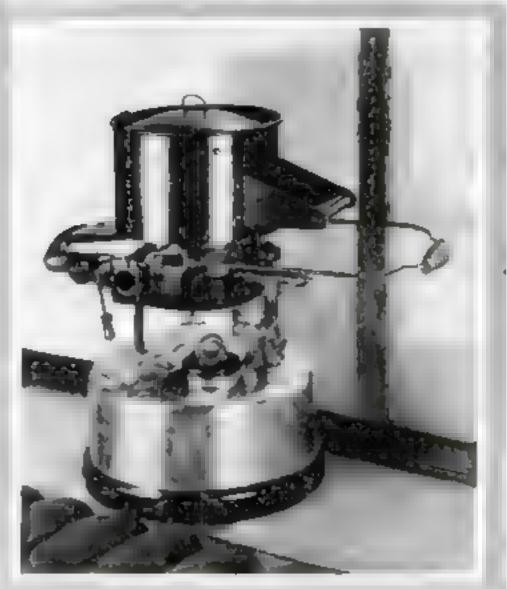
You're soing to get a real kick out of it-the first time you light up one of these new Clayton & Lambert fire-pots. No hanging around waiting for it to warm up—ready for business in a minute and a half in any weather. Cold and wind niske no difference. Clayton & Lambert took care of that in designing these new fire-pots.

And after you get that hot, blue flame you can control it as easily as a lamp. Turn it up or down, just where you want it. There's a chance to save a lot of fuel.

You can use it on inside jobs without annoying anybody-it's noiseless, odorless and smokeless. If you have to haul it around a lot, you'll appreciate its lighter weight before the day's over. And the rougher the work the more you'll be thankful for

that husky red rim around the base which proteots the tank from denting and leaking.

This is the Clayton & Lambert No. 70 fire-pot with tinner's kood. Produces a working flame in ninety seconds. Flowe controlled as easily as a lamp. The burner erifice cannot be enlarged by tightening the needle value. No chance of raining the fre-pat that may—that's an exclusive C & L feature. Will heat a pair of soldering cappers and melt a pot of metal at the same time.



Either of the two Clayton & Lambert fire-pots shown on this page will burn at full especity for six hours on a single filling, which means you can stay right with your job instead of chasing up more fuel and letting your metal to cold.

Most hardware and supply stores sell these Clayton & Lambert fire-pots. You can identify them by the bright, red band around the base of the fuel tank. If they don't have them in stock they can get them for you quickly. And you'll certainly be well repaid for being particular and asking for them by name. For the performance of Clayton & Lam-

bert products has made this company the largest producer of fire-pots and blow-torches in the world, giving you quality articles at the savings

permitted by quantity production.

CLAYTON

LAMBERT

MANUFACTURING CO.

DETROIT, MICHIGAN



This is the Clayton & Louis bert No. 60 fire-got with plumber's shield. Tauk capacity one gallon of gasoline. Burns six bours full capacity without refilling. The should can be detached, and the hondie locked, so that coppers can easily be heated.

Internal Grinding

Equipment Needed — Faceplate for Truing Long Work — Typical Set-Ups

By HECTOR J. CHAMBERLAND



NTERNAL granding in the up todate shop at a daily problem. To do it properly requires attention and practice on the part of the machinist or toolnuker. And the equipment must be in fairly good combition.

A four-jaw chuck, a faceplate, and above all, a good internal attachment or apindle, are the most necessary and importantitemsofequipment.

The four-jaw chuck is given preference in the tool room on account of its convenience in truing up cylindrical or square work. The face-plate is used for pieces which, on account of size or shape, cannot be held in the elseck.

The spandle should be of the qualt, ball bearing type if possible, because of its sturdy construction and because it claim.



The first secret of success is doing accurate internal grinding in to use a properly adjusted spindle.

nates any possible springing action. If other types are used, they should be inspected often and taken up for wear when necessary

The outcome of an internal grinding job depends on the spindle. A ground hole mean perfection only to the degree made possible by the combined wheel and spindle. Skill cannot overcome serious spindle defects.

The finish on the work is an important factor, it is a question whether the job is for a press or drive fit, or a running fit. A hole ground with a wheel dressed with a manufactured absentive, for example, and one ground with a wheel dressed with the diamond, have a very different appearance if magnified only several times. The diamond leaves the necessary square and smooth finish on the wheel and should be used whenever possible.

THE finish is not so important when the piece being ground is for a drive fit. On the other hand, for a running fit finish the wheel should be freshly dressed before removing the last ,002 in, stock on the work and the last 001 in, should be ground off by feeding no more than ,0001 in, each time across

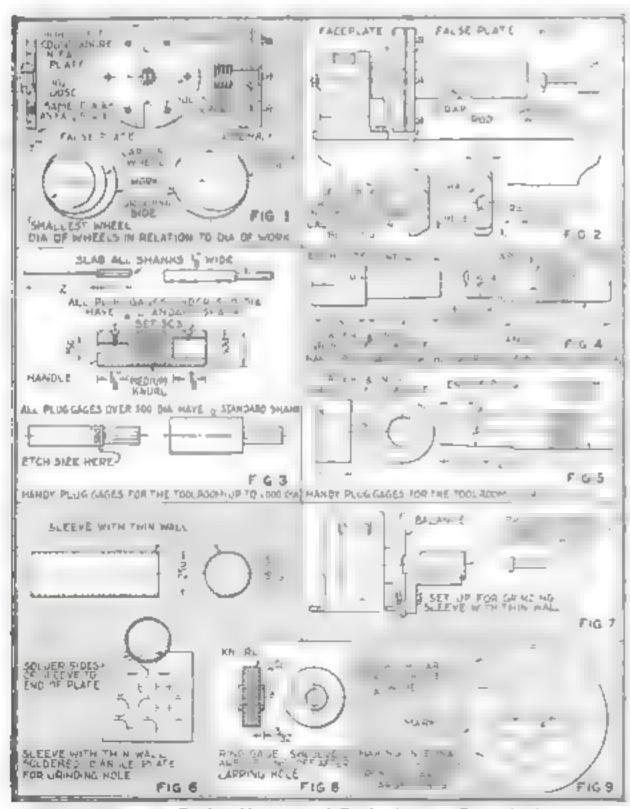
While grind og the wheel never shoold project bevind e ther end of the work more than half to waith. This will prevent bell-mouthing.

The diameter of the wheel should not be less than three quarters and not more than seven eighths the diameter of the hole. This is important for two reasons: if the wheel is too small, it will not stand up on a much larger surface; if too large, it will have a tendency to heat the work. In both cases the fluish is likely to be unsatisfactory. The traverse speed of the wheel should be correspondingly in accordance with the revolving speed of the work.

Do not force the wheel even when roughing out work. Care in this respect will help in getting a good finish and a perfectly round hole.

To find out if a hole is being ground straight, it is necessary only to work the wheel to the opposite side of the hole, this test will show if the hole is straight or if it is large in the front or in the back.

For tapering holes it is important that the wheel should grind perfectly central to the work. (continued on page 131)



Combination faceplate (Fig. 2) and how it is used (Fig. 3) plug gages (Figs. 3, 4 and 5), set up for thin bushings (Figs. 6 and 7); ring gage (Fig. 8), and a way to selvage work wheels Fig. 9).

430





The first thing every man or boy who owns, or plans to own, a home workshop needs is the big, new Starrett Catalog fully describing and illustrating all of the fine precision tools for workers in wood or metal, whether professional or amateur.

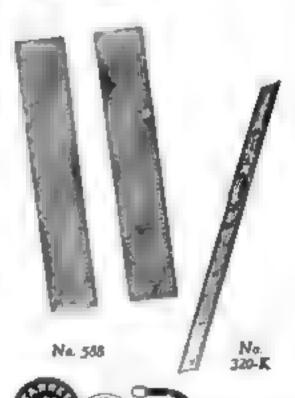
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No.

153

Spotting, Sawing, Stamping

Three Kinks to Save Your Time in Solving Daily Shop Problems

to be related correctly to each other requires the locating to be done within perhaps two thousandths. White work of this kind can be done by precision methods—with buttons or with blocks and parallels—these procedures are slow, especially where there are a number of holes. To spot such work with seratch awl, square, and center punch and get it right, requires extreme care and has the disadvantage that it is difficult to verify the location until after the boring steels—and quite often the damage—

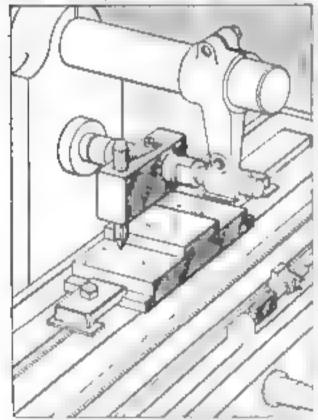


Fig 1 Spotting at techment on milling mechine for laying out work quickly and with remonable accuracy.

has been done, In Fig Lasshown a simple device that can be made at practically no cost except some odd moments of time, and by which the man in even the smallest abop will be enabled to lay out and spot many kinds of work so that it can be

Fig. 2. The attachment with a plain punch A and with a revolving cutter B

bored or drilled true within from .002 to 001 in, and sometimes even less. And the locating can be done so quickly that compared to some of the other methods it will look like "no time."

The bore for the punch is relieved centrally so as to give a bearing only at the ends. The punch should be a snug sliding fit, with not more than .0002 in.

GOING to and from your work is a good time to figure out that next job. To plan for a few moments sometimes saves hours of work. Remember that a good employee makes a good employer.

Turning, filing, "emerying"—an well an
center friction heat
up work on renters. A
good mechanic allows
the work to get remonably cool before the
final "miking" to size.
If this is done, the work
is not likely to be
undersize. Heat will
expand metal.

When you cut a keyway in a pulley or a gour that has spokes, always locate the keyway on the center line of a spoke.

A peoperly ground milling cutter should have a land about one sixteenth inch wide. The angle may



Old Bill

Says-

vary from four to six degrees, the first for steel and the last for cast iron. The relief or clearance angle back of the land should be about twelve degrees, but not more.

If you have any difficulty when cutting threads on steel, try a mixture of oil and sulphur on the work.

ideas and suggestions are useful only when they are put to work.

A good thing for the heginner to remember is always to use calipers

first on a piece of work. It is easy to get the work twenty-five thouand the over or under size—that is, one turn of the "mike" spindle.

An adjustable light bracket should not be attached directly to a machine, arrange a floor stand for it or fix it to the wall.

"shake." It is best to use a punch that is ground all over. A shallow notch under the head receives the end of a light leaf spring, which normally holds the punch in the raised position.

Figure 1 shows the spatting device in one on a plain band-milling machine, where it is held on the spindle as a cutter would be. The spindle is locked against rotation by a block of would lightly wedged between the pulley and overarm. By using the dial on the cross feed, and size blocks or length gages between the movable and fixed stops on the longitudinal feed, the machinist or toolmaker can lay out any combination within the range of the machine.

It goes without saying, of course, that the work done with this device can be no better than the machine on which it is used. Most modern machine tools, however, have a considerable degree of accuracy in regard to the traversing movements; and unless badly worn, the slide and table are likely to move in practically a straight line and at right angles to each other. A trial made with several locations on a test plate will show what the error is.

At B, Fig. 4, is illustrated the same attachment fitted with a revolving cutter that permits the spotting to be done with-

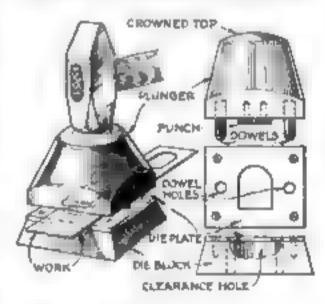


Fig. 4. Hand operated punch and die for stamping small pures without a press.

out any jarring and without causing any compression and consequent distortion of the metal such as might be troublesome in thin work having closely-spaced locations. The cutter is nothing more than a center punch of which the point has been carefully "halved off" and sharpened, it is spun with the fingers by means of the knurled handle, which is lightly driven in place on it and serves simultaneously as weight and "flywheel". A steel block shipped under the flange keeps the spindle naised when not in use.

Where the stationary stop on the cross slide of the miller (Continued on page 148)

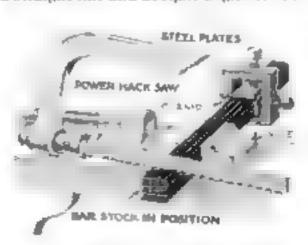
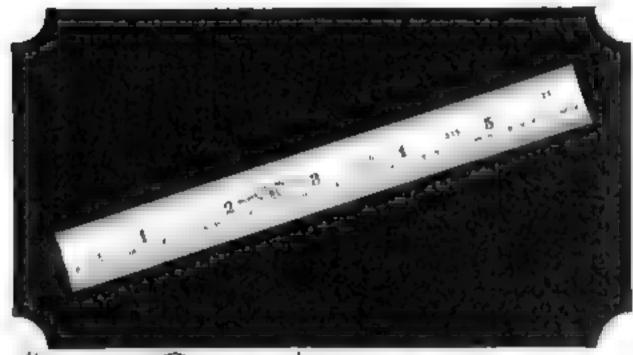


Fig. 1. A clamp to expedite the cutting of a number of preces of ber stock at one time.

Use Good Tools For Every Job



Brown & Sharpe Strel Rule
No. 115 (illustrated abuses is
especially easy to read. The
graduations are erachane
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For the commonplace measuring jobs as well as those requiring extremely fine measurements, use good tools. The Brown & Sharpe line includes not only precision tools for the most exacting work, but many such general tools as the rule shown above, excellently made and handy for many mechanical jobs.

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* MICROMETER CALIFER No. 11 25



* VEST POCKET SPRED INDICATOR c No. 746



DIAL TEST INDICATOR
 No. 733



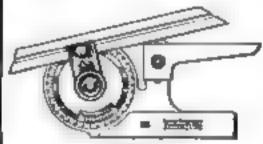
TWIST DRILL AND STEEL WIRE CAUGE No. 703



No. 615



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* UNIVERSAL BEVEL PROTRACTOR No. 494

*A description of this tool appears in Catalog No. 30

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Seven Midget "Superrenches", with openings from 7/32 to 1/2 fach, for those fuscy little Jobe ordinary wrenches can't handle. Both openings in each wrench are the same size, but at different angles—where one head can't operate, the other will, Invaluable for electrical work, all delicate adjustments and in close quarters.

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Every "Superrench" is Guaranteed Against Breakage



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MIDGET ELECTRICAL SET



By GILBERT P. SYMONS

DO YOU know what? I wash the State Board of Education would empower me to band out the degree of H. M. In England they might think it meant 'His Majesty 'but here in America it means "Handy Man."

Remember, A. B. stands not only for Bachelor of Arts, but also for Able Seaman. The Able Seaman may be dying out, but the Handy Man, never! I would find him everywhere, in almost every walk of life, but especially in the little house paid for for being paid for, through the Building and Loan Association.

The supper dishes have been washed and Mother is about to switch out the lotchen light, when she says: "Poppe, you better buy us a new clock tomorrow, the old one stopped today. I wouldn't go. A gleam comes into Poppus eyes—a gleam of sport ahead. It san't the sport of paying out \$2.79 for a new "Good Morning" from New Haven, Coun. No ser! That's a good clock, if only women knew how to treat a clock.

The women go into the living room and Pop has the kitchen to himself. Has he got everything? His reading glasses, a feather, benzine bottle, tweezers, fine screw driver, and some saucers? All right! Off with coat and vest and let's ait down to the nice enamel-top kitchen table and find out what's wrong. Let's draw "Good Morning" out of his nickel

shell. Aha! Kitchen grease and fluff on the pallets of the escapement—two years of kitchen vapor. Benzine on the feather fixes that. Might as well touch up the ends of all the train arbors while we are at it Look again. Mother said she shook the clock hard. She certainly did, for she shook the staff of the balance whice clear out of its seating! Now easy with the tweezers and don't strun the hair spring. A soft sound, not so hard as "snap," and then the little balance wheel is going again like sixty. Little drop of watch oil now, just for affection, on the end of a hatpan (these days Poppa has hatpins in his workhou, now that the girls don't use them).

"Good Morning" they called you, and the way you are going, old clock, it will be some time before we call you "Good Night."

Just then I step in on behalf of the Board of Education and view the whole works. But more, I view the man. He is glowing with pride. He had rescued something good from the ash barrel. "Man," I say, "Man, you're a wonder. You're not only a Good Man: you're a Handy Man. This diproma that I am awarding to you says so."

Or I spy the vilage doctor some evemog down in the laundry peering into a wash boiler "What is it, doctor?" I ask, "Home brew?" "No, sir," he says. "As fine a piece of plastic surgery as ever I saw. The cook punched the wash stick clean through that copper bottom last week. She said the old wash boiler had sprung a leak! Didn't seem to realize that the grill top of a gas stove doesn't give much resistance to punching sticks.

What do you think of my soldering? I patched it with a penny and no disrespect to Abraham Lincoln, either."

"Honest Abe would love you, doctor. Here's another diploma: H. M.-Handy Vian." (Continued on page 110)







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Oil Rubbing Old Furniture

How to Give Antiques a Glowing Luster - Darkening New Patches—Hints on Waxing

By R. C. STANLEY, Expert Furniture Redorm

HEN all the necessary patching and repairing have been done to a piece of antique furniture and the old finish has been removed as suggested in the first of these articles (December, 1927), we are ready to refinish the piece.

You may wonder why the removal of the old finish should be delayed until after the patching has been done. That is because I have found it had practice to wash off surplus glue from newly made joints. If the gluing is done before the old finish is removed, the surplus glue comes off with the old finish. If the finish were removed first the surplus glue would have to be accuped off, and the scraping would may the surfaces.

My experience has been that genume boiled linseed oil is the best agent for giving a deep, insteam appearance to old wood. Brush the oil out thin so as to apply no more than will be absorbed by the wood. The oil will require from twenty-four to seventy-two hours to dry thoroughly, the time varying with the temperature.

There are a number of opinions as to how lineed oil should be applied—whether full strength or diluted, whether boiled or raw. A very hard wood will not absorb as much oil as a softer one, so it is well to examine the wood and dilute the oil enough so that all will be absorbed. My practice is to use one part boiled oil and one part turpentine for all wood, but to apply more than one coat if the first enat anks in so that it is clear the wood will absorb more. If too much oil is applied, the surplus will dry on the surface and must be removed with steel wool—a very tedsous and annoying job.

The accepted method for refinishing

antique furniture is to leave it in the natural wood, that is, to polish the wood without the use of stains or vara sh. If this finish is desired, allow the piece to stand a day after removing the old finish so that the varnish remover will evaporate entirely—then oil the wood and allow ample time for drying.

If the patches appear new and of a lighter color than the surrounding wood, there are a number of ways in which they may now be treated

I. Make a paste of dehydrated lime and water, the consistency of thick creams. Apply this paste about 1 16 in thick to the new wood, let it stand for a day, and remove it carefully with a scraper and steel wool. If the wood still does not look old enough, repeat the process.

2. Dilute mirre seid with an equal amount of water and apply with a fine brush or a small swab to the new wood. Allow a day for the action of the acid and then wash it off with alcohol. This method is convenient and is used by many, but I do not recommend it. The acid is dangerous in the hands of those who are not accustomed to using it, and, furthermore, it seems to me to give the wood an unnatural appearance.

 Commercial wood dyes of the alcohol type, or spirit stains, as they are sometimes called, can be diluted with alcohol to the desired shade. These dye the wood a fast color and can be given a rubbed oil finish without difficulty.

 There are also trade preparations, in fact, I use one exclusively and find it gives better results than the preceding methods.

When the new (Continued on page 131)

SAY GOODBYE Hard Hand Drilling

A Complete Electric Workshop

including this 4 Drill for only 6820

The Lathe-Bed is 34" long, with Head and Tailstock, and has working capacity up to 16%

Power is supplied by sturdy 1/4" Standard Millers Falls Drill pictured below.

Making things with this workshop is lots of fun ... profitable too. Save on your

Christmas shopping this year. With this power workshop you can make toys, magazine racks, light furniture, lamps ... all sorts of wooden and light metal articles that will delight those you give them to.

With the Electric Workshop, household repair jobs become easy. Handy around the car too. You can loosen up carbon without removing the cylinder head. Merely dip the wire end-brush through the spark plug holes and turn on the "juice."

Metal drilling-by hand a long, irksome job, is quick and easy with this Workshop and power drill.

6" circular saw, saw table and arbor, shown at left, cost only \$10.00

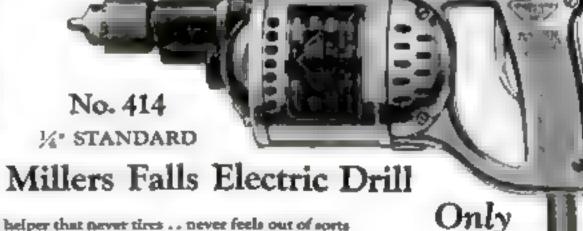


The New Electric Workshop includes:

36" Standard Electric Urill with 8" of cable. Universal Motor, for A. or D. C.

34" Lathe-Bed, with Head and Tailstock Rest Socket Long Rest Short Real Spur Center 1 Pointed Centers V Center Face Plate Conter Cup Center Screw Center Adaptor Chuck and Shenk 4' Emery Wheel 4" Wire Break 6" Buff Wheel Wire End-Brush 4 Turning Tools Complete in 9 x 16% x 7% Steel Carrying Case, which holds everything except

Lathe-Bed



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Slip a drill point into the Jacobs Chuck. Turn the witch . . . and watch it spin-bite its way through in a fraction of the time hand-drilling would take.

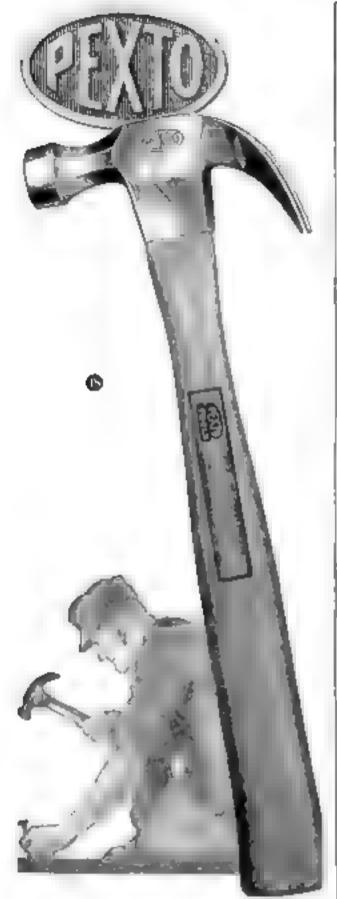
This drill will keep right on serving you long after many so-called "low-priced" electric drills have been retired to the scrup pile.

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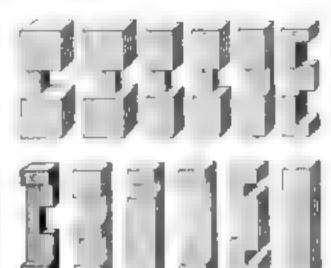
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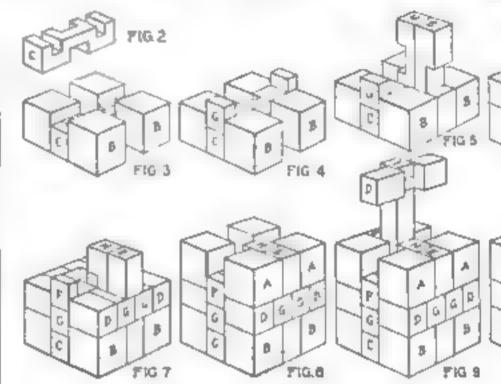
Two Cubical Block Puzzles

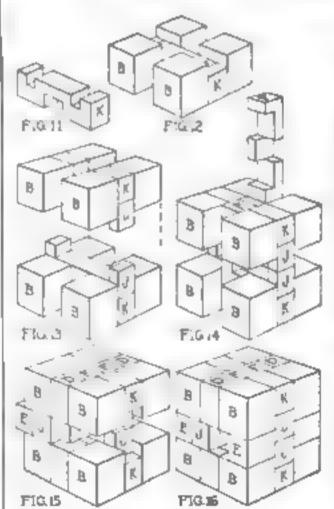
Easy to Whittle but Will Amaze Your Friends

By ARTHUR L. SMITH

N THE article describing the common sax-block passile or "Chinese cross" in the May, 1927, imite, it was stated that the whitler could devise new combinations at will. Those who have tried to exhaust its possibilities have found the number running into the thousands without reaching the end. If this be true with sex blocks, it follows that the number of different combinations with a greater number of blocks would be increased to an instellante sum. For many whittlers the greater part of the pleasure of whitting the puzzles has in devising the character of the cuts for themselves. There is no danger of describing all the combinations







so as to destroy this pleasure. These articles are intended to introduce readers unfamiliar with wooden puzzles to a new avenue of amusement.

FIG IO

In a former article (September, 1097) the problem was presented of combining blocks 1/4 in. square by 2 in. long into the form of a cube. Ordinary cubical forms are composed of aixteen blocks of which four (A and B, Fig. 1) are 34 in square by 8 in long and twelve 16 in square and the same length. Two ways of comorning these will be shown. The second is but a variation of the nixteen-block paggle described in a former article with the exception that four large blocks are substituted for four blocks marked C in that article.

Fig. 1 shows a series of blocks which will allow of at least two combinations in the cubical form. In all the blocks except A the cuts are uniformly 🔏 in, deep and 16 to 116 in. long. A bas a cut 16 in. deep.

The first combination requires the following sixteen blocks: A A B B C D D D EEFGGGHL The illustrations above each step in assembling, the letters being placed on the ends in all cases. Block C is placed as shown in Fig. 2, B B era fitted into the 1/2-in. cuts (Fig. 3). Upon (Confinued on page 180) C the block G is

How to cut and manufact the blocks. A and

Blace \$4 in. square; the others \$5 in. square.

Mr. Brown and Mr. Jones both ride with ETHYL

but for entirely different reasons!



Mr. Brown is a thrifty soul. He knows exactly what it costs him to run his automobile. He can give you the cost per mile of tires, oil, gas and depreciamon.

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EVERY day more Mr. Browns and L more Mr. Joneses are meeting at Ethyl pumps. (So are their wives). In fact, at hundreds of gasoline service stations, the sales of Ethyl Gasoline now exceed the sales of ordinary gasoline. For there is nothing else like Ethyl. It is good gasoline plus ETHYL "anti-knock" compound, a product of General Motors Research Laboratories. Try it.

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Ethyl Gasolina is colored red for identification only. It's the tetraathyl lead in Ethyl that "bracks out ghat 'katack.''

A booklet giving the facts about Ethyl Gasoline will be sent on request.

Champion X— You and the Teachers, And place the state of the control of the contr

CHAMPION Spark Pluge outself all other makes throughout the world, by the amazing ratio of two to one. Champion is accepted as the better spark plug.

The exclusive sillimenite insulator is impervious to electrical current, possessed of high heat conductivity, remains remarkably free from earbon and oily deposits and is practically unbreakable.

Special analysis electrodes, and a positive compression-tight copper gasket seal, make Champion specially adapted for dependable service in modern, high-compression engines.

A complete new set of Champion Spark Plugs quickly pay for themselves in gas and oil saved. They bring to your engine better all around and more economical car performance.



How to Stop Window Leaks with Putty and Paint

By F. N. VANDERWALKER, Noted Painting Authority



Fig. 2 (At left), Wire brushing a such, Fig. 2 (At right). As ovel such brush,

NE of the most annoying features about many a new home is the leaking of window sash. The casement windows so popular today are especially likely to let in water whenever there is a driving rain. Homes that have a very narrow roof overhang are often troubled because the rain beats deportly upon the window glass. After the usual scramble for mops, sponges, and pails to check the flood before it ruins the wall decorations, drapes, or floors, a few unkind words are said about the contractor.

The basic cause does, undeed, go back to the method of making the wondows. They are of very dry wood, which absorbs the oil from the pulty are of given a cost of first class oil paint before the gass used and the putty put in place, the putty, even if of good quality itself will not adhere properly for any length of time. As soon as it begins to crumble or break away water naturally can proctate through the window, and even if it does no especial damage inside, it will at least cause great damage to the paint and varnish inside and outside the sash

Every specification for new window such should require a coat of high grade oil point before the glass is set, and also state that the putty be made from white lead, whiting, and pure linseed oil. Far too much putty is made from cheap pigments and oils, and far too many sixhes are puttied after a skimpy coat of point

The very best glazing requires that the glass be bedded in putty that is, after the sash bars have been painted and are dry, a ribbon of putty in run on the sash bars, the glass is put in place, the small trangular sine glazing points are driven in, and then the outside putty is applied. A sash treated in this way with good putty and then well puinted at intervals will pover leak.

One inexpensive safeguard against leaks under the bottom of a casement sash is a small molding or deep cap. It throws the water away from the sash and onto the slanting sall. When water runs in between the glass and sash bars of wooden window mash, examine the putty. If it is no dry and brittle that it is dropping out of place, the only economical remedy is to take out the mash one at a time and remove the old putty with a putty knife or an old wood church. If part of the putty is firmly attached and part cracked, it is possible on some jobs to remove merely the loose putty, then paint the wood and refill with good putty.

If all the putty is firmly attached but has pulled away from the glass in praces allowing the water to run between, the remedy is to apply paint not only on the putty but also on the margin of the glass itself. That will of course, make a memy-looking job, but the paint, if freely applied, will real all the openings. At



Fig. 2. Patture to apply the proper first cost caused the scaling of this steel analy.

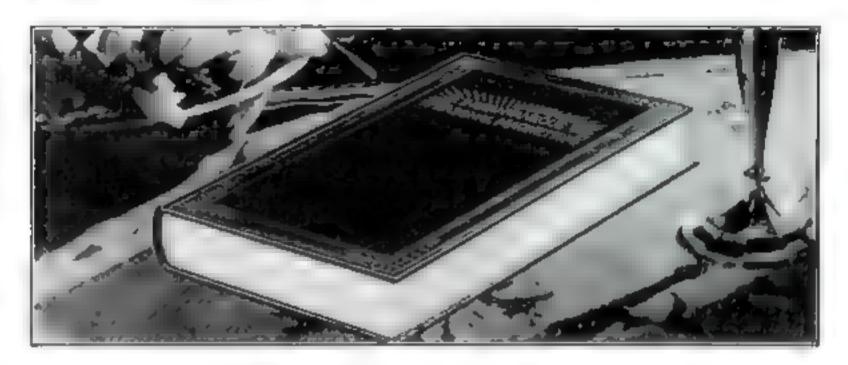
least two coats of good paint are required. When the paint has become hard, which requires at least a week a time, that on the glass can be readily removed with a safety razor blade held in one of the handles sold for this purpose (Fig. 4).

THE best putty is made from dry whiting, white lead, and pure linseed oil. There is so much cheap putty sold, adulterated with murble dust and inferior oils, that it pays to make your own. For colored putty, dry colors such as raw and burnt umber are added to the whiting and white lead,

The procedure is to place a pile of dry whiting on a pie plate or a board and work a lump of white lead-in-oil into it. Use a putty knife until the mixture is fairly dry and then knead it like bread dough. Pounding it with a club or a mallet is also a good way to mix it well. If it gets too dry, add a few drops of oil or floor varnish. (Continued on page 118)

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Why are men and women to profoundly affected by this work" so anxious to get a cupy? The answer is an pie. The book reveals to them for the first time how any man or woman—old or young can develop a Magnetic Personality restroity? It explains how to gain occumpnt the personal charm that attracts consistent friends—the self-confidence that impress quick success is any business or profession.

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in a sureversate the appearable and especially for sureversate the appearable and especially to be appearable as we find what three people say to be true. It is not find that lead the appearable value Year will rately be a to formate people van meet to at art new friends. I gave the special production and long pay which a ways come to men and winner who have developed but meet wooder in it all quantities in MAGNETIC PLACEUNALITY.

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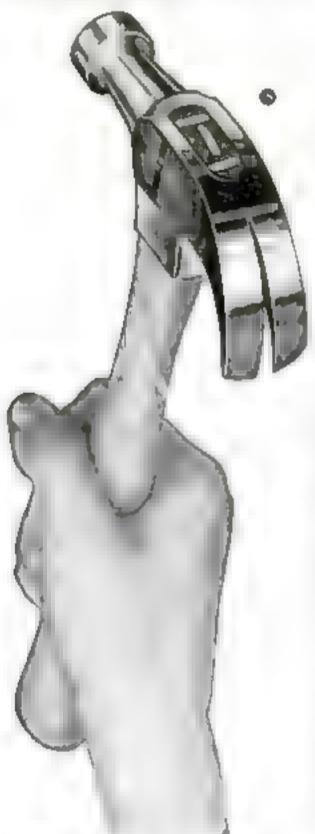
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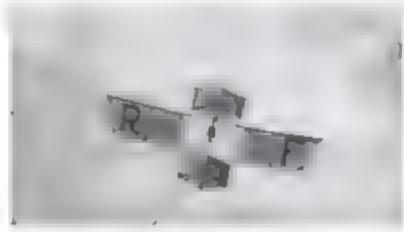
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Large nirplane hite souring with a camera—the dark spot near the other stad a clock mechanism for stapping views,

Kite Carries Camera Aloft

Has 12-ft. Wing Spread and Looks Like Airplane -Releases a Parachute

By RUDOLPH F. FISCHER

NE of the most interesting lates I have constructed during the four years that I have been building and flying lates as a bobby in the one illustrated. It has a wing spread of 12 ft., and the over-all beight is 6 ft. An alarm clock fastened to the frame serves to release a 4-ft. parachute at any time for which the alarm clock may be set. The clock also can be used to operate a box camera, with which surprisingly clear "airplane" views can be taken.

In construction the kite is unusually substantial. I have flown it nearly fifty times and have never had to make re-

The four main body sticks and the two main wing sticks are t_0 by t_0 -in, basewood strips. Each long wing stick is composed of two 6-ft. lengths penced in the middle of the body with an aluminum sleeve. All other parts of the framework are t_0 -in square basewood, nailed with 1-in, brads.

All points are glied and wrapped with fine wire. Twine is used for the wing braces and 26-gage wire for the body braces.

The brace wires are attached to the hody wherever required by means of the by 36 by 1-in, aluminum stripe as shown on page 98. The wood is protected with two coats of varnish. The covering is blue alk tacked at 2-in, intervals with very small tacks.

The alarm clock mechanism — the casing and glass being removed to lessen the weight —is fastened with two ½—in.

screws to a strip of wood ¼ in, square and 6 in, long, which is glorif and wired to the late frame.

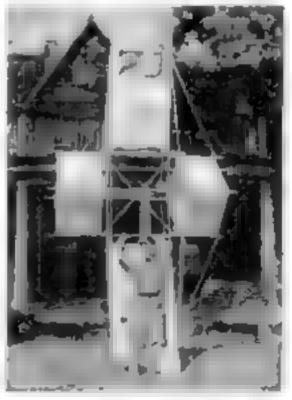
The box camera is fastened to a strp, P, \S_1 by \S_2 by \S_3 by \S_4 by 8 in., by means of brais screws driven through the rear door of the camera. This strip is attached to the late by setting the lower end in the aluminum socket G, the upper end is held by screw F. The camera is rigidly braced to the body of the kite by two braces of twine or wire as shown in the top view.

A SHORT prect of strong silk line is fartened to the alarm winding key f of the clock so that when the alarm goes off the key will wrap the line about itself, thus drawing the line through the M-in, screw eyes f and operating the shutter lever of the camera by means of an auxiliary sever made as shown.

The line should be provided with small books at K so that the part of the line tied

to the lever can be disconnected and rebooked to pull the shutter in the oppomed direction.

The parachute is released by means of a pin made of wire 🍇 in. in danmeter and 2 in, long with an eye in one end. The pin alides through two 34 m. eyebotta. Between these eyebolts are two rings, one bolding the parachute by means of a conf and two then streps of bamboo, the other holding the parachite weight. As the clock pulls back the pun by means of a fine alk hoe, both rings are released and the para-(Continued on page 98,



Close-up of the hite to show its size and construction. A 25-th, string is used.

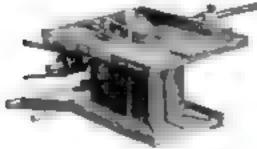
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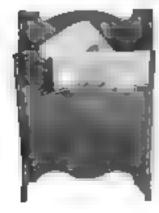
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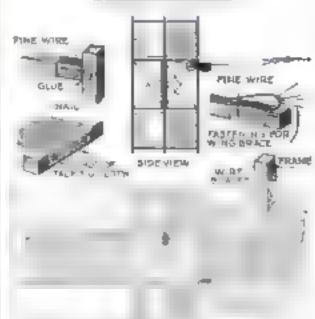
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Kite Carries Camera

(Cantinued from page 95)



Front and side views of the hits as it stands on the ground, details of the various feetenings

chute falls clear of the kite and opens. The late is held at three points, A, B, and C (front view). The lines are brought together at a simp swiver account 10 ft from the kite. The k te string, of 25-lb. twine, is faatened to the awivel.

I don't advise sending the parachute and clock up at the same time. Usually I set the alarm to go off about seven minutes after the kite leaves the ground.



Plan of the life from above and the cumeraoperating and persebute releasing Autures,

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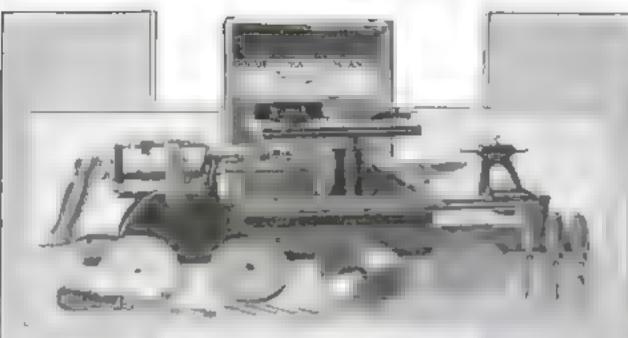
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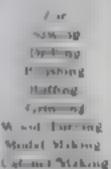
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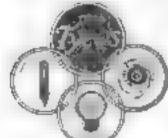


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Wooden Chucks Used in Turning Attractive Lamp and Stand

By HERMAN HJORTH



Fig. 1. Turned table lamp of a type say home worker can make on a small lather.

THE turned table lamp illustrated in Figs. 1 and 9 consists of two parts, L the upright and the base. Before the apright can be turned, a hole must be made lengthwise through its center for the electric wices. This hole may be made either by borning through a solid piece of wood or by gluing two pieces together after first cutting a groove in each.

In the first method the advantage of having a solid piece of wood is offset by the difficulties encountered in boring the hole. The suger bit to be used should have a spitr for civil wood boring, and, as the ordinary auger bit is not long enough, a hole must be bored from each end. If the ends are squared accurately with the sides and the boles started on a drill press, there is a good chance to have them meet in the center; moreover, any Ittle unevenues may be readily removed by inserting a red-hot iron rod.

The only difficulty about the second method is to plane the faces of the two pieces accurately, so that they will make a perfect joint. A groove by in, deep and 14 m. wide should be cut in the center of each piece before gluing.

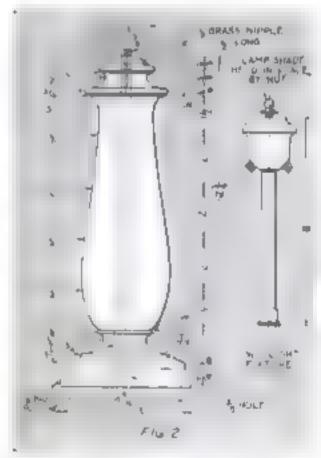
When turning the upright, block the hole in the end running on the live center. (the tenon) with a piece of soft wood The bole in the other end is left the way it is and runs on the dead center.

The base may be turned so as to avoid series holes in its bottom. Get out the stock, plane one side, and screw it to the faceplate as explained in the article on candlesticks published just month.

Reduce the wood to the thickness and diameter required and cut a little depression in its center about Jo in deep and about 1 m. less in diameter than the total diameter of the base (Fig. 3) Thus is the bottom of the base, and the depression is out to make it stand well.

Bore a hole with a 3-in. auger bit into the edge of the base and wed past its center. Sandpaper the bottom and edge of the base and remove it.

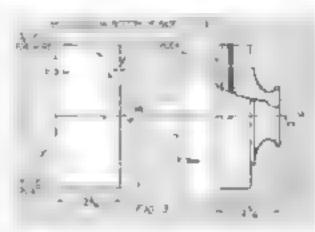
A device called a 'chuck' is now made from a piece of wood, preferably soft and at least 1 in, larger in diameter than the base. This is screwed to the faceplate, faced off, and turned to its largest possible diameter.



Graceful table lamp, the base of which is turned in a wooden chuck as shown below

Caliper the diameter of the lamp base carefully, mark this diameter on the soft wooden disk, and cut a recess into it about 14 m. deep. The base should fit. very tightly in this recess. To begin with, out well within the line marked and gradually enlarge the recess until the right diameter has been reached.

If the recess should be too large, place a piece of paper over it and drive the base m place. If this does not hold the base tightly, face the disk off and try again. When the base fits properly and is driven (Continued on page 163) tightly up



The base is coughed out on the faceplate left then finished in a wooden chuck right.

Wood Turning (Centinued from page 102)

F/G. 4

This stand is an interesting project from the turner a standpoint and makes a fine gift.

against the bottom of the recess so that it runs true it may be turned in the usual manner without danger of coming loose. This operation is called "chucking." To remove the base from the chuck, grasp it firmly with one hand and tap the face of the chuck with a handmer

It is best to stain and finish the up-

Pag. 5

How the top member of the amoking stand in held on a wooden chack. right and the buse sepu stely A ban metal hushing is screwed into the hole hored into the side of the buise and a 🗛 in, brass pipple about & in. long er screwed into the top of the apright so as to projeet about 30 in. Remove the wooden plug from the lower end of the upright pull the

(Continued on page 104)



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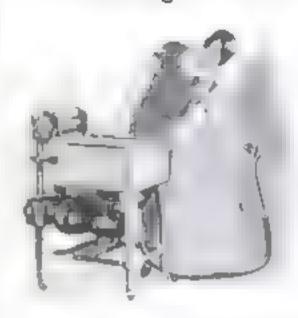
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Wood Turning

(f ant need from page 103)

lamp cord through the hole, and glue the upright to the base. The lamp may be held in the lathe until the glue has set, the base fitting in the chuck and the brass apple over the dead center.

A two-light fixture, such as shown in Fig. 4, is screwed to the supple. It is fitted with two pull sockets to which the proper wire connections are made. The other end of the lamp cord is fitted with a plug-

The shape, color, and inbrie of the shade as a matter of individual taute,

SIMILAR problems in turning are involved in making the smoking stand shown in Fig. 4. It consists of three main parts—the base, the upright, and the top. First turn the upright,

The base may be turned without churking it, as it is not important to hide the screw holes. When the three little feet are screwed to its underside, it will stand firmly. Before turning these, hore ½-in holes for the screws through the center of the stock. The feet are turned exactly as the exercise given under convex turning (June, 1928, issue, page 90).

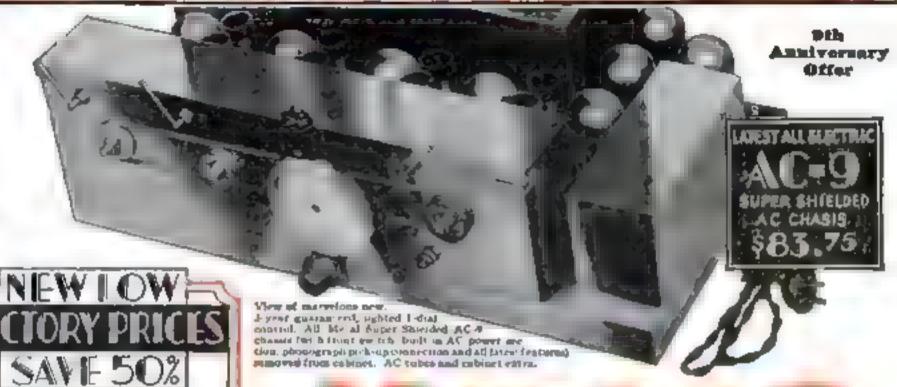
Unlike the base, the top must be chucked when turning to avoid unsightly screw holes. Instead of fitting made the chuck, as in the case of the base for the table lamp, it fits over it and against a shoulder turned on it (see Fig. 5). The recess cut in the top is for a glass or metal tray. The diameter and depth of this recess, therefore will vary according to the dimensions of the ash tray.

Glue the parts together and finish the stand as previously suggested.

This is the eighth of a series of articles for home workers who own small lather and have taken up the recently revived hobby of wood turning.

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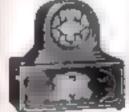


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Paint Sprayer Built as Attachment for Vacuum Cleaner

By WALTER E, BURTON



Pointing with a homemade sprayer operated by the air blown from a vacuum cleaner

WITH a glass jar of the screw-cap type and a few other odds and ends. vou can construct a satisfactory paint sprayer to be operated by the family vaccion cleaner. The use of gara at sprayer makes pointing a pleasure. It is especially suitable for producing a smooth even hand with quick-drying

Bes ness the glass jur you will need a piece of brass pipe or tubing 7 or Bir loog, the valve from an old saner tabe, a few small stove bolts with washers, and a step of spring trass or other springy metal about 1/4 in, wide and 8 in, long. The brass pape should be of such a diam-



The openyer ready for meembly. A glass jerinner tube valve and brase tube are med.

eler that it will fit the vacuum cleaner

The anney-labe valve stem is treated as follows. The buttentike part at one endsawed off, and the remaining threaded tube a ground to a point. The raide valve mechanism is disear ed. The tabe is fastened to the sprayer ad, pointed endout by ments of two buts such as are usually found on valves. An extension of tubing is soldered on the lower end if the me is deep enough to require it. A small hole is drilled in the cap so as to admit are into the paint chamber.

The section of brasi pipe which serves as a namele and hose connection is closed at one end by a seldered-on disk in which a land have bus been drifted. A washer

of sustable size can be used.

The spray is regulated by the springbrass strip, which is dulled and bent as shown and fastened to the handle by means of two stove holts. By pressing the strip down until the hole at the forward end comes it ostenied in page 104,

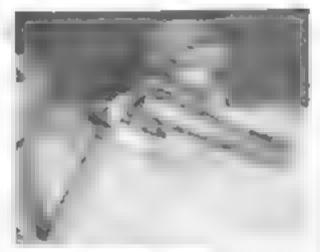
Paint Spraying Attachment

(Continued from page 108)

opposite that in the end of the tube, the

apray is increased in volume.

Most vacuum cleaner fittings include a blower attachment. The hose from this is connected to the tube of the sprayer, an intervening section of soft rubber tubing can be used if required. When in operation, the cleaner should be supported on a block of wood or in some



The spray is controlled by persoure on a apreng bress sirip, which regulates the sir-

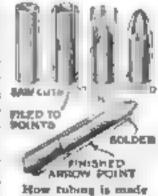
som far manner so that are can be drawn in without difficulty. A fairly thin facquer, enamel, or point that is free from lumps will be found best for the sprayer

If the pressure delivered by the element is not sufficient to produce a satisfactory apray, a small hole should be drilled so as to connect the inside of the sprayer handle with the paint chamber. This will cause a abilit pressure in the jar, and the paint will be forced up the paint tube. The hole should not be too large, or the paint will be forced out when the regulating spring is in the "off" position.

t malty the sprayer should be held about a foot from the work, and care should be taken that the paint is not applied in too thick a coating. The best technic can be developed by practice.

How to Make Arrow Points

ARROW points and may be made as illustrated from brass or steel tubing, the outside diameter of which equals that of the arrow shaft. Place the tubing vertically in a vise, make two mats from \$6 to \$6 in. deep with a back saw at right



lato arrow points.

angles to each other, and with a triangular file work each cut to a long V-shaped notels. With a light hammer and phers bend the points together. Drop a small piece of ribbon or wire solder inside the tube and melt it by applying external heat; also add additional solder to the edges of the cuts. File off the excess solder.—J. V. HARRARD.

Seora and stains often can be removed from a felt hat with very fine sandpaper. In some cases sandpaper does the work as effectively as a commercial cleaning fluid.



Accept 10 Days' Proof

Let us prove that the claims millions of men make for this unique shaving cream are justified

GENTLEMEN

Pullman car arguments never have yet proved a point.

That's why we make no claims for Palmolive Shaving Cream other than the fact that millions of men, once wedded to rival preparations, have shifted to this new creation.

Hence—that it is worth a trial So we send to-day tubes for that purpose. Wall you accept one as a courtesy to us?

65 years of soap study stand behind Palmolive Shaving Cream 129 formulas were developed and discarded before we found the right one. All our experience as the makers of Palmolive Soap, the world's leading toilet soap, is embodied in this creation.

5 new factors

- Multiplies itself in lather 250 times
- 2. Softens the beard to one minute.
- Maintains its creamy fullness for 10 minutes on the face
- 4. Strong bubbles hold the hairs erect for cutting
- 5. Fine after-effects due to palm

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Your present method may suit you well. But still there may be a better one. This test may mean much to you in comfort. Send the coupon before you forget

PALMOLIVE RADIO HOUR—Broadcast every Wednesday night from 9:30 to 10:33 p.m. castern time: A 10 to 9:10 p.m. central time over Nation WEAF and 12 stations associated with The National Broadcasting Company.



With the new unbreakable Bakelite top

To add the final rouch to shaving luxury, we have created Palmolive After Shaving Tale—especially for then. Doesn't show Leaves the skin smooth and fresh, and gives that well-grouned look. Try the tample we are sending free with the tube of Shaving Cream. There are new delights here for every man. Please let us prove them to you.

10 SHAVES FREE

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Simply smert your name and address and mail to Dept. B-1956, Palmolive, 3701. Iron St., Chicago, Ill.

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Yeeder-ROOTINGORPORATED

A definite program for getting ahead financially will be found on page four of this laste.

Cut Your Costs on Millwork

by Making Your Own with the



Model Land Yacht Racing Is Boys' Latest Sport

By Charles M. Miller

Assistant Superintendent of Manual Training, Los Angeles City Schools

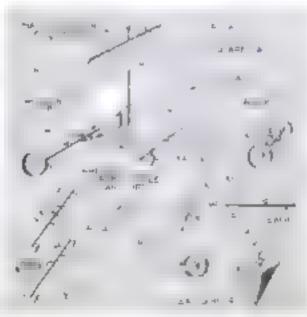


Two small, speedy sail wagons. They recemble you yachts, but bravel on wheels,

ATER yachts are tame bearde these little runnways that runh along the pavements almost as fast as the word. Ad kinds of sails may be used, and wont with cuming before the wind or tacking, there are problems to keep the owner on tiploe through all the windy playdays of fall.

Land sail wagons are sometimes large enough to carry the pilot, indeed, boys often attach a sail to an express wagon. Such crafts, however, are a nusance on adewalks and of some danger to old people and children. Small models give just as much fun and are proving an attraction wherever they are exhibited before groups of boys.

In the simplest form, the framework commute of a front axle and a spine, reach, or beam running from the axle to the tear end. Three wheels are used on this framework. A short axle may be used at the rear, in which case four wheels are required. The three-whiel type shown is more anitable for a square sail when running with the wind, the four-whiel type of interest on page 100,



A 4 ft. long model rigged with a square salt; and both these and four-wheel frameworks.

Model Land Yacht

(Lantanued from page 198),

with an adjustable cent axle is better for tacking.

The axles and reach may be from 2, to 34 in thick mid from I to I ig in, wide For a 4-ft model the width between the front wheels should be about 2 ft 6 m.

The wheels can be attached by means of wheel blocks, on the axle ends, except in the case of a migle rear wheel, when extension strips are used, as shown.

The tops from coffee or other has can be made into excellent wheels. If thin screws are used the wheels are likely to wallible to overcome this nail a small but to the made of each tor disk. The hole through the wood should be a trifle



A tour wheel model with sail facted to show construction of howepers and troop sale,

large, the real bearing being at the center of the tin disk.

A good cocation for the must is about one third the distance from front to rear A he or hear, hardwood dowel 5 ft high wal serve as the mast, and a piece of \$4in dowel for the flagpole.

A square sail requires a yardarm near the top. The lower corners are held by two pieces of cord lashed to a crosspiece, which is placed shout one third the dislance from must to stern. Stays from the most top to the fore and stern ensisof the spine serve to brace the mast and stays from the ends of the yardaras prevest the sail from twisting.

A little ballast may be necessary in a strong wand-a lead maker with a wire book bung at any point on the crossbar

While square sais are placed on the majority of these craft, many of which are built and used in the Los Angeles school playgrounds, it makes the sport more interesting, as soon as some expertence has been gathed, to rig regular yacht ants.

A Primer for Yellow Pine

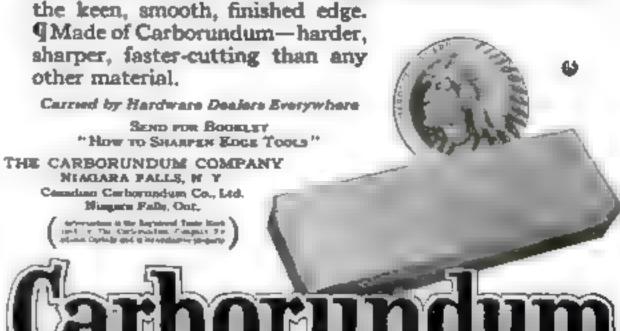
YELLOW pube woodwork is some-times primed by puncters with a inixture of waite lead and red lead in equal quantities, thinned with raw figseed oil, turpentine, and benzole in equal parts. The advantage of this printing is that it effectively seals in whatever pitch there is in the wood and forms a durable base for the finishing coats, whether oil paint, flat paint, or chamel underconter.



Carborundum Combination Stones

In attic and cellar workrooms, where scalous home-craftsmen patiently labor, there you will usually find Carborundum Sharpening Stones keeping all edge tools efficiently keen-cutting.

¶Experienced craftsmen know the value of keen, edged tools. That is why Carborundum Combination Stones are in thousands of their tool kits. The coarse-grit side removes nicks and brings the tools to an edge. The fine-grit side gives



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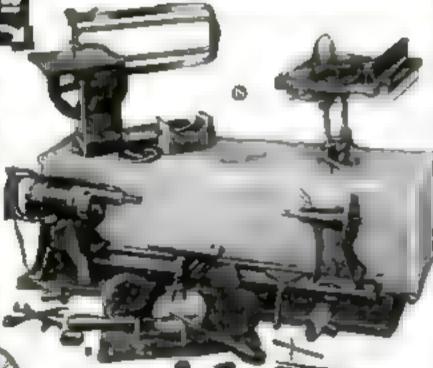
NEW 12" Band Saw

New y therebuged, to Detroi with miniba mental her Jouen hard the sequence see attendance are accorned to every densit it is applied with a childrenia.

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May be properly seed on two payment backs 130,000, \$ 0.00 found and \$ 0.00 per-onal. With the plan saymer can with a res. Bland 46.

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THE UP-TO-DATE HOME

Plug in on any light socket and go to work. Make your old with bench a modern Up-to-Date workshop. THE SHOP COMPLETE consists of a mer-power Motor an accurate Lathe (10" x 34"). a to circular saw which features the bevel, miter suse and lepth a Till a Table, Jig Yaw, and E cleaning and all ad acressures or W 19 pritt. . or via Rall ·

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Manager Dept. 23 Without and obligation please and we all narrowlars die LE - runs time his programmes, from market compress, when The score and according to

A. Crouse

The Handy Man

(f. antiqued from page 68)

Oh, I would find my Handy Man! I would find a dry-goods clerk sneaking up to the attre out of Second-Grade Mary's way, praying she won't discover him, because he loves her so much. And why? Doll's house! Two stories, with bathroom and cupola. Glased windows cut. with father's glass-cutter! Pilasters smoothed with father s little block plane! Green and white coop varmsh flowed on from father a little brush! Real alongies on the little roof out of that extra piece of printed linoleum father saved. Got to get busy if it is to be ready for the Birthday.

Doll's house! You can buy them in the stores. But if you do, you commit sacrilege. A doll's house is holy when father makes it. He's twice the father, and Second-Grade Mary will never forget that little house if she lives to be ninety. What she always remembers in, "Father made it for me with his own hands." Handy Man!

Oh, keep on, brothers, even if you never get your diploma. Keep on making things and mending things with your own hands. Never modified ocalied "practical men" say you fiddle away your space time and money What do they do with their spare time and money?

And you women. Be human Let your husband make a few shavings in the kitchen. Let him clamp his little vise on the table. Let the boy heat his soldering iron. on the gas stove. If you don't, you're killing something divine which the Creator put isto that man, and it must come out. Men can't bring forth babies. They can't be forever at their regular work. Let them be Handy Men-and fervently thank God if you've got one in your home.

Postseript.—Some happy day the good architects will do a new thing. Instead of marking that little 8 by 8 room, "Den" (you'd think a man was a bear), they'll mark it "Home Work-shop"! Why not?

Fastening Oversize Storm Sush

WHEN appearances are of no great importance, a ready-made storm asah often can be used without any filling, for a windaw not of a standard size It is merely fastened. on the outside of the casing as shown, by three or



Oversite storm sesh held with serew eyes.

lour acrew eyes on each side and one in the center at top and bottom. In this way it is possible to use a sash that is 2 or 3 m, water than the inside width of the window casing -H L.W

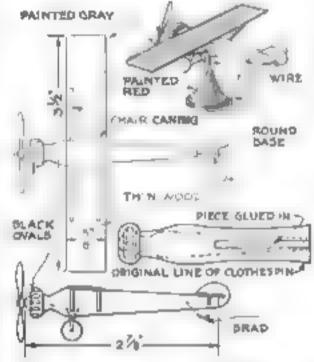
The clogging of the throat of a plane usually is caused by the can iron's being too thick or not fitting the face aide of the cutter perfectly. Judicious filing of the upper and under sides of the cap iron with a flat file will remedy either trouble.

Model Airplane Has Clothespin Body

By F. Clarke Hughes

SMALL model sirplanes are attractive novelties for use as ornaments, favors,

The body can be whittled from a spare piece of soft pine, or a clothespin may be tned. A good length is 2% or 8 in, and the breadth and depth in proportion. The wings are best made from very thin,



Top and side views and shetch of the plane how the body is usede from a clothespin.

soft pane. They are merely glued in place. The stays may be made from pine, reed (cane), or bamboo, such as that used in making flying models. The motor and propeller are carved with a pocketknife.

After the model has been lacquered a light gray, it may be placed on a small red hase, such as the one illustrated, or suspended by means of a black aik thread from a chandelier or other support.

Cheaply Made Dust Brushes

TWO good dust heusties often BRISTLES ARE CUI can be made from a ducarded floor push brush, provided the brush in not too badly worn, Saw it according to the accompanying dangram, trim away the hair on what dies, and dress the



are to be the hatt- becomes two brashes

handles with a rasp or coarse file. While the handles are not centered, thus does not matter.—FRED W HARTON.

Substitute for Rubber-Stamp Pad

SUBSTITUTE for a rubber-stamp A pad can be made by wrapping a length of typewriter ribbon around a piece of cardboard and fitting it into an old stamp pad box. When the pad no longer gives a clear impression, the outer layer of ribbon can be cut away

Just notice the fine skins of men who use WILLIAMS!"



The absolute purity that comes from triple distilled ingredients

Eighty-eight years of specialized study in blending these ingredients

These, among many other things, have put Williams Shaving Cream in a class by itself.

Have you tried it? Yes, of course? Then we don't need to tell you anything more about it.

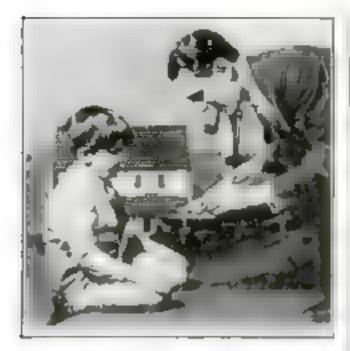
And listen to the drug clerk. He has a chance to know. "Oh, yes, sometimes they change, but they all come back to Williams!"

The J # Williams Company Clastonbury Come. -Montreal, Compan.

Next time say

Williams Shaving Cream

Afterwards find out how perfectly AQUA VELVA completes the shave. Made inst for that!



Where's the can ofPLASTIC WOOD?

Reg. W. S. Pat. Od.)

A sail host broken, a damaged toy it's a real tragedy in child life. But Plastic Wood, which Handles like Purty, Hardens into Wood, and holds fast to wood, metal, fabric, plaster, porcelain or glass will quickly effect cures that would make a surgeon or magician greet with envy. Keep it on hand for toy accidents—and use it for repairs of all kinds around the house; flor, baseboard and door cracks; loose casters, handles, and furniture; mouse holes, screw holes, nail holes; cracked tiles and porcelain bathroom fixtures.

PLASTIC

(Rep. U.S. Ph.) Off

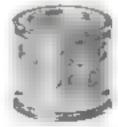
White Waterproof Tile Cement.

For the bathroom, when the of purcetain aplits, cracks open up around the oles, or a wall fixture comes loose, Plastic Wind. White Waterproof Tile Cement is of immediate value. It will hold broken pieces, seal cracks, in impervious to water, and diet to a hard flat white. At the same prices as Plastic Wood.

Plastic Wood Solvent.

Plante Wood drier rapidly, and often when working it becumes necessary to soften or thin it. A few drops of Plante Wood Solvent will renew the wood that has started to dry. Plante Wood Solvent, in 25 and 50-cent came, can be bought through your dealer.

Handles like Putty



Hardens into Wood

1 lb. can \$1.00

34 lb. can 35 etc.

At Hurdware and Paint Stores

ADDISON-LESLIE COMPANY

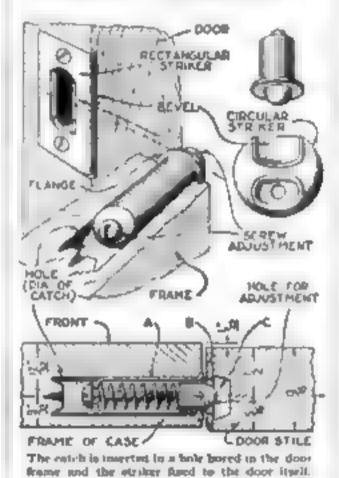
309 Bolivar Street Cannon, Mam.

Door Catches That Anyone Can Apply

THE home worker often desires to keep the door of a cabinet or cup-board closed without the use of a lock, a latch, or a surface catch of any kind. The best solution is to apply a friction catch, which is cheap, efficient, and, above all, easy to fit.

Ball friction entered usually range between 1/2 and 1/2 in, in danneter and 1/2 and 1 in, in length. The use most commonly used for work about the house is 1/4 by 1/2 m., for a catch of that size may be safely placed in a 1/4-in, rail or partition.

This type of eatch may be purchased in almost any well-stocked hardware store. It is best to obtain the adjustable variety, if possible; then the ball may be acrewed in or out to compensate for the shrinkage or swelling of the door. To turn the ball, it is necessary to insert the points of a



pair of dividers in the slots or holes made for that purpose,

Fit and hang the door accurately allowing for the "sinkage"—let us say in. Then it is necessary to decide whether the catch is to be located in the top or bottom edge of the door about I in from the lock edge, or in the lock edge of the door near the knob or pull

If the face of the door twists cut a little or is not perfectly straight at the top, the catch may be placed at the top; it will then hold the door straight unless it is too hadly out of true. If the lower corner springs out when the door is closed, the catch should be placed there. If placed near the center of the lock edge, the shrinkage of the door may demand more frequent adjustment of the catch, but the door can be opened and closed more casely.

Locate the center of the catch about as indicated, the dimensions being intended to show only the relation between the ball and the front of the frame as compared with the center (Contained on page 113)



Men-you who love to tinker here's turn the temp you need. Cleans quickly and thoroughly the loughest toolsong pair of habits that ever fused around a work bench. Makes more tarker in 15 seconds than ordinary snep in 60, and even hard to cold water won't discourage to Millians use 1. "Good out Lava." they call it. Get hands clean. Not just "surface ricus," but clean way down drep. As easy on your hands as for fired ploves because it's made from the florat of vogetable oils. All givents sell it.

Full size cake of Lava Soap FREE!

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Please send me, FRBE, a full size cake of LAVA, the hand soap that removes all the day and greate.

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MODEL AIRPLANES Ready to Fly

cheappend the and sonk like may alreaded by Eprett of St. Louds, The French of St. Louds, The French of and he however. EARTY Ma 10 L. C. AlgAA 1FP A PAREFITT TITE We say from Both to 500 test. A st. et ong. I bropped from an place at 1.00 feet, they make a right pooling with an a securely A media med it heart attaches in properties and expect along year feet and expect along year. Cet one can and extreme and great set for see the color by make decay to the set of see the color of the properties of the second security and the factory are parameted. By Ten ed at the factory we parameted the many parameted for and hand take as and above, whose spread 20%, set was and let he tag begin?

Catalog and Free Gluter 10c



AMERICAN MODEL AIRCHAPT GO. Dopt 3 New Haven, Count.

Simplified Eye Splice for Ship Models

THERE are many places in a ship model—as in attaching deadeyes to the shrouds, fixing pendants to rigging blocks, and making eyes in the stayswhere an eye splice would be useful. but owing to the small size of the majority of "ropes," a true eye splice would be unpossible to make. То шаке а літ-



How realistic little splices may be made.

pl. fied splice, the splices may be made. first thing is, of course, to fix its location. With a pointed "marlinespike" of wood or metal, open up one straid of the standing part after pass-

one strand of the standing part after passing the running part around the deadeye or block. Pass the end under the open strand and pull it amg. Finish the splice with one or two more tucks, going over one strand of the standing part and under the next one, as in a regular splice.

Apply a little diluted glue, cut off the sea end when the glue is dry, and you will

bave a nice aplica.

I have found that excellent results can be obtained by using shoemaker's black wax to "tar" all rigging before setting it up. The wax helps to stick lashings, knots, and sphees in position and is a protection against moisture. Draw the lines over the wax.—W. E. Patrick. Jr.

Catches Anyone Can Apply

(Centinued from page 114)

of the striker socket and the face of the door. The dimensions will vary with the thickness of the door and frame and the

surface sinkage of the door-

Hore the hole in the frame to receive the plug and drive the plug into the hole as at A. Close the door and work it back and forth a few times to mark upon the edge of the door the point where the center of the ball rests when the door is closed. A broad chalk mark made at this place to receive the track made by the ball will make the point show more definitely.

Place the striker plate on the door with its beveled edge facing the inside of the doors at B. Have the center of the striker sacket coincide with the center point marked by the ball on the edge of the door

Mark accurately around the striker with a sharp-pointed kinfe. With kinfe or chisel out a recess to these lines so the face of the plate will fit closely, and of the depth to allow the striker plate to rest flash with the wood when fastened in place with screws. Cut away the wood under the striker socket to allow the ball to enter freely as at C.

If the frame of the door opening is not thick enough to receive the plug, it will be necessary to set it in the edge of the door. This is not so astisfactory as placing it in the frame.—Charles A. Kino. The Encyclopaedia that Never Grows Old

When daring airmen bridge the continents in a few hours, a great flood sweeps the Mississippi Valley, a new treaty for world peace is made—when Medicine triumphs over previously incurable disease; or electrical energy performs new wonders—as oil hearing for homes is perfected—always the FIRST permanent work of reference to fully record it is NELSON'S Perpetual Loose-Leaf Encyclopaedia.

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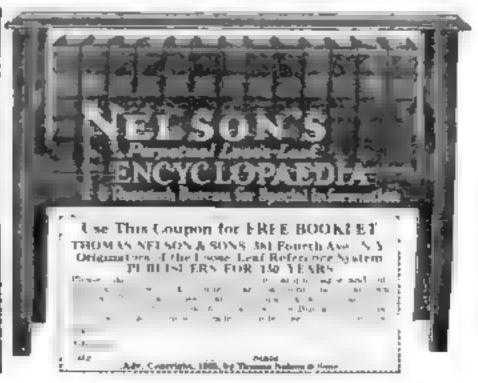
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Here is the final solution of your oil filter. problems. Faters oil through a carusage made of very thin wasters and spacers. with eleming blades. A turn of the cleaning handle rotates the cartridge which cionna the filter disca. Takes all dirt, lint early a and water from oil and deposits it in bi-riom of container. Easily drashed.

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Clean off makes your motor can better and last Instant a Cupo longer Auto Klean now-it will never wear put or need replacement. Order one today on our positive guarantee of antidoction Cop it thirty maya you are not entirely astufield we refund purchase price and derivery charges. is will move to cont name.

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ATTORICHME

Ship Model Contest Aids Tuberculosis Work



Edward Thutcher with a Roman galley be built for the Tuberculous Association,

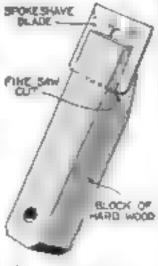
SHIP model builders now have an op-portunity to compete for prizes in a senes of local or state contests being conducted to sad the work of the National Tuberculosus Association. The model must be a Phoenician, Greek, or Roman ship resembling the argosy that is pictured on the Association's 1988 Christmus scals.

Edward Thatcher, who is a regular contributor to the Home Workshop Department of Popular Science Monthly and a distinguished American craftsman, constructed for the Tuberculous Association a Roman galley of the general type deneed in all the competitions. He also perpared an illustrated booklet telling how to build one like it

Readers who have successfully constructed Popular Science Monthly ship models and have thereby gained valuable experience in this faccounting work will be well equipped to enter the contests. They can obtain a copy of Mr. Thatcher's booklet and the contest poles from their state or local Tuberculosus Association.

Holder for Sharpening Spokeshave Blade

SHARPENING shave blade in a problem that often gives the home worker some dif Sculty. That is manily because a blade to so hard to bold. A good can be easily made from a block of wood as shown, The blade must fit tightly in the slot, which should be cut with a fine saw



Block for giving a grip on the blade. I have used one block of this type for

FINGER spots and other marks on painted woodwork and walls often can be removed by rubbing them with a rag moistened with vinegar and dipped in baking soda.

more than fifty years. J. J. PREEMAN.



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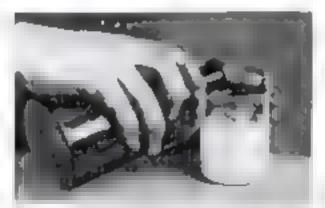


Home Workshop Chemistry Simple Formulas that Will Save Time and Money

WHEN wood with knots in it is used for building purposes, as frequently must be done, the knots often fall out. Such holes are best repaired by means of a plug of softer wood cut to a size slightly larger than the hole and having a minute taper. Roughen the inner surface of the hole with a rasp and force the plug in position. If necessary, hardwood wedges may be forced into the noft wood plug to make it still firmer.

Casein glue (purchased at a paint or hardware store in the form of a white powder and often called "milk" or "airplane" give) may be used to fasten the plug in position. Then, too, the knot itself may be glued in place with casein, but it achdom fits tightly enough.

Small holes may be filled entirely with a casem coment, made from the prepared



Casein for use in making waterproof coment can be precipitated by adding anid to make

commercial casein glus or prepared at home by precipitating casein from skiin unlk by the addition of a little vinegar or acetic and merely sufficient to coagulate the casein. This is then washed with water and dried in the air. The particles are broken up and slightly heated to drive off all mossture. Then the casein is powdered and mixed with burnt and powdered lime (calcium oxide).

For every part of casem by weight, take one part of powdered home. Keep the powdered mexture in a bottle and mouten it with water just before using,

A number of water-resuling cements are known, and some of the better types may be briefly described as follows: Max about equal parts of fresh casem, plaster of Paris, and red lead, or mix tyo flour with freshly slaked lime, or cement with waterglass; or use carpenter's glue dissolved in water to which Portland cement is added until the consistency is satisfactory for use. This material hardens in a few days. If desired, one or two parts of sand may be added to give more borty. Use this cement as soon as made

Another useful cement consists of three parts of rosin mixed with one of beeswax. The roun is melted and the wax added. The cement must be used hot, but it can be remelted at any time. It is a good cement for knife handles and is waterproof.—E. BADE.

Beard Tough... Skin Tender? Forget it Men!

Whiskers come off quick and smooth when beards are softened small-bubble way. No resor-pull, sting, or smart. Read how this new-type lather taken resor-pull out of shaving. See our no-cost offer in coupon below,

OES the above headline surprise you? Are you one of those men who believe that shaving, at best, must always be uncomfortable . . . that ragorpull, sung and smart can never be completely done away with?

If eo, you'll find lots of good news in this advertisement. It's the story of a new, quick way to get your whiskers off. A way that's faster...cleaner... smoother then any you've ever known before.

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dethirt of an ordertry affering errors and emailing sangle hair. Larger start apacs are are militar arras are macer. Note how the Corps Indiblina Anial our carried of water agreement the female.



Rusal Small habbles over get whishers off quick. Ther's whose was of my gentlemen sale for:

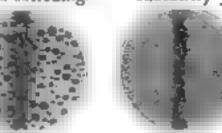
That's the principle, men. Now here's what it does for you:

L. The soop in the lattier breaks up the oil film that surrounds each tiny hair . . . floats it quickly away

2. Then billions of tiny, moistureladen bubbles seep down through your beard . . . crowd close around each whisker . . . soaking it soft with water.

Instantly your beard gets moist and phable . . hmp and lifeless . . . scientifically noftened right down to the base . . . ready for the razor.

Thus your whiskers come off clean and amooth. We will gladly send a sevenday trial tube. Also a sample of "After Shave," our newtype lotion.



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Colpute Lather

pered ander nicetical

conditions show fine,

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Note how the enall



Colgate & Co., Dept. 500-E. THEE OFFER MEN

Pierre sen une 1934 emple o 1 deute « Rapol where I also a fine amount of a light a left of blace.

Address

Tourist Leaves Tin of Favorite Tobacco as Calling Card

Travelers since time immemorial have left an endless variety of messages behind them in places they have visited.

Here's a tourist who tells the story of a totally different type of message. It brought what seems to be a record reply

> Calgary, Alta . March 4, 1976

Larus & Bro. Co., Inchinopo, Va., URA

frentiemen.

While in Roof, Alberta, in 1900, 1 climbed Tunnell Mountain. On top of this prostniagh there is a sairs of stones. waying therease season their cards on himmarks alout the western etc. Not having a earl with me, I selt a tra-d halpsworth Milerd, sorthilad my dame and audiesa-una piece of paper, and mid. Have a fire

I have been up a haphamed correspondture with one of three who wrote me thanking me for the Populat of Edgeworth. What makes me write you is that today from Australia I received two stores of Edgeworth with the words, 'Have a fire on ma," on you see Edgeworth keepfriends Irlendly

Youth atheorety

P. D. Johnstone

Let us send you free samples of halgeworth, the tobacco that "keeps friends friendly" throughout the world. Try Edgeworth in your pipe and see if you like it enough to want to buy more wher-

ever you may be.

Put your name and address on a ship of paper with a request for the free Igeworth samples, and mail it to Larus A Brother Company, 10 S. 21st Street, Rielimond, Va.

> If you do like this tobacco, you can be sure you'll keep on liking it, be cause its qual-

tty is always the same no matter where or when you buy it.

When you want to buy Edgeworth you will find Edgeworth Ready-Rubbed and Edgeworth Plug Slice on sale everywhere in small packages which can be convengetly carried in the pocket, and in various. other sizes up to the handsome one poana hunador

On your radia tase to on WRVA, Richmond, Va. '
the Edgeworth Station, Wave length 254.1
meters-Frequency 1180 bilanycles

How to Build Small Corner Cabinet

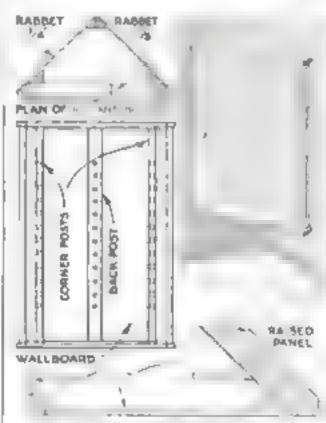
By A. E. Elling

N EVEN the smallest bathroom there Is room for a corner cabinet of the type illustrated below. It requires only a 9 by 18 in, space on each wall in the corner.

The same method of construction may he used, of course, for larger cabanets While common soft woods, painted or enameled, serve for a bathroom, lughly finished cabinet bardwoods would be appropriate if the exhinet were to be placed in a bedroom or living room.

Top and bottom are alike—a right angle triangle of 34-in. thick wood measuring P in, on the wall aides, without deducting the small corners cut off at right angles to the walls, which measure 14 in. on the face. The front, with corners uncut, measures about 19% in.

Cut a rabbet (long recess) out along the wall edges of both top and hottom 14 in, on the face and 15 in, on the edge



Plan and front views without the door is sectional detail, and the completed rubinet.

A trungular piece, measuring 114 in, on the hypotenum or face, must be also cut out on the wall corner on both top and hottom to a depth of 16 in.; this is to receive the triangular back post, Rabbet the front of each piece 5, in. on the edge but 114 in. on the face

If one is not accustomed to the use of the rabbet or fillister plane, the rabbets in the top and bottom and also in the posts may be cut out with a harkway Tack on a thin strip of wood, if you wish. as a guide for the saw. Only the front rabbets of top and bottom need to be cleaned with sandpaper

Make three pieces each measuring 34 by 116 by 17 m. Shape two of these to form the corner posts and the third to form the back post, the latter with a 1 4 in, face. Cut two triangular pieces 14 in. on each angle and 16 1/2 in, long. These form stops for the door and also carry the shelf pins. Both (Continued on page 117)



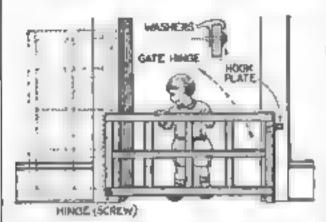
A definite program for getting shead financially will be found on page four of this issue.

WIPER

18th any style windshield wiper—met take out old blade—insert Laris in india Once 'broken in'—after two in the principal of the state of the principal of the state of the sta

V R (LUBTEN MPC) CO. Ostrono St., (sebrate, after.

One Screw Acts as Hinge for Hanging Baby's Gate



Little damage is done to the woodwer when a gate to hung by this simple method.

TOW to fasten a baby s gate tempo-I rarily to a door or a porch railing without unnecessarily damaging the woodwork or going to too much trouble, is a problem that is frequently encountered One sample solution is that shown above The gate is pivoted on a long wood screw in such a way that it can be instantly upped up out of the way. The catch can he made of metal or cut from a block of hardwood. - FRANK M DUGAN,

How to Build Corner Cabinet

t antiqued from price 116

stops and back post should be bored with holes about 1 in, apart to suit small shelf pans. Leave at least 3 m. unbored at top and bottom. Bore all exactly alike.

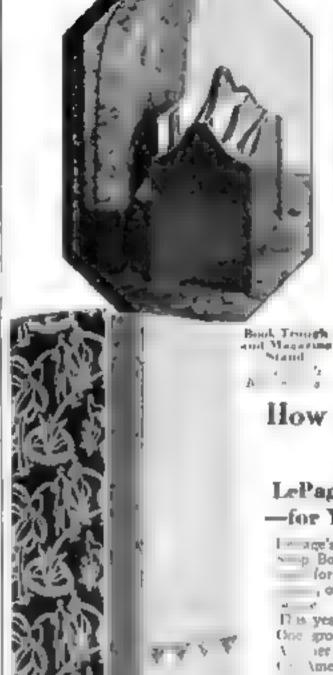
To assemble, apply good liquid plue lightly to the rabbet of one post and to the edge of a piece of wall board, which should be the same length as the posts (17 in.) and, if the rabbet is as shown in the accompanying drawing, 7% in. wide The edges of the wall board should be cut paradel and aquare. Use short brads to fasten the walt board to the post. Repeat the operation with the other corner post-

It will help in attaching these parts to the back post to not a piece of board about 434 Ht. wide on its edge on the bench. Upon this place the back post. face down. Then not on the wait buard from both sides, after applying glue. If both at les are the same width, they will not overlap.

The top and bottom are now bradded to the posts and the stops are glund in place. Fit a piece of cardboard loosely inside the case as a pattern from which to make two or three glass shelves. Double thick window glass is beavy enough, although plate glass is better. By rubbing the front edge of the shelves on a hard stone with some wet sand on it. 10 Smoking indifficult the aparp corners may be ground off

The door may be marie as shown, with a raised panel, or a plain panel of wallboard can be used if the case is to be pautted. Another method is to subbet the door stock instead of grooving it. This permits the use of a mirror.

The stiles and top rad of a door of this width should not be more than 114 m. wide, and the bottom rail 2 in. They will be 14 in, thick to come flush with the face of the posts. Mortised and tenoned or doweled joints can be used. Hang the door with small butt binges and add a glass knob and a frection ball catch.



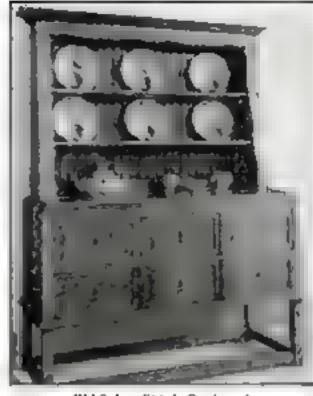
Madeenlette Fulding Serven her he Page & Brech page 12

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Old Salero Ship's Cupbeard See Le Page's Bank, page 5.

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I mage's latest book, the new "Third Home Work - p Book," contains complete, easy-to-follow direcfor making so attractive pieces of household fur-, of which, 17 are entirely new and never offered

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til the designs, dimension drawings, actual pieces and photographs were made by William W. Klenke, Instructor in Woodworking, Central Commercial and Manual Training High School, Newark, New Jersey. Also the designer of the first two Lel'age's Books. Each project and the directions for making it are perfectly

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In addition to the three pieces shown above, the book includes the following: Cape Cod Chest of Drawers, Alexandria Nest of Tables, Lady Washington Sewing Calinet Modernistic Book Shelves, Desk, Table, and Fire Screen, Smoking Table, Caped Side Chair, China or Book Cabinet, Magazine Carrier, Vanity Case, Book Stand, Fernery Stand, Folding Sewing Screen Plymouth Built-In China Closet, and Chess and Checkers Table. Where else could you get complete directions for making all these for only to cents?

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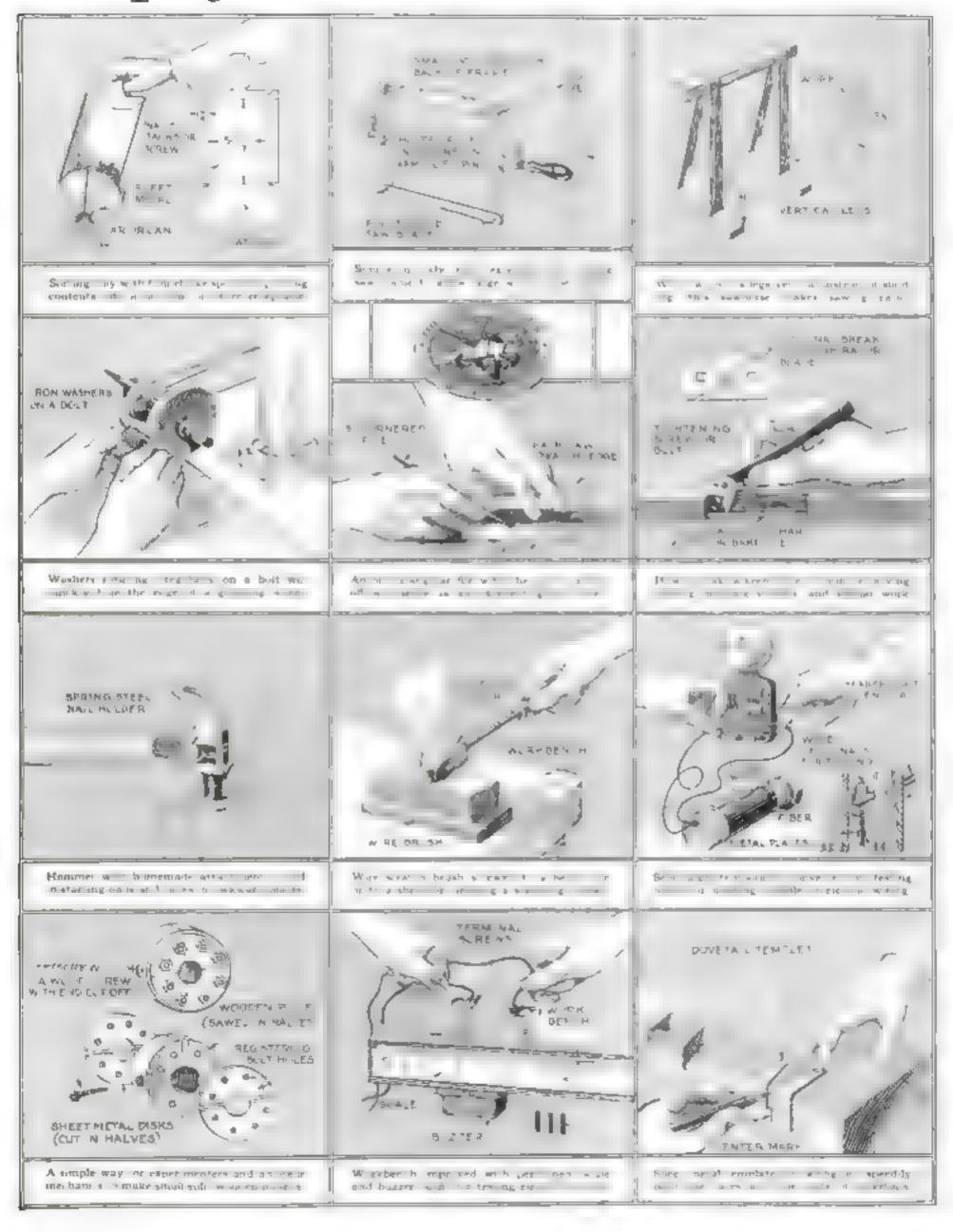
Name

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number those you want. See of Learline an additional 10 cents.

Helps for the Home Mechanic



Puttying Windows

(Canhaunt from page 84)

While this putty is also used for steel sash and gives first class results, red lead is considered even better. It is mixed with dry whiting or dry white lead in the same way as the white lead putty. It may be colored dark with dry tampblack, taw umber, or other dry colors.

For puttying such you will need, benides a putty kmie, either an old wood



Fig. 4. Planor blade in special hundle for cutting off day point.

chisel for working on wood sash, or a steel were brush (Fig. 1) for cleaning steel saah. Steel wool and No. 1 eandpaper are also metal on maky steel such. For the actual painting, you will require a round or oval such brush (Fig. 2) or a flat sash brush about 2 in. wide. Some nort of brush for dusting is needed

The preparation of wood sash requires the removal of all loose putty and the application of a cost of paint wherever the putty has come away. In working on steel sash, scrape off all loose paint with a putty knife or steel wool, and remove the rust with the steel wire brush and sandpaper or steel wool. Liquid paint remover also can be used to advantage when considerable paint must be taken off, as in cases where the inside of steel sash has been painted with flat wall paint without a proper printing cost.

The first coat on the bare metal of steel sash, always should be red lead and lin-seed oil, ready-mixed iron oxide metal paint, or other rust-inhibitive metal paint. Then the second and third costs may be any first-class paints such as are

used for wood.

It is especially important to use rustinhibitive paints for the first coat on metal sash in kitchens, bathrooms, basements, and rooms where mounture is present

In double hung (sliding) windows there probably is only one rule that is generally followed by painters: the man burs are painted first. After that the strice (side-preces) and the top and bottom rails are painted. The windows are usually painted while closed, no attention being paid to the surfaces covered up, such as the check rail in the center. The runways generally are not painted except the runway below the upper mash. When the mashes are moved much, the runways are oded with boilest lineed oil.

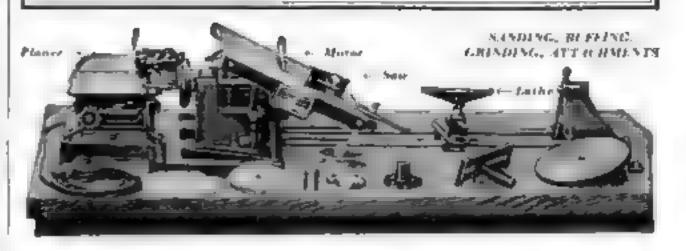
Casement windows, which swing out or in, should be opened and all edges painted. Then the sash bars are done and finally the face of the sash. While the sash is open, the window frame is painted. It is best to allow the windows to remain open while the paint is drying.

Whether one is painting windows, doors, wood wall panels, or furniture, it is usually best to do the center parts first, then the molded edges, and finally the flat surfaces.

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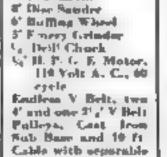
worker—make tables, chaire, stools, screens, lamps, lattices, fences, cabinets, doll houses, book cases, chests—make woodworking your hobby and turn it to profit, as hundreds do.



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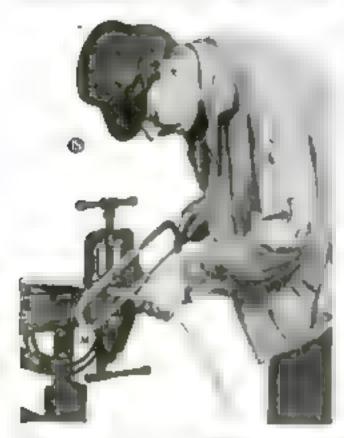
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STAR HACK SAWS



Two Cubical Puzzles

(Continued from page 94)

laid (Fig. 4). H and E are placed back to back and fitted between B B so that the lower ½-in, cut on H binds C G (Fig. 5). A tier of blocks D G G D is laid on this combination (Fig. 6). The block F is slid over G from the side so that its middle projection fills the ½-in, cut of H (Fig. 7). The two blocks A A are placed as in Fig. 8. Another E block is put down through the vertical slot and pushed into place, its ½-in cut engaging the ends of G to as shown by the first E block in Figs. 6, 7, 8 and 9. The final operation (Fig. 9) is to fit D into I and push the combination home.

The second puzzle is assembled somewhat differently. It is composed also of sixteen blocks. B B B B D D E E F F JJJKKL. K is taken first (Fig. 11) and two B blocks are fitted into it Irig. 12). On K the block J is laid (Fig. 13). Another combination exactly like this is put together, turned over, and places on the first (Fig. 13). This entire combination is bound together by two F blocks, which when placed in the vertical slots, have their projections abutting and these by in cuts engaging K.J.J.K. One is shown in place (Fig. 14) and the other about to be inserted. One D block is placed on each asde of F F (Fig. 15) after which the two J brocks are pushed in about 16 in, to allow for the insertion of E J. placed back to back. It is best to insert E first with its central cut engaging the ends of J J, and then the J brock (Fig. 15). E J and J J can now be pushed back into place, and another E block is put through the slot engaging J J (Fig. 10). Then insert key block L. These two combinations embody prin-

ciples useful in different arrangements. If a serses of these blocks is given to a solver at is possible for him to tell by inspection whether there will be internal spaces or not, as with the Chinese cross. The culucal contents of the assembled puzzie equal 514 small cubes messuring each way half the width of the ly-in. blocks. The cubical contents of the mdividual blocks composing it, if solid, would be 67%. The difference is 160. This represents the amount of the pusternal to be cut away. Hence the numerical value of the blocks must sum up to 100. If greater, there is internal space; if less. the puzzle cannot be assembled.

Ball Feet for Trays

RECENTLY I made several ash travs and other invelties from inservice able radiator caps, using three April. steel bads for the feet of each

First determine the location of the feet, dividing the distance between them evenly, and drill 14 in holes clear through the base. Countersink the holes slightly on the made. With a soldering iron, the each hole on the made. Lay a steel ball where it will not roll when touched and tim a spot about 14 in, in diameter on top. Place one of the boles over this spot and spread the solder well around the inside edge of the hole and over the timed area on the ball, filling the hole level with solder.—Sussewood J. Gra.

KNIFE No. R4548



A Remington
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and Radio Fans

THIS new Remington knife is just what electricians and radio tinkers have been waiting for. Can t be beat for scraping insulation from wires, making connections, tightening up, doing odd jobs. Has one 3-inch sheepfoot blade, and a 2½-inch screw-driver. The blade is forged from high carbon steel, razor sharp, and holds its edge a long time. One side of the screw-driver is ground to a cutting edge. Safety catch prevents screw-driver from closing when in use. Nickel silver bolsters, brass linings.

Ask your dealer to show you the Remington Radio Electrician's Koufe. Note its hard, handsome, cocobolo handle. Test its razor-sharp blade. Note the screw-driver.

. see how strong it is. Knife No. R4548 is a wonderful value for Sa.co. If your dealer hasn't it in stock, send us his name and the price. The knife will be forwarded at once, postpaid.

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Sport Bodies for Fords



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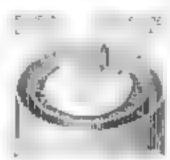
The World's Largest Builders of Ship Models will supply you with all necessary parts on a lit ship model to security and part legisla becaused model of the hartests at Maria La Finta of Marietane with each of the phronic for the largest at the constitution. For largest new methods, the bank are medical viriage as made harpests. Further and the Constitution with each part, Further and the Constitution. We immediate head for the 40 plus persons. Some for our heads of the largest and the constitution of the state of the largest and lar

Uses Metal Cover to Bank Fire in Heating Plant

MY HOUSE is a warmly built ax-room cottage. A hot water system using by product roke furnishes the heat. Set or seven years ago I adopted the plan of banking the fire at night with sakes. Then the thought came that a metal cover might be the best thing to use, since it would possess of the good qualities of the assess and none of the had ones—bothy to a tin sloop. I had a sheet from cover made as large as could be pushed diagonally through the feed door. The shape of this cover was slightly eval. When in use it would nearly touch the boner at the back and in front—while at both sides there was an ancovered space of about

two present That erver burned out the first winter, but the next year I had neveral cuvers made of an eiger material, to the I have used every year at we

We aim to keep the house heate lat about the same temperature curing the taget as deeing the day, so, after tooling



Cutaway view showing the cover in place

that the pain worked well of might. I accepted it for day use also. During the winter weather, we find the temperature of the bying room when we get up in the morning very nearly peventy degrees. Lopen the drafts, rup an roohar through the chaker door and slade it along over the grate to dispose of the surplus ashes. Ornw in a large shaveful of cake, partly close the draft, and seave it that way for half an hour or more. Then I lift the hirepot nearly to the bottom of the feed door and put on the rover. All doors, andes, and other openings are closed except the check damper at the top of the boiler, which is left slightly open Under ord nary conditions the fire peeds no further attention whatever unturband eight or nine o clock at night, at which have I go through the same procedure.

toke has its volatue gases so removed that but little remains except pure earlies. With my meles of live coals on the gente, I ma fill the boiler with this fuel put in the cover at once, and shut off the drafts with no danger of explosion. Anyone trying this plan with any other kind of fuel would probably have to let the gases is in off more or less, before placing the cover.—6 L. Hists.

Oil Rubbing Furniture

(f entiroped from page 90

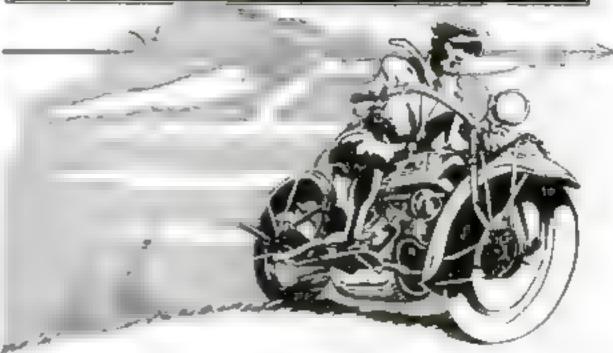
wood matches the ost and the entire piece has been well offed, polishing can be started: I se any good grade of floor was. Apply it with rotton cloth that has been washed and a perfectly from from lint. But the was back and forth across the grain or are a recular movement. Contains rubbing until the was has seen rubbed in and both the surface and the cloth are almost ony. Apply more was and repeal the rubbing. Contains and, the grain of the wood a thorong by filled.

Let the piece stand until the turpertine in the wax has evaporated and then give a final pollah. A good rabber for this purpose may be made from a piece of wood if by it by it in, padded on one side and over all of the face edges with a layer of cotton from by to be in thick, and covered with strong cloth. Tack the cover to the back halfway up the edges and ends. Place over the tubber a loose clota

You will find the rubbing is strengous exercise, but the result will be a polish to delight those who appreciate a beautiful patina.

In his next article, the seventh, Mr. Stanley will give more pointers on families.

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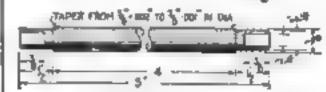




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Making Arbors Is Useful Task in School Shops



Practice in turning work accurately to dimenuous is afforded by the sample project.

MAKING an arbor is a school shop project that involves the use of sucrometers in turning to accurate dimensions. Arbors of other maes than trut disstrated may be made

The material is soft steel. The tools needed Hack saw, scriber, hammer, center punch, combination center driff, lathe dog, engine lathe, 4-in, steel rule, file, and I-in. teserometer culipers. The operations 1 Cut. off a piece of stock 5 in long 2. Lay out and center ends. 3. Face off ends true on centers. 4. Turn & in diameters 5 File flat aputs on A-in diameters, 6. Hough turn \$1000 diameter 7 Finish turn \$1000. diameter accumulately

Some arbors are made from tool steel These are turned .010 in, oversuse, then hardened and tempered, after which they are ground to size on centers.-H. H. A.ELLAM.

Spotting, Sawing, Stamping

(Continued from page 80)

is a plain cast lug, it is advisable to set a short, hardened put into it opposite the serew in the recyable stop, and to round the ends of both on a radius so as to give a point confact on the gaging blocks used for the lungitudinal feeds.

Added advantages of spotting with this device are that "stepped or revesed work, as well as parts baving melined surfaces, can be bandled, and that the spots are always true, so that the lathe test indicator can be relied upon as showing where the location is contered on the faceplate. HENRY Sistors

WHEN a number of pieces of small box stock have to be cut off the same length. anuck time will be saved if several bars are clamped together in the power back caw as shown in Fig. 5, page 86. A clamp can be forged to hold the bars.

At the beginning of the operation, the bars are set with their ends flush, and the clamp tightened. When the first across of pieces are cut off, the group of bars is moved furward as if it were a single piece.—H. L. Withhallen.

Y THOSE occasions when a small quantity of stamped articles are required by a shop not provided with a stamping press, it is possible to turn them out with simple tools, and furnish the power with a sledge hammer

Figure 4 makes clear the method. A die block is made with a charance hole through which the stamped pieces pass. To the top of this block is screwed a Lool-steel die plate with a hole the shape of the article to be punched The punch is attached to a plunger intended to he struck with a hammer.

Two dowel puts are provided to moure the alignment of the punch with the die. These should be a close fit. The die plate should be hardened and tempered. The punch may or

may not be hardened.

Probably the best way to construct the assembly is to complete the die portion and fit the plunger and its dowels. Then, with the punch within the die, the holes for attaching the punch to the plunger can be drilled through the punch and into the plunger. This will make certain that the punch will line up with

For soft metals, both the punch and the die can be made of machine steel and casebordened, for steel, however, it is best to make at least the die of tool steel,-J. H. Downte.



Mississippi Steamboatin'

(Continued from page 65)

See the inverted view of the stern on page 194. A cut is made on the outside to the line B (shown on the side view of the stern, page 194). From all to this line a fore-and-aft ext is made, leaving an upright sternpost on each side. Forward of this cut, the hull is rounded until the side is again vertical at 2 in, from the stern

At 1/4 in from the outside edge of the sternposts, new cuts are made into the end of the hull almost as far as the lines B. In between them the wood is cut away to form a double curved arch, which is deepest at the center to conform to the line of the bottom of the hull. This is almost impossible to describe, but the lower photograph on page 54, the drawings below and on page 124 and the full size views in blueprints will give you an accurate also

of the shapes.

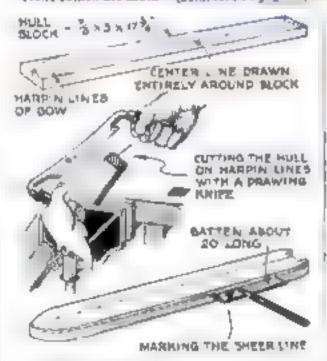
These cuts leave the two ½ in thick sternposts standing. The deck line is straight
across to the autside edges of the sternposts.

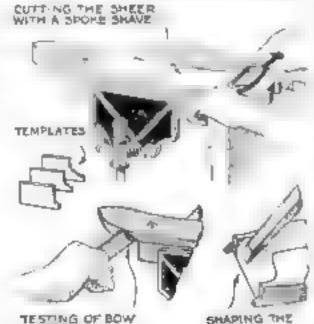
The two side botts project farther aft

The stem (at the bow) may be left as part of the solid hall, but it is easier to cut it away and put on another piece afterwards. A very thin beel may be added, but it is so eight that I omitted it on my model so that the bull would be flat. At it a strip of wood or cardinard gives on will save.

The letter of civen blove of fines to of the better to call the first the grant was a substitute to the first the grant wast of fine where, I meet large any face ages of the first where. They also good by and in the trans a glass of the meets as they are to the arrable.

Next comes the main (Continued on page 12;





The built is marked, the bow shaped the sheer cut, and the carving completed.

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Secure locally wood casted war particular models. Boucher can supply your wood requirements in almost all cases. Below is lasted wood required for a particular model with prices

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Write as if you desire some particular kind and tem of wood and we will be giad to quote you a price, nacus or cut to shape

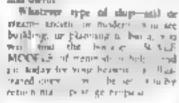
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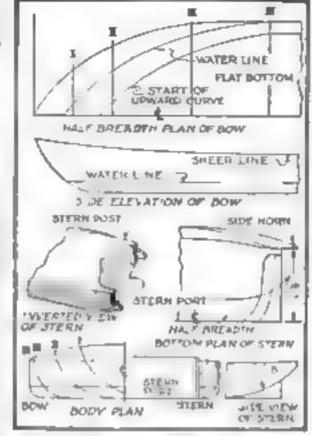
we will a find out of the con-

turnters for Model Mahou for 23 Years

Dept. SN

Mississippi Steamboatin'

(Continued from page 186)



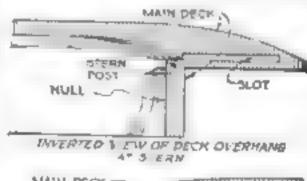
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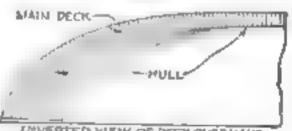
114 1 1/4 The a district the same of the 35% or 15% phinos strips of deck project accurately from the

parts of the hull. The deck should be ghost and hightly nailed to the hull

liefure anything is erected on this deck. lines must be drawn on it to represent the causing between its plants. On such a model as true. I prefer to use a very hard, sharp pencil, but any not-too-sharp point will do if the lines are then penciled and lightly mandpapered. Some prefer to rub paint in and then sandpaper the surface down, but it is unnecessary work for this kind of model. The been book best if from the to \$/10 in sport.
From the after end of the angine house (to

he created later, the tembers will project to entry the wheel bearings. (Continued in page 140)





INVERTED VIEW OF DEEK OVERHAND



How the deck is proposed and slotted at the stern to allow the connecting rade to work,



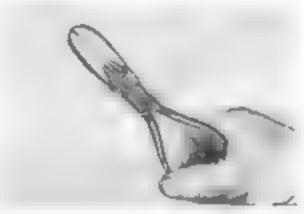
workshop

Our in the garage, in the attic or downstatre somewhere, I'd have a couple flashlights handy there, Ready for the times when you need an extra-bright eye of light to help out. I'd have them, too, as a fire-prevention measure. Oil, waste and those odds and ends that always collect don't need much encouragement to cause a serious fire. Give me Eveready Flashlights and safety.

The flashlight habit will see you safely through many a dark situation. You can't begin too early, either. Get an Eveready today and promise yourself to use none but the very best of batteries in it. They're Eveready Batteries, of course. The kind that lasts so long. Extra-good. Packed with a BIG load of light. Always dependable, never - fail Evereadys. Remember them when you reload a ffashlight.



Old Pliers Adapted for Holding Thin Pins



A piece of flat stock soldered to the host of the pliers aids in holding small mund stock

FROM a pair of old pliers with broken cutting edges and worn-ort jaws a mach aat made an men, tool for holding any length of round stock of small size for soldering, har lenng, and tempering.

After thoroughly cleaning the surface of the pliers, he bent over a length of flat stock and "sweated" it to the jaws as shown shows Then he drilled a bole through the flat stock to clear the work.

Were or pany held with this tool do not dide around sideways even though the phery are grupped only lightly — A. K

Unusual Carrying Box Has Handle at One Side

ORDINARY tin hower, in which various goods are packed, serve well as 'tote or carrying boses in the stop after they have been emptied of their original contents. Special boxes of this kind are illustrated. Each of these

has only one hanule, made by passout a length of strap through punched holes in the side and tying the emis.

These boxes are used for carrying scrap parts from reachines in places where it is imposnible to push a truck. Beenner there is only a ma-



Tin boxes with leather handles placed to allow two of them in he carried to one hand

gle bandle on one side, one man can carry four of the boxes at once, two in each hand. The weight of the contents holds each pair of hoxes ciose together when the bandles are gripped and lifted.

Mississippi Steamboatin'

d untinued from page 124

These pieces are 515 in, long and are shaped as shown on page 184. They follow the deck sheer, alanting apware a scant son. The foreparts are firmly nades and graced to the deck then the after parts of the deck are bent upto meet then, one glord and busted together.

A the in molding is true right around this deck. The fore part and better be fret-sawed to shape, but the rest can be bent in pastion. and glack and fixed with Jy in pin pones.

Nearly everything that has to be on to deck will have to be put in position before it closed in with the deck above. Particidars of these Stangs will be given next month

Some who plan to our or the boat on a larger scale may want to make a working model of her. To do this the main deck should be in two pieces. One, an outer rim with all the superstructure erected on it, should be made to lift off, while the center portion remains fast to the hull and carries the engine and boilers, or whatever mechanism is used

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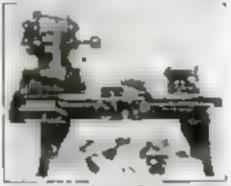
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Lathe, Straight Bed



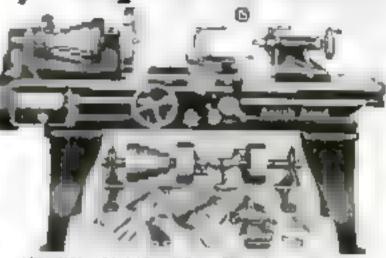
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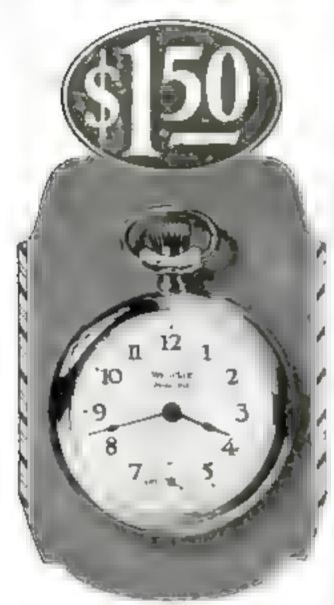
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How to Open Stuck Window Sash

Faste this Home Workshop Reference Sheet, including the head shove, in your agraphook in the section marked seindoses, (Nov., 1928, POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY.)

WHEN the lower such of a doublehung wooden window-that is, an ordinary sliding window-sticks, hose can it be opened and remedied?

I. Find out why it sticks, if possible Is it held by a files of point or varuab, does it appear to have been fitted too closely, has the wood swollen badly, or may the fault be lard to all three?

2. If point is the cones, top the mah, the stop strips, and the stool cap (often called the movie all. lightly to break the film. Use a pear of wood to prevent hammer marks. Posts or strike lightly with the hand under the top, or specting, rail. This should start the such. Perhaps rapping sharply downward on the end of such stile or sidepieco may break the point film of that yout.

3 In case of the second or third cause, or both of them, pry the such up by using a wide, thin chirel between the such and the stool. Do the priving from the outside if the window run be reached conveniently so that the trumes will not be seen from the inside

4. If the man does not start, drave the church very carefully between the stool cap and the lower mil of the mah in the middle so as to spring the lower rail and break the film of point. A light tap on the such may break the him of paint, but it may also break the glass

or the pulty 5. If the such still sticks, draw the chief toto each jamb or pulley stile just above the such and closely against the back edge of the stop strip. Pry gently on the chise against. the strip, starting the screws or mails in the atrip, if necessary

6 If the msh will not start, try the clusel where it was driven as in No. 4 above, but at the sower end of each stile instead of the maddle of the rail. Pry gently Avoid using the chisel thus if possible, as it will beine the word. Such a bruse sometimes may be reduced by applying water on a cioth pad-

7 If the sush is smollen, remove the stop. strips at each side (see the following topic on how to remove such) and plane a few shavings the entire length of the back of pe of each. Take more off above the lower mish to allow the such to slide upward easily once it has started. the case the outer edge of the shool with a hulbone or rabbet plane and chosel if the sash sticks at this point, as it often does. Touch the edge with point afterwards, for it is exponed to the weather when the lower such is opek.

II. If the weight cords are pulled down as for an possible and allowed to map back simultaneously, the jar may start the mah.

How is the upper such loosened?

1 Try method No. 4 above. Gentle tapping upon the meeting rail may start the upper such, but us the raid (Continued on page 142)





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Stuck Window Sash

(Continued from page 100)

and stile joints are easily broken, it should be

avoided # possible

2. Pry down powerfully on the octside of the window at the top, over the ends of the stiles (sidepieces). Use the chisel more gently to pry between the sash and the blind stops the outside stops) on both sides.

3. In stubborn cases, remove the lower each (see the following topic) and use a broad chisel to apring the parting strip as far as possible from the dado or groove in which it is fitted. This strip separates the upper and lower man while they are sliding and makes the vertical joint as nearly weatherproof as

How should one prevent a recurrence of the sticking?

Plane the edges of the mah, either upper or lawer, if the evidences of friction show that the much is too wide. If they do not need planing, apply taleum powder or rub all surfaces which may stick with a paraffin candle or hard rosp.

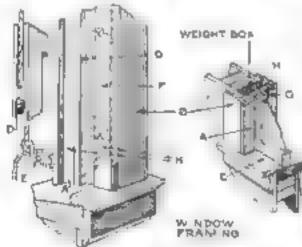
It is always best to do as little as possible to slart a stæking asen, until you find out if a spell of dry weather will be sufficient to cure

the trouble.-C. A. L.

How to Remove Upper and Lower Sash

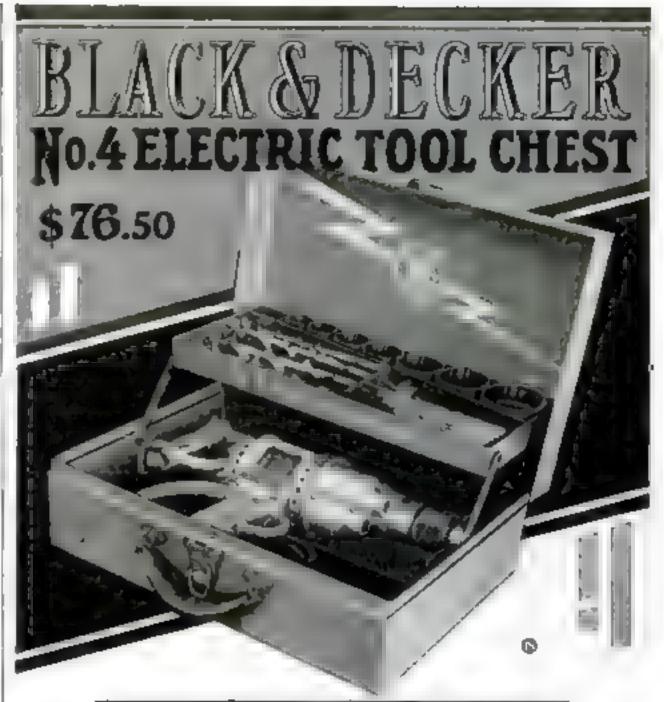
HOW would you remove the lower such of a double-hung window for replacing broken such cord or glass?

t. Remove the left stop strip A by preference, as this will abow right-hand work. If the cord on the right side is to be repaired. powever, the strip on the right side. All abound he removed. Back out the screws and tap the atrip lightly on the face or on the such edge, not un the front edge, if the strip does not spring off when the screws are removed. Dothe tapping on a small piece of wood to prevent hampier marks on the variety or paint fittish-Drawing a knife blade along the joint between the strip and the casing B will cut the surface fil a of the finish, if the tapping hi not sufficient If the strip is nailed on instead of fastened with screws, begin at the middle with a wide



How a typical wooden window frame is made for a double-hung or siding sessi-

chisel and pry it carefully away from the casing. Because of the kardened putty or filler in the nail boles, it is best to pry the strip right off and either pull the nails out through the back or cut them off. Any attempt to draw the nails through the face is almost certain to mar the finish. Spring the strip out from the center, which will shorten it, and release the ends from the stool and the header to prevent scratching the finish of the stool cap C and the head stop strip. (Continued in page 125)



This chest contains the famous Black of Decker Half leach Special Ball Bearing Electron Deckl. ewint drills from "4 to 3 inch, wood suggest from 4 to 5 inches and Black of Decker hale saws from 1 '5 to 3 inches. The hole saws are a special Black of Decker tool for use with the electric drill which enable you to bore holes to metal, wood, fibre, etc., up to 2 inches. in diameter

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How to Remove Sash

(Continued from page 127)

2. Lift the such above the stool cap and draw the edge of the such into the room enough to allow the such cord to be removed. I sually the cord will be fastened to the such as at D. Pull the cord down to give a little slack, remove the knot from the bole, and unbe the knot or cut it off if the cord is long enough and is to be used again. The a ship knot as at E, and with a finger through the loop, allow the weight to pull the knot up until it stops at the pulley

I. Remove the cord from the other site by the same method. The stop strip has to be removed from that side only if the weight there must be relong. Then it has to be removed to allow access to the purket in the pulsey stile which usually is fitted as at P, so that it can be taken out to reach the weight.

How do you remove the upper such?

Remove the lower such as just described.
 Lower the such until it rests on the sill.

or as far as the cords will permit.

3. Remove the parting strap G from the groove is the pulley stale or jamb H. If the strip is held by paint or varnish, loosen it by the method described at the beginning of the sasswer to the previous question. Usually the left strap will be more conveniently handled. If becausery to pry it out, use a thin-edged chief and pry carefully where the cified marks will not be seen on the sands. Work from the part of the strip which you find you can loosen most easily.

4. Remove the cords as described for a

lower mah.-C. A. k.

How to replace broken and cord and how to put in a new pane of glass are the next topics scheduled for publication in the form of flome Workshop Reference Sheets,

Antiquing Ship Models

ONE of the hardest tasks for the beginner in ship model making is to give his handwork the weatherheaten appearance so often desired in models of gateons and other ships of the fifteenth systemath, and seventeenth contains. The method used by the water in painting more than a dozen ships sold by him to friends and neighbors as as follows.

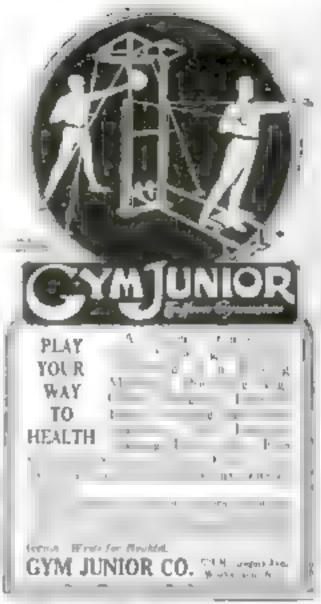
First paint the mindel the desired colors, using bright buse. Artists call colors wast in tubes can be used, although I have found small ten-cent cans of household paint serve very

Obtain a can of flat turnish, ponetimes called "veivet finish" varnish, and a anall amount of dry lampblack. Mrx a level teaspoonful of lampblack in half a part of the flat varnish. Add the powder directly to the varnish without first dissolving it in turpentime, an ordinarily would be done. Apply this mixture, thoroughly started, to the model and brush it well into all corners and angles. The small lumps of lampblack break under the pressure of the brush, giving a streaky, weatherheaten, antique appearance.

With this method, it is not necessary to rub down the gloss, as the variath steelf is dul.

Modeln of chipper ships, fragates, whaters, barks, and other relatively modern ships should not, of course, be satisfied, but the gloss should be rubbed off all painted and variables surfaces.

As rubbing small parts is a tedious task, it is well to assemble a ship model receipt the masts, sails, and rigging and add all the deck fittings after they have been painted. Then spray the whole with flat variation of lacquer. There are now many inexpensive spraying autifits—hand, foot, and electric—available for work such as thus.— M. Cylin Smork, Ja.



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Trick-Performing Puppy

(Continued from page 80)

Select a well-shaped, well-preserved pane ome of medium tore and source the neck and feet in place with sealing wax such as is used. in fruit canning. Only the wooden parts need be punted.

TO MAKE the funny man shown in Fig. 4, obtains small round cordboard container for the body. Prepare the legs and feet and place the payet for the legs about two thirds of the way up the side of the box.

An eightpenny nail will form the pivot Two sections of lead pencil are used as spacers on each side of the legs. The arms are placed on the same pivot. The bottoms of the feet are slightly rounded to abow the toy to rock onck and forth. Bright colors should be used for painting the finalised toy

When started down an inchne of about 15 degrees, the little fellow, if properly balanced. should keep toddling until he reaches the bottom. Exact balance is the secret, this may be obtained by adjusting the arms to different positions.-F C. H.

NEARLA every buy known of the flying propeller. A novel way of spinning one of these is tadicates in Fig. 5. If the roller is bold at an angle, very long flights can be made, if held straig it up, the peopeller will go to a great height. The propeller must, however, he made small so that it will rotate rapidly J D Granus

AN ALARM clock spring furnishes the power and company straight pass are used in the trigger mechanism of the stuple but realistic madel crossless illustrated in but 6 It was shoot "mate arrows with great force a al authroug accuracy

The stock is made from a piece of soft worst \$8 in thick and 86 a.m. long. The top edge one a groove down the re-ter for the arrow

The pin upon which the looped trugger revalves is 3} in from the butt of the gun. To make the truger, head a small loop in about the center of the pun and drop some solder where the two legs come together. Fit the looped pin in a slot in the underside of the gus-One end (the end with the head) is the real trigger, while the other and moves the releasing pur up and down in a hole just its size. The releasing pin is just long enough so it wal eatch a liny loop of wire on the howstring.

The 12 in long how is a built up spring with from four to seven leaves, depending on the kind of aprings used. The leaves are bound with wire of treaties H. Terriou.

Repairing Ukuleles

WHEN a ukalele, banjo, mandoun, or amihe instrument will not produce correct tunes, I have found the cause to be almost invariably one of the following: Loose pegs, defective strings, frets not accurately placed, or but too high from the fingerboard.

Common pege are bkely to slip after baving been used a number of times; they can be enlarged by boiling them in water. If the pegs are of the nonslip style and will not work, the Larenda are stripped

There is only one way to remedy defective strings and that is to buy new ones. If any frets are a thousand the of an order out of place, becords aften will be produced. The defect

cannot be remedied

If the aut is too high from the fingerboard, tise strings, when pressed, will give sharp notes. It was be found that if the nut is filed down and new notches put in so that the strings are only a small fraction of an inch above the freta-but he sure they do not touch-an improvement in the tone production will be noted.—LEBOY Oragon







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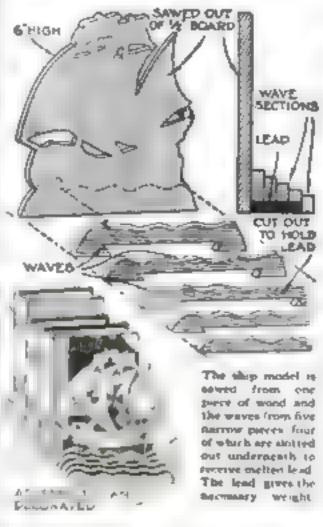
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Ship Model Book Ends Sawed from Thin Wood



N MAKING the book ends illustrated I lived by in thick out white pinehardwood would have served as well or better. A piece of old lead drain pipe was melted to give the necessary weight.

The ship stack is cut from a piece 312 by 0 in. The waves, which form the base of each block, are out from five pieces, the largest 14 by 114 by 514 in. and the simulest 14 hy 16 by 516 in.

The parts are nailed together, turned upside down, and held in the vine while melted lead in poured into the dovetail recess in the bottom. A porce of heavy fett is glaced across the buttom to prevent the book ends from scratching.

The sails are painted white, the designs on their red and black or any desired color the windows white with banck bars, the hull brown, and the water dark green with white touches to represent spray. Although it is not essential to do so, I first burned all the lines into the wood with a hot mail net in a handle and then painted the lines black to emplusize the design.-James Campbell.

Planing Long Edges Straight

MATEUR woodworkers and even A carpenters find it difficult to plane the edges of long boards remonably straight, as when a number of pieces have to be joined to make wide shelving. I find it a great help in all such work to stretch a line or wire taut on top of the bench and drave a row of finishing pails partly into the wood at one side of the line, close to but not touching it. It is e-sential, of course, that the nails stand exactly plumb. When I have planed each piece to be straightened until it will touch all the nads, I know that the edge must be fairly true.-W W. S.

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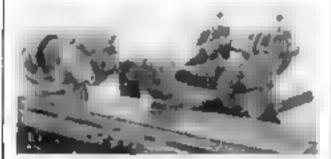
Internal Grinding

(f antinued from page 8...)

Centers should be lined up occasionally for a test. If they are not in line, the operator will find it difficult to get a perfect bearing on the

frink Ratio The combination faceplate in Fig. 1 is often useful. The false plate with its six set screws permits the truing up of long cylindrical pieces from both ends. The front end may be diverted in any direction simply by adjusting the proper acrews which bear against the regular plate This arrangement will take care of any work which, on account of its length, has a recessed hole and substantial bearings on each end. Fig. I shows how the work is held on the plate A strap is inserted in the recess against the bearing, and this in turn is held by a rod passing through the head spindle. The piece in trued accurately with the indicator at both ends. The first bearing is ground and the and is squared up, the piece is then reversed and the operation repeated. This method assures a perfect line-up of both hearings.

Plug gages, if made as to buy 3, will prove most economical for the tool more. One baselle



One of the important points in internal grind up is to choose a wheel not more than across eighths or ign than three quarters the dismeter of the hole that is to be ground.

serves for all plugs up to 1 000 in. Gages from 1 900 to 1 500 m, are made as to hig. 4, from 1 500 m, up, the dock style, as in hig. 5, is the cheapest and most convenient.

A difficult job in internal grinding is the turning out correctly of a sleeve or husbing with a very thin wal. The actsup shown in Figs. 6 and 7 is for an interchangeable sleeve used in a testing fixture, the wall being only 1/8t in thick. The hole is bored 01t in undersite and 015 in is allowed on the diameter for grinning, as the distortion due to hardening is apt to vary

After the sleeve has been polished made and out to remove the scale, it is soulered to a 1angle as shown. The assembly then is holted to the faceplate, and the truing is done with reference to the hole. After the hole has been ground carefully to 0008 in under finished size, the end is equared up with the side of the wheel. The grinding abould be done very slowly so as to heat the work as little as posmble. The other end of the sleeve is surfaced on the surface grander, and the whole is then lapped to size. To finish the diameter, the sleeve is fitted to a mandrel that has been ground straight and is soldered on the ends just enough to hold. The results are natisfactory, as the piece being ground is not subjected to any expansion or contraction.

Another tool t at requires stallful granding is the ring gage. These should be made with shoulders as in Fig. 8 in order to prevent any error at the edges of the hole—a most important consideration. The shoulders are removed after the hole has been lapped.

After hardening, ring gages abould be given the cold and hot water treatment; that is, they should be immersed in boding water, then in its water, about thirty consecutive times. Then they should be allowed to remain at a temperature of 60° to 65° for a week before grinding.

Three plug gages should be used for grinding the hole: a double-end (Company) on 200 154)

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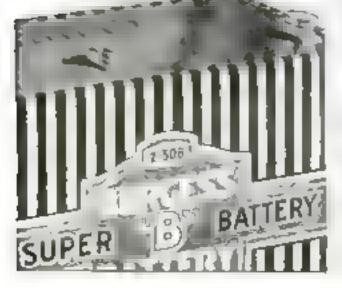
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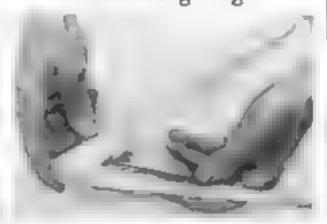
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Marking Calipers for Use in Measuring Angles



Calipers marked to error as a rough and ready protractor for identifying angles.

A GLES of 30, 45, and 60 degrees are often recountered on valve seats, cutters, and reamers, but the faces are usually so assall that it is difficult to determine instantly what the angle is. If marked as shown in the illustration above, the calipers may be used as a protractor for measuring such angles when extreme accuracy is not a matter of concern. The saves many a walk to the tool bea to get the combination head and scale, or the trouble of adjust og them if they happen to be set for shother purpose - J. B.

Internal Grinding

of entended from your 1842

plug, one end 1003 in and the other end 1002 in. uniter size another play 0003 in under size. and finally the standard gage, 0005 in being allowed for lapping. It is important that the last 001 in he ground off very slowly so as to

favor the lapping operation

The lap should run true in the speed lathe The lapping is done by rocking the gage and making the circle evenly in the same location on the lap. There should be so sliding action. After cleaning the gage with gamiline and testout it, the operation is repeated if necessary, a new location on the lap being used.

WHEELS RECOMMENDED

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(net eron	+	46-1,
Soft steel		80-1.
Tool steed		60-K
High-speed steel		60-7

SEGMENTS of wheels that have been broken accidentally, or wheels that are under diameter for the regular line of work, such as evindrical and surface grander wheels, can be used for making small wheels for internal grading. The arguents are outlined as in Fig. 9. They are then roughed out near the markings on a large wheel, such as used for magging castings. The boles are bored with any old drall. Once these are trued on the spindle, they answer the purposes as well as

Patterns Now Lacquered

BRUSHING larquer is now being used by some pattern makers to coat wooden pulterns in place of shedisc. Metas patterns which have not been protected by being sheraitized are also being inequered. The lacquer resists moisture better than shellae and lengthens the life of the patterns, it is said also to give a amouther finish so that less patching of the sand mold is necessary and better custings result (T S.





Better Ways to Do Woodworking

(Continued from page 56)



Boring a dowel bole with a block of wood on the bit to serve so an improved depth sage

are complicated it is best to lay out a roof. then measurements are made once for all, and the layout is easily transferred from piece to piece.

in making measurements on the rod, stand the against on cause, so that the coverion lines will meet the myfree of the wood. Lacate the points with a leafe. Score these lines square across the width and label their with a pencil

An intriente piece, apon which you expect to work for weeks, requires more than a mere stick. For it you sho al prepare what a cubmetenaker we of earl a "rod but what in really a thin board, often as wide as 11 inc, upon which a full size sectional plan and an elevation are drawn accerately with a peneu. The edges of the board must be straight and parallel in that a square can be used in drawing the variour members.

In sawing, never forget that the blade taken up space. The kirf is usually a little less than of its, wide, but is sometimes wider. If the excellence outs on the line, he is not sure of the placing, and if the measurement is accurate the pieces will be at least 🥎 in impersite.

For all joints, the proper method is to allow the teeth of one Continued to inspire the



Whenever wood must be bammered, use a soft block of waste wood on a protective cushion.



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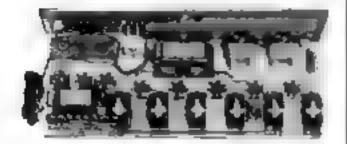
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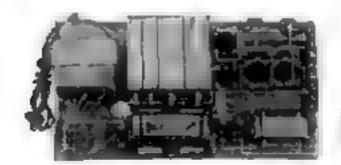
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Better Ways to Do Woodwork

(Contraved from page 135).

sale of the new to cut the center of the scratch, removing half the line and leaving half on the parry. This keeps the blade in the waste wood, retains a positive working line at all points, and mores a straight cut. If the edge is to be dressed after being mixed, the cut may be made a traffe to the sade—enough to allow two or three shavings to be removed before the center of the line is reached.

In starting a soir cut for a dado or for the shoulder of a tenon, it is often helpful to cut the starting corner with a knule, notehing it in the waste wood. This gives a starting point for the asw and prevents it from dancing around on the surface before biting in.

IF TWO boards are develed together, it is most important that the face edges come smoothly flush. This requires great accuracy in the location of the dowel noise. Champ the two parces together, joining edges up, wite both face sales out, and square across the edges to brate the holes with reference to the length. With a gage set to center on the Unckness of the wood, scratch across these lines from the face side of each board. As the head of the gage bears against the face sodes, any variation from the center on one piece is duplicated on the other. If the boring is true, the faces must be in line when glued up.

Since the grain of the wood will "lead" the bit point, it is well to center-punch the intersection of the marks with a nail or a and set no that the bit will start accurately. A bit gage or a wooden block hored to sup over the bit to a help to boring the holes to a uniform depth and eliminates the danger that some of the dowels will strike and prevent the joint from ckema

Snother precaution, a small amount of queeat the bottom of the hole must be allowed for 1 imprisoned excess glue. Glue is no more conpressible than water and is too thick to cone past the dovel pin; if, then, the clamps are screwed tightly enough, the glue will expand the hole by splitting the wood.

The assembling of cabinet parts often requies them to be tapped with a hammer to force the joints together. Every hammer blow, bowever light, means a bruse on the work, unless a black of soft wood to used as a buffer between the furnitier and the work. Blocks should also be used under clamp jaws.

SCRATCHES and mars on the piece seem mevitable, but much ordinary scuffing in avoidable. Only necessary tools should be rested on finished surfaces of the wood. Touch the appare gently to the surface; and do not by a mw up the board at all, for when the tool in picked up again the teeth will surely scratch. Before laying a smoothed side against the beach top or sawhome, he some that all shavman, mardust, and splinters have been swept

Most cabasets should be sponged with warm water before the final enseling: this process not only swells flush any small bruses, but raues the grain. When the grain has been much papered down again, it will not be affected to any great extent by the application of the stain, which otherwise might raise it hadly Deep bruises often can be steamed out with wet blotting paper and a bot flattron.

No noze worker should risk the discouragement and possible loss of interest that comes from the improper grinding and sharpening of his cutting tools. To work happily and sucresolutive with dult, poor tools is impossible. In some cases the duliness may be due not so much to lack of the necessary skill to keep the tools in order as to the fact that the sharpening processes are not regarded as interesting in themselves. Yet they will become interesting if you study and practice them.



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Monoplane Flies Indoors

(Continued from page &f)

the fuselage 3 in. from the rear end of the Juseiage. Tunch the points with rement

The "cana" or rathber guides are of No. 5 piano wire. Make a ring about 34 in. in diameter. Bend the ends parallel as shown and sup them over the fuselage. The front can goes 314 in from the nose, the rear can, 83; in, from the now. The case are secured in a

The wing has two space of white pine, the by by 18 in. These are maded smooth Soak the spars at the center and bend over a candle flame until the curb of each are I in higher than the center. This forms the dikedrul and makes the model stable in flight

The ribs are barnhon, a seant 🤚 in square by 344 in lung. Curve them over a can-lie-The curve is A in, high, and the highest part occurs one third the rib length from the lending edge. The ribs are bound to the spars with two wraps of silk thread each way, and are cemented. One rib is placed in the center and the others are spaced 4 in apart, leaving a spar overhang of 1 in. to which the up outines are bound and cemented.

THE tip outlines are sometrouler and extend a rando flame from 🚠 in, square bamboo

Too wing is beld accurely to the underside of the Insetage by two clips made of No. 8 puno were. The front clip holds the wing spac 71 m. from the furriage to give the personny rib clearance. The true clip holds the wing spar by in, below the fuscions, thus giving the wing the necessary angle of antidence. Hend a loop in the wire and run the parallel ends up of to then downward and ontward so that they will set the spare 1/2 in, each side of the center rib Here they are bent parallel to the spars in a tight loop 34 in long and are bound to the spars with four or five wraps of thread and dixed with sement. Make the clips true so that the wang will be aligned properly, and do not have them grip the fuselage too tightly, as that might injure the stick

Cover the Inil. wrong, and rusher with Japancse tissue, with rice paper, or even with soft testar, although the last is not in strong block the paper with banana on to the buttops side of the tail. Apply the atheuve along the thread and the tar spar Work caping, as the oil free fast. Trun off the margin, leaving

no edge of 🖧 🖎

Unver their liter in the same manner on one as le only. Tron off the margin with a range base and give the tay and sudder a sparing coat of this boun in oil it can be thinned with acclobe.

COVER the wing on the top sole, working out a section at a time. Pull the creases out lengthwise so the cutve will be preserved. Trum away the margin and apply a cont of banana on. As the or dries, warp the wang inthe bands until the left side has about 10 n greater incidence than the right. This is to con termet the invoice of the large propeller.

The propeller is of the true pitch type Belect block of very not, light white pine, to by 11 a by 10 in. In the exact penter of one 13 , in. face locate a dot, and on the other the in face place a similar dot. On each face draw two lines outgonally from corner to corner, crossing at the center dot. Draw parallel lines & in. no each side of the center dot. This is to give body to the hub.

Lut along the outline to form the blank Drd the center bole and curve out the propeller. It is cut so thus you can see light through it two thirds of the way to the hub-The cross section should resemble a wing curve. The convex aide is the front aide of the propelku,

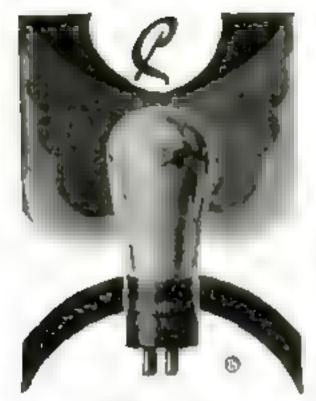
After the propeller is carved, make a paper pattern of a general (Centioned on year 196)







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(Euntiment from page 150,

tip and then eut the tip to the pattern. Now trim the bulky part of the tip down quite thin. He careful not to round the taps until after the actual carving is completed.

Measure up the rear edge of the blades 112 in, each side of the center hole and carve away loward the center up if the bab is it in deep at the center. Sandpaper until the propeller is amouth, and because it carefully

The propeller shaft in No. 8 piano wire and, when completed, is 1 in long. Bend a rubber book on one end, pass the shaft through the center hole, and bend a tight loop in the other end. Force the tight loop into the wood at the hub to key the propeller in place. Touch it with cement. A very small waster could be cemented to the high on the rear side. Usually you can get these washers from a clock repair man or a gunsmith.

The motor is three strands of 🔥 by 🌿 in.

model surplane Tablet

THE model can, of course, be wound by hand and with this method can be mirely given 500 turns, but you will certainly want to use a winder on it because by stretching the motor out to two and a half times its normal length you can give it 700 turns and get a much longer flight. Put a small we saped book of No. 8 wire at the tent for use with a winder.

Winders may be purchased from model airplane supply houses. A small breast drill with a book ctemped tightly in the jawe makes an

everlient wurder.

To fly the model, pass a rubber hand over the fundage and under the wing to hold the clips in place. Adjust the wing until the model makes a smooth glide. The farther back the wing, the iteeper the glide, but you want the model to make the shallowest glide possible without stalling, so siljust it accordingly Wind the motor and launch it level and very easily. These models can be flown outside, but only in the quietest of breezes, as they are so light that any wind has a powerful effect upon them.

After you have gained experience with the ample and easily built white pine model and have seen what an excellent flyer it is, you will certainly want to make a very light, advanced model. Follow the more design closely but make the parts to the dimensions shown in parentheses on the drawing and, of course, substitute bales wood for pine. You will be

amazed at the results

WORD about balsa wood: It is lighter A than cork and so soft that you will crush it in your fingers or cut it with thread if you are not careful. Have your knife sharp, otherwise you will make ragged cuts.

in making the model in balsa wond, the main difference is in the cross sections of the various members, as buse is only one half as

strong as white pine

The fuscinge as 1, by 1, in balsa. Smooth it lightly with fine sandpaper and round the corners slightly. Give the stick a cont of banana oil. Prepare the wing clips, the propeller hanger, books, and cans in the an manner and of the same wire as on the white pine model. For banding use a split silk thread, By untwisting the thread you will find it is made up of smaller strands. Use one of these smaller strands for all binding, partly because that will keep you from damaging the soft wood and partly breams these wisps of thread are amp v strong. All hamboo parts are made in the same marmer as the first model except that the cross section of the bamboo is \(\lambda\), in by a scant \(\frac{1}{2}\right) at. The wing spars are \(\frac{1}{2}\right) by \(\frac{1}{2}\right) an. with the corners well munded. When bending the dibedral in the spara, souk them well and beat carefully, as halva takes fore easily and, once on fire, will smaller away. Also, the wood breaks more easily. (Continued on poor 157)



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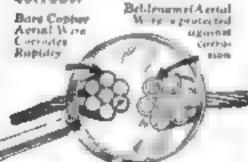
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MY BUNGALOW, which was not built with on eye to the confusion of introders, has been entered no less than three times in two years. The vulnerable point was the door of a basement garage at the rear, held by made bolts and a "sight" lock attached to the in-ada. The necessary charance between the two doors made it easy for a burglar to insert a knife blade and sim the latch.

To make the door burglar-proof, I sawed

two hams as shown from by-in cold-rolled steel plate They were then corehardened by beating them to a cherry red and dipping them into polassium eyansie, reheating and redipping three or four times until the hardening extended 1/2 im. deep or more, so that they are fileproof and saw-proof The padiock was protected by being chromium plated over the entire lock and L'-belt-and I don't think onyhody will cut it with anything short of up. acriviene torch!

Having gone thus might as well provide additional recurity at might when the family is in the house. So a bar was made from a piece of 2-by-1-in. pine, and

heavy from cleans were botted to each side of the door frame for this to rest in.

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No good," you will my, more it will be easy to cal through the bar with a saw merted in the crack between the two doors. Buthalf it dozen back saw blades picked up in a machine shop eliminated that possibility Three are 18-in, blades of self-bardening tungsten steel, discarded from a power naw. One was assled to the edge of the wooden har, and two on each side, the sails being driven through the holes in the ends of the blades Smaller blades and more of them mucht have been used if the beavy machine atwa had not been available - CLYPE HARRA.

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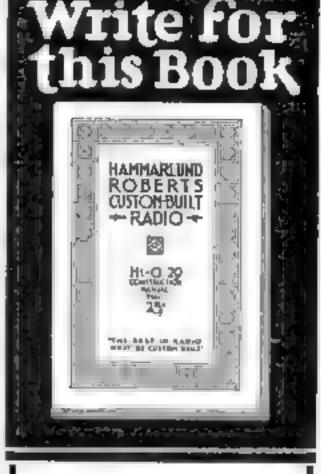
(Continued from (e.g. /36)

For the outline of the tail use the same split. thread as for brading

The propeller blank is cut from balan in the same manney as white pine, but the hub should be A in thick instead of 1/4 in Cement the shalt is place well so the rubber will not pull the wire through the suft wood.

The balm model in very much fighter and consequently will fly on two strands of it by 14 in rubber. This motor will take miely 1,100 turns with the winder, hence the greater flying ability of the balm model. The balm model, of course, due to the delicacy of the parts, is somewhat harder to assemble

The writers' white pose model weighed .38 one, the balsa model, 25 one. The white pure model under good conditions in an outdoor test flew 2,200 ft., remained in the air 100 seconds, and attained an altitude of 150 ft. The baist model, with the power increased to three strands of 🏤 by 🌃 in. robber to enable it to withstand better the outside air currents, flew 5,000 ft., and remained in the air 160 seconds.



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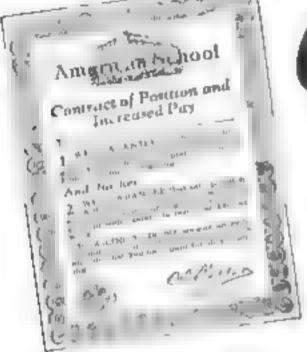
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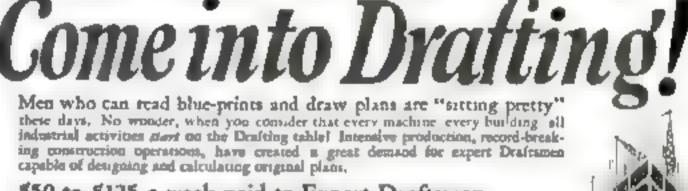
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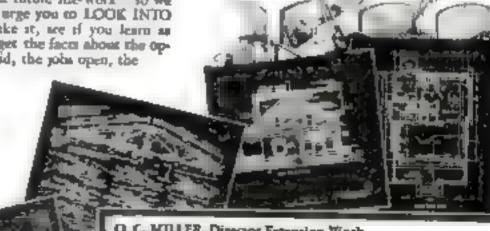
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How to Reverse a Motor

By George A. Willoughby, E. E.

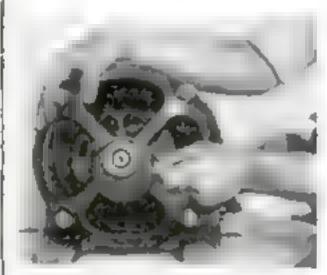
"CAY, George, I need a little help on I monder over at the shop. I wonder if you will come over and give me a hand. I've been malang some changes and I want to use one of the motors in a different place, where it has to run in the opposite direction

Anson, my machinist friend, was speak-

"What kind of a motor have you, and what are you going to use it for?" I asked, as I got my hat and coat.

"Well, I don't know exactly what kind you'd call it, but you have to connect it to two alternating current wires, and it has brushes and a commutator, I bought it from a friend of mine some time ago and have never had any trouble with it except that it now sparks pretty had when it starts.

"That's easy," I said. "It must be a repulsion-start induction motor and the



Cleaning the commutator with annipaper held over the end of a small block of wood.

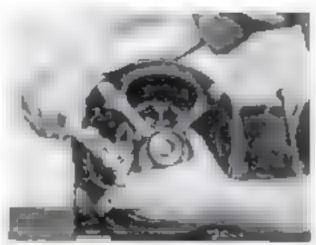
commutator probably peeds a little sanding. We can take care of that

When we reached Anson's shop I could see that the commutator was dark and covered with earbon dost from the brushes, just as I had surmised.

"It's a snap to reverse this motor," I assured him. "Just give me a weench that will fit the head of this bolt clamping the brush holder in place. All we have to do is to loosen it and move it up to the topof the slot, and then perhaps move it back. a little if the brushes spark after the commutator is clean and the brushes fit it." This adjustment was quickly made.

Now give me a little block of wood and some fine sandpaper," I said, "and I ll show you how to sand the commutator as soon as you have the motor running."

With the sandpaper polled over the perfectly smooth end of the block, I held the paper in contact with the commutator until it was smooth and bright. If the sparking had continued after this, I should have adjusted the brushes a little and fitted them to the commutator by lifting them, placing the fine sandpaper with the smooth side against the commutator, and working the armature back and forth by hand so as to remove enough of the carbon to make the ends of the brushes as smooth as possible and of a

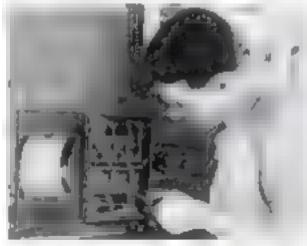


Moving the brush holder of a repulsion start. induction motor to reverse the rotation.

shape to insure good contact with the commutator

"Well, I'm much obliged for your help." said Anson, "and I don't want to ride a free horse to death, but thees is one more thing I would like to have you show me before we go back. I wish to reverse this three-phase motor over here.

"There's not much to that." I replied as I picked up a screw driver. "You can do that by interchanging any two of the three lead wires. Perhaps the easiest place to get at them is right here at the switch. You can just as well do it right now. Take the wire from the second terminal and leave it until you disconnect. the first and put it in its place. Then connect the second wire where the first was,"



Revening a three phase motor by interchanging two of the lead wires at the switch.

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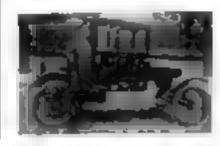
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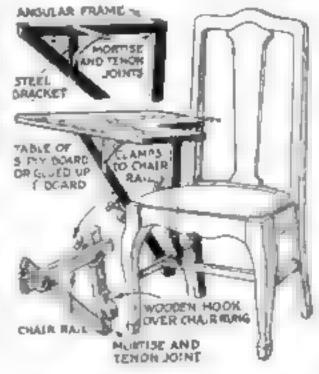
Arm Board Turns Chair into Desk

By E. M. LEEDS

THE desk attachment illustrated can he easily built at slight expense and attached to almost any ordinary chair

For the top, glue to a piece of 1 by 6 in. pine # ft. 6 in. long, two widths of 1 by 10 pr. stock 1 ft. 5 pr. long, so that the desk can be shaped up to a width of 1 ft. 914 in... and a length in the broad part of I ft 4 in., with the corners rounded to a radius of 1 in. Or, better still, use a single piece of 5-ply vencer stock, which will not warp.

For the triangular support, use 116 by 2 in, stock, \$45, that is, dressed on all four notes. Thus is generally 154 by 134 in, when smoothed up. For the upright stile, cut a piece I ft. 7 m. long. To mark for the mortise, gage on one end two lines in, and is in, respectively from one lace, and extend them down the edges



Now the desk attachment is made and fastened in place with two common clamps.

11/2 in Bore n 3/4-in, hole edgewise through the piece at the bottom of the mortise, and, ripping in the waste wood, of the switch Tram the bottom smooth with a chisel

Cut the rul stock I ft. 10 in. long, and on one end cut a tenou corresponding to tge mortise in the stile.

Cut the brace # ft. 6 is, long. Assemble rail and stne without glue, square them, and lay the brace over the ends with the lower edge flush with the tuner corners, Guiding by the brace, mark the bottom of ' the mortises in the rail and stile and ginting on the latter, mark the tenon shoulders of the brace. Gage the edges and cut the mortises and tenons on the three pieces. See that they fit and glue them together.

To assemble the brace with the top, lay the top upside down on the floor and draw a line 1 ft. 10 in. long on the underside, na follows: begin 1 in. in from the corner marked A and continue to a point S in away from a line drawn as the contimustion of the inside edge of the arm rest Stand the support on the top with the somer edge on (Continued on page 146)



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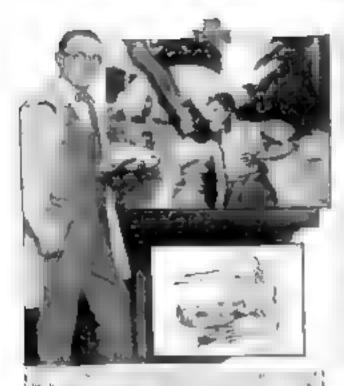
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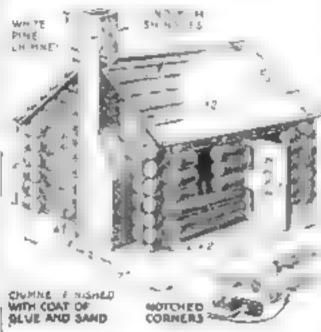
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How to Build a Realistic Miniature Log Cabin

TENY log cabins for use either as mantel ornaments or as toys can be made quite easily from branches of trees. or wonden curtain rods or dowel sticks. I made the cabin illustrated of 14-in. curtain rods-14 pieces 11 in. long and 18 pieces 7 in. long. The cabin is 734 in.



An ornamental log cabin model constructed of "4-in, curiasa code, white pine and linelyum.

high to the ridge, the other dimensions

appear on the drawing.

The chamney is sawed from a 34 in. thick piece of white pine and covered with a good grade of glue and coarse sand. The roof, which is of 36-in. 3-ply venoer, is "shingled" with pieces of linoleum cut & 10. long and random widths from 34 to 134 These are glued and nailed underade up to give a weathered appearance.

The door in 14 in, thick pine. Windows are cut beside it and in the end opposite the chunney .- CARL G Enter.

How to Clean Plaster Casts

LASTER of Paris statuettes or busts can be cleaned by dopping them in a thick liquid starch, abowing them to dry, and brushing off the starch The greater part of the dirt is removed with the starch and in many cases the surface of the pluster looks as clean as when it was new.-R C.S.

Arm Board for Chair

Combined from page 144

this line, and drive a fourpenny finishing and through each end into the top. Turn the top right side up and drive superny finishing nails from above into the rail setting them for puttying.

Six inches from the forward end of the rail, screw a 10 by 12 m. wrought steel shelf bracket to the underside of the top and to the rail and brace. Cut off the

projecting lower end

Tey the table on the side of the chair to which it is to be attached, and mark the position of the rung under the seat Gine to the stile a wooden book or notched cleat to fit over the rung and glue pieces of felt to the stile and brace where they bear against the chair rail. Sandpaper smooth and finish as desired.









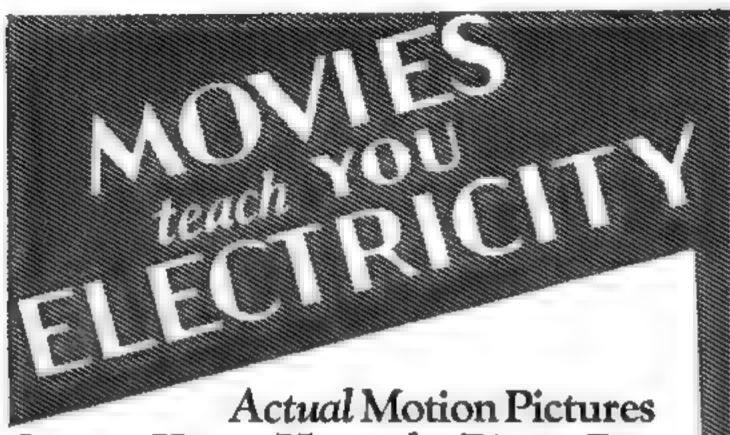


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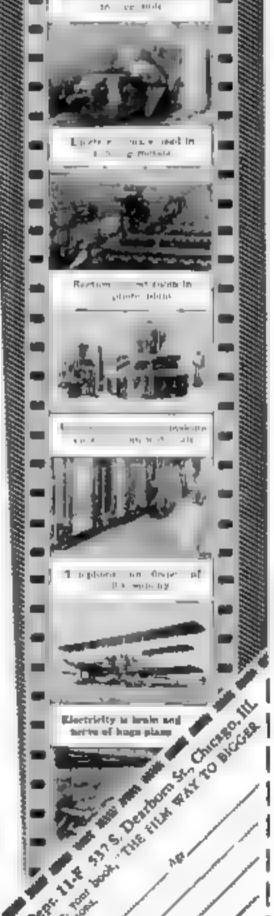
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Solving the Mystery of Twins

Continued from page 41)

Eleanor was adopted by a family living at Bay City, Michigan. Neither sister mw the other or knew of her until a few months ago when a women thought she recognized Georgians on a South Bend bus. In reality it was Eleanor Explanations followed and now Professor Horatio H. Newman, distinguished biologist of the University of Chicago, is studying the case, which is of intense scientific interest because only the heredities of these children were alike. Their environments have been different almost since buth

At the University of California, Professor H. E. Jones is setting up a "twin laboratory" for a most searching study. Apparatus will be provided for the exact measurement of all boddy and mental characters. No less than five hundred pasts of twins will be studied, from both until adult life, if possible

PROFESSOR JONES will include not only identical twins but some of those who are not so remarkably alike. How does science explain these, some of whom lack even the usual family likeness? These so-called "fraternal" twins are not really twins at all, in the sense of having opining from the same original rells. They are merely ordinary brothers or sistem who happen to have developed aimultancously but from two distinct fertilised egg ! cella. Here there are no mental or boddy similarities more marked than between other members of the name family

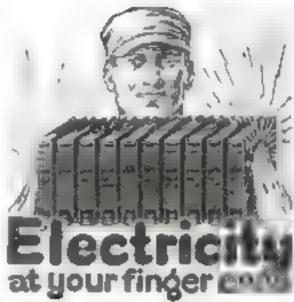
Among triplets and among those still carer individuals who enter the world in groups of four, five, or more at the same both, there probably exist the same two types as among twins. Fome of the triplets and quadruplets are distinct individuals, whose separate germ cetts merely chance to develop together Among such are the famous Keyes quadruplets of Holics, Oklahoma, girls of fourteen; three are dark-haired while the fourth is a bloode

That others exist of the more interesting elentical type is proved, however, by the Hanna sisters of Kanasa City, triplets who at eighteen are as much alske both in mind and body as any two identical twins by the Waggoner beothers of Union County Tennessee triplets who looked enactly alike throughout lives lasting over seventy years, and hy numerous instances discovered by Dr. R. A. Fisher, of Bothamstead, England, in a recent study of 100 cases of English multiple births on 1924, 1925, and 1920.

TRIPLETS and quadruplets have been less studied accentifically than twim for the simple reason that they are so much rarer. Over the whole earth there is probably about one pair of twee for each two bundred ordinary births, one true of traplets for each six thousand burths one set of quadruplets for every million bieths, and one birth of five children for every twelve or lifteen suffice barths. Medical records coulain a dozen or as instances of six bying children born at once and two somewhat doubtful instances of seven.

Among other purales of heredity which the studies of twins and triplets are expected to help solve is whether the propensity to have twins is itself hereditary. Probably it is physicians are sure at least, that some parents are more likely than the average to increase their families by twos. Four sets of twos on one family as far as is known, is the American record, jointly held by at least two families. while five pairs have appeared in each of several families in other parts of the world.

"H^{OW} can be do it?" we always want to know whenever a magician performs some thrilling new feat. In a forthcoming issue an expert explains many magical illusions which have mystified us most. You won't want to miss this faccinating article.



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The True Story of A Men Who Found Himself Facing Failure And Then — by a Sudden Stroke of Luck Discovered The Secret of Making Over \$5000 A YEAR! Don't Fail to Read This Illuminating Article of Real-Life Success! It Should Proce An Inspiration to Any Man Who Wants to Make More Money!

By B. G. LOUGHREN

\$200 the first week: \$1000 in a single month? And over

\$3000 cash profit in a year?
When I off down and took at those figures in my bank book, I can't belp marvaling at the attacgroups of Fata. It was Chance and Chance alone—that thrust this money-making opportunity strongly path at the very moment I needed it must I has been in the rat entitle business in Florida when audidn'y he beam roumped! The immediate future control gloriny may one day when I dropped in to task things

over with a friend.

When I went into his office, be was at the wash bowl, get filled to be between the deak where my eye fel on a little meket plated contravance about he I the ense of my hand. There was amouthing about h that aroused my

"What a this three KRISS hit OS represented to the my Jimme Y as we read about it in the manuages. I we only been using the month but I in getting the keepest shares of may detail from the same blade. Look bett. It show you have Web. It certainly was a mechanical marvel. I hado t seen

anything so ingraines a years. "I wish I rough the chart heard the best found to be the chart lead the best lead to be best lead the company that pure it out is coming money hand over fat.

"They are, said J name. Earthermore, they only set through agents and demonstrators, and those agents are making ploofs, tool I sent for their graposition the other day part out at curiosity.

He handed me a letter with more margin order blacks attached. I read it through and then read it as over again, "I music. I suid as ast, "this hing suce wi" SELL, and they cortainly give heir man a gener operation. Let me bowns. your stropper this al ermous and see how many orders I can

ASTONISHING PROFITS That afternoon I got the apprise of my Mr. The first man I walked up to had read all about KRISS KRISS in The Saturday Evening Post and such Send me one before I got half way brough my actions teation. By 4 30 I had 9 orders

and the next mermony I got 11 more!
That sure convinced me-and I wrote the company that

although they were not aware I was working for them, the to , was they resid stop me une by wife. They write buck found such Got it Needless to my I went in carnest and the end of the week found too with exactl) \$250 meh profit to m) porket

A \$15,000 BUSINESS ALMOST OVER NIGHT The re-may I made that first week rame case y shough a but after I got well started it became cases and cases. And then, before I knew it, I found that I was actually electing as

han possess answer, "John that a was acceptly formed high as \$1000 in the stage month."

To-day I figure that a did a \$15,000 grow business that first year with profit of over \$5000. And it all came it was getting started such the right kind of a proposition business from giving the public what it wants and they surely have shown that they WANT KRISS KRISS Terrorul's acceptance." have shown that they WANT KRISS KRISS Personn's I between that it is the most natonishing "solf-soller" I have ever nees and that the coming year will prove it the greatest direct to flow stem of all to make a fall to be a coming our will prove it the greatest direct to flow attention of all to be a second provential to be a sec direct + ling dem of all t me!

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Colors We Can't Sec

(Continued from Juge 48)

where only the cones are, that we focus objects when we look at them. The cones give us complete vision, the rods, only partial vision. With the cones we see all colors, but with the rods we see only black and white and their combinations, which are gray.

You can demonstrate this for yourself by fixing your gase on a certain point and without looking away from that point, gradually pass varieulored cards forward, from a position behind and at one side of the head, until they come within your field of view. The color of the cards will vary, under proper lighting conditions, as you bring them nearer and nearer to the center of vision. At first the color is vague and usually gray ish, because then it is perceived only by the rods. Not until it comes within range of the cones, or near the center of vision,

does it appear in its true aspect.

IF WF focus this central apot of the eye on any object, we see any color-red, green, yellow or blue or their communitions. But now if we cut off part of our vision by covering the central area with a blind, we then me only blue and vellow, and white and black, with their combinations. That is what a bee seen. If we cover all but the outer part of the return, we we only white, gray, and black black being the absence of color. That is the color limit of a cat a vision

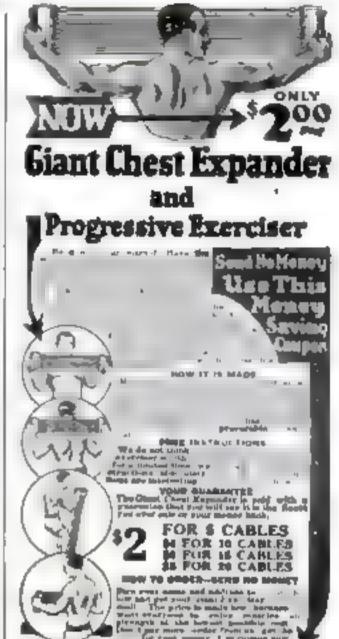
Now, according to Dr. Ladd-Franklin a theory, there have been, in the evolution of living things, these same three stages in the development of color vinon. First, there was the blackwhite stage found in the cat. When prehistoric nimals first began to see, they me not the many bued workl which we see, but one simply of whitehess and blackness. Secondly, there arous a blue-yellow stage, corresponding to the bee. And finally, there evolved the stage embracing all the colors act experienced, the stage of man and of some of the lower animals, such so the dog and the bird

A ray of light consists of a mecture of waves of different lengths, and the sensation of light and color which the eye gives us in due to the eye a reaction to these waves. In the first of the three stages, explains Dr. Ladd-Franklin, the eve had only one reaction to waves of every length— that giving the emution of whiteness That is, it saw only white and the absence of white which we call black

WHEN the eye had developed to the second stage, it began to distinguish new hies. It singled out yellow and blue. To long rays it began to react so so to give the sensation of yellow; to short ones, blue. In the third stage the rays that had given yellow were in turn split up into long and short, the long giving the emeation of red, and the short that of green. The blue of the second stage, however, remains blue in the third stage. The eye has not yet earned how to must it up

By means of the prism, or triangular glass, a ray of light can be daysded into all the colors of the rainbow. All these colors are mixed together in the ray before it is thus divided, and they all come to us in light waves of different lengths. The shortest waves are those of violet rays They mahout fifteen one hundred millionths of un such long. The longest are the red—about tharty one bundred millionths of an meh. Now, the eye can react to only a limited portion of these rays, those of meetings waveength. When the lengths are very short, as in the ultra-violet, or when very long, as in those ca jest the infra-red, our eventair us. (Biyamsly if we could develop a better eye there is no tell to what surprises we might see

To understand how the development from the first to the second and third stages might take place, we have only to try to look at yellow with one eye and at blue with the other eye. at the same time. This prostanced on page a.







A definite program for getting shead financially will be found on page four of this issue.

Colors We Can't See

(Cont. ward from page 150)

can be done by holding a card on its edge between the eyes and along the nose, so as to keep one eye from seeing in the other's field.

Strange as it may seem, we don't see simply yellow and bine. We see a kind of white, or else we experience a rivalry between the two colors, as if one were trying to blot the other out. What happens is that the eyes attempt to see the two colors as one. If they succeed, in the case of the yellow and blue, the resulting sensation is white.

It seems quite plausible, then, that yellow and blue themselves aught have originally come from white. And this is exactly what the new theory says. If, now, we try to see red and green at the same time, we see yellow instead, or else we get the same rivalry between the colors. And so, again, it seems plausible that red and green might have come from yellow in the evolution of color vision.

DR. LADD-FRANKLIN explains that the mixing of the colors in the above experiments occurs probably in the retina of the eye without our being aware of it, and is a chemical process. A cay of light, falling on the cetum, is believed to decompose an unknown substance in the rods and cones, producing chemical action that gives us color sensations

Studies of the spectrum, or artificial rambow, indicate that with perfect eyes we ought to see at least 165 basic colors. Actually we see only the four—red, green, yellow, and blue. Why is thus?

The absert, says Dr Ladd-Frank! n, is that the meetar isen of the eve takes a short cut. Through the pencess of splitting up and remitant distributes for the potential 165 deferent colors a bare for a trigether with certain blends of these four. If our eyes were capable of its triginals of more line y as some to in sets can pick up more line y as some to in sets can pick up more wave lengths than others, then we could begin to see more of the basic colors. A moment of figuring will reveal now much better eyes we need. If we now see only four prietary colors, and if 165 exist, then we see on y about one for teeth of what the world really provided. It is an amazing definence.

As we are, we can hardly distinguish between two color blends such as two bluegreens. Yet there are about forty different shades between those two. If the process of evolution in the eye gues on indefinitely it may be that eventually man will see on every sale a display of colors such as would dazzle us beyond belief. He will then look back upon in as we now look upon the cat, and pary us for the deabness of the world of right in which we

lived

Big Guns Traced by Air Puffs

IIOW British accentists used the faint air pulses from German gues to locate and destroy them was told the other day by bir William Bragg to the British Association for the Advancement of Science. It was a problem, he said, of finding some way to time the arrival of the pulse simultaneously at several points, so that surveying experts could locate the gun and give British artiflerymen the range.

A British technical officer, listening to nearhy firing within his battered but, noticed that reports often were accompanied by a faint whistling, as of air rushing through the wall s charks. He conceived the idea of making "electric thermometers," containing hot wires that would be chilled by the passing air wave. When they were challed, the altired electric current would register on a delicate recording instrument. The method was tried, and proved successful, the firing of a big gun miles away challed a wire perceptibly. Sir William revealed that the officer-inventor was his own airs, Prof. W. L. Bragg, of Manchester



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Cities Race for Airports

(Continued from John Sch.)

it cost to drain the land, to transform it into a level field? How much grading and stump pulling will be necessary? How close is it to main arteries of toghway traffic? How close to the waterfront, and to the milroada? What about milroad sidings, light, power, water, gas. triephone, telegraph and wireless stations? All of these things may involve intricate figuring. and cannot be settled offhand. A field out in the country is not an autort, any more than a country railroad soling is a railroad center.

San Francisco is going after this problem in ingenieur fashion, following a plan initiated by the acting postmaster Harry L. Tudd. The scheme calls for an elevated asport, 1,300 feet. long, 600 feet wide, and fifty or sixty feet above. ground, forming a roof over the now expensel. yards and passenger station of the Southern Pacific railway

Till's mid-city apport, equipped with chutes on that mail can be dropped into trucks within a few records after it has been tossed from an airplane, will cut to fifteen iniquies the perwent time of two hours between place and post office. At present mail planes to and from ban Francisco use the usuampat airport at Oukland, Unlif. It is expected that the saving in time on mail alone, by the new plan, will he worth hundreds of thousands of dollars to San Francisco business men.

New York has witnessed how business moves toward an asport, in the growth of suburbs near Rossevelt Field, Long Island Garden City and adjacent communities are showing new life and increased property values because of the air traffic centering there. Naturally New York is too great a city to be realous of such a slight shift in values, but nevertheless the buggest city in the world is planning an airport that will be the take-off of future trans-Atlantic flights. The site chosen is Barren Island, near the couthwestern tip of Long Island, and the development envisions the acroal needs of the city forty years to the future. Clarence Chamberlio, trans-Atlantic flyer, has been employed to superintend the enterprise

B ACKERS of Recovered Sield, meanwhile, are planning to spend \$1,000,000 to develop it into an American Croydon. Machine shops, service stations, and an elaborate system of searchlights, beacons, and radio signaling will be developed. Its mile-long runway given Roosevelt Field a big assentage over other eastern airports at present. But eigiborts believe that the airplanes of ten or of teen years hence will require much less space for last ma-and departing. Witness the Navy's success in landing planes on the deck of a carrier

The development of strange architectural shapes to accommodate the new needs of flying is foreseen by some experts. Domechaped apports with runways raducing in all directions are pictured. Underground hangars would account for that shape, the roof of the kangare serving as the flying field.

M Buffalo's well-equipped airport there are seven buildings, five hangara, an administra tion building, and a combined garage will power plant. The hangars are built of brick glass, and steel. In the administration building. the manager a office, lumbed in one corner, has a curved glass front that gives a view of the entire flying area. The building has been in designed that the wings may be extended later to house a post office, customs station, passenger waiting rooms, news stand, restaurant, and offices for commercial airline companies.

One thing is certain: the airport of the future will not have forty-eight knods of aiguals and markers to confuse the acrual tourist, as motorists now are confused on land. A buge whote circle already has been adopted as the agn of an airport. Other signs are to be controlled by Government regulations.





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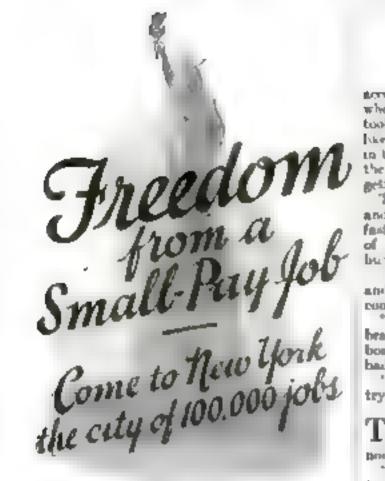
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acrelerator pedals, ton. Look at the steering where where your hands naturally grip it. It took a lot of pawing to wear away the wood have that. Then there a a terrible lot of play in the steering apparatus. They we tightened the adjustment till it works stiff without getting rid of the shek."

They were approaching a particularly rough and bumpy stretch of road. Gus took it at a fast clip. The car gave forth a whole collection of clattering nouse as it bounced over the

wounds like every shackle bearing is loose and the joints in the brake ruds as well. Gus

commented. "All cars are a bit noisy except when they rebeand-new," exclaimed Estey. "I'll bet that boat you're trying to cell would sound just as had.

"Not by a jugful!" Gus granted. "You can try it yourself if you want to.

THEY headed for the Model Garage. The touter seemed to be getting more and more DOMEST

" Wille I'm checking up on what's in the fransmission and rear end," and fine, "I want to see what kind of oil they put in the crank case. The usual stunt is to put in extraheavy oil to help deaden the loose bratisgs That a a lot cheaper than taking down the motor and taghten ng them

trus got busy at once and sure enough, the transmission and the cear end both had seen filled with a mealy mixture of heavy oil and fine anwhust. The crank case was filed with tal several grades beavier than recommended list he maker of the car-

Now you drave this one," said from beckening to Estey to take the wheel of Round in a cor "Drave over the same route and at the same speed."

By the time they returned, Estey was thor-

country convinced. "Goods What a lemon I did pick!" he sighed as he grand dispushedly at the slong variable of the car he had been so proud of only a short time before. "I'm beginning to realize there's more to this reconditiond car game than just the model number and the condition of the paint."

"I DON'T want to be a crape hanger," mid the veteran auto mechanic, "but if you've taken that car on time payments you'd be mighty were to charge the down payment to experience and let them have the car back

"Is it really as bad as that?" solved Estey

demperalis

Look here. Gus requested, stooping down and positing to the frame of the car just under the edge of the mudguard. 'Too much wear is had enough, but this is even more serious. That isn't roughness in the paint on the frame eight there. That a where the frame was broken and a welting job has been done. The car's here in a smaal-up. No doubt of it. Personally I d never by v any seconthand car that had been in a smash unless I knew a whole lot more about it than I do about this one."

That settles it. Estey reared anguly "I'll make those cronks give me back my hundred bucks down payment or somebody a going to get all museri up

Do you think he It get his money backs asked Joe, after Estey had departed in 164

shiny pole of junk.

Maybe they It give him part of it to avoid. a scrap. He s a pretty husky chap, Gus smiled "But it a books like Estey who keep the gyp secondhand auto dealer in business. It s a shame, too, because gyp dealers give seconthand cars a had name and make it hard for the honest automobile agreems to dispose of their trade-ins.



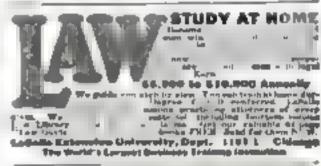
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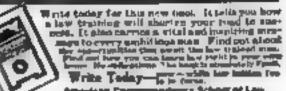


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It's Here—the All-Steel House

(Continued from page \$4)

concrete floors poured, there existed the skeleton of a strictly fireproof building. Where insulation was required, of course, freproof fabrics of felt were used. The steel roof trustees were covered with a short steel roofing, and over the insulating material and freproof abingles.

In the basement was an electrically welded steel builer, an oil burner drawing fuel from a storage tank of steel. In the kitchen were a variety of labor saving devices. Even the

electric clocks were in steel cases.

One important feature of this dwelling was the trunes, made of expanded steel to that no members had to be cut to accommodate piping and wiring. As it stands that dwelling is a welcome risk to any company writing insurance against fires, tornucloes or earthquakes. Hata and other vermin can find within its walls no place to set up housekeeping. The people who hve there are going to be warmer in winter and cooler in summer than the majority of their neighbors.

SUCH a house is out of the question for most Amoricans at present, just as automobiles were twenty years ago; but with realization that the small house of steel affords an opportunity in man production like that which was seased by Henry Ford, steel men will seize the opportunity and reduce the cost through the

magic of main production.

in a bulletin issued in 1987 the American Institute of Hirel Construction sets forth that on a \$45,000 shool frame residence completed in Cleveland the cost of the steel members had been \$300 less than would have been necessary. for the purchase of an equivalent amount of wood; and that the labor mying due to the use of factory-cut steel had been \$0,500. This was a saving, according to the recknowing of the Institute, of 8.45 percent.

When such a saving can be assured to the builder of a \$3,000 home the small house of steel will be well beyond the experimental

There is one other outstanding advantage in the steel house that will recommend it more than facture of strength, convenience or heavily to the family wishing to build an inexpensive home on a narrow margin of capital. It is the custom of finance companies to lend money on a first murtgage only when the roof has been placed on a new house. For that Detroit steel house it would have been possible for the owner. to obtain the money to proceed with his building within a few days after the steel erectors completed their hundred-minute tank.

WITH the ordinary house the owner sometimes has to wait mouths for the point where he can permade a loan company that

it is worthy of a first mortgage.

Because there is less hazard and less depreciation on the steel house the loss companies. will be much more willing to advance money on them. If the average man of us can find one element that is more important than strength, safety, sanitation and beauty, that factor is case of financing. In my opinion the steel house will have all these factors.

Powder Magazines Made Safe

RESEMBLING in appearance the "igloo" habitations of Arctic tribes, new powder magazines developed by the Navy bave demonstrated their safety in recent tests at the Indian Head, Md., proving grounds. In one experiment, a ton and a half of T N T was placed in one of the low-domed, concrete structures and exploded. Three other similar magazines filled with T N T, only twenty five feet away, did not explode although two of them conapsed in the lace of the territic blast



A definite program for getting ahead financially will be found on page four of this issue

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Here Are Correct Answers to Questions on Page 69

- L. The largest island is Australia. It has an area of 2,974,581 aquare miles. Greenland is second largest, 827,300 square miles.
- 2. The most important area is in western New York, especially near the town of Warsaw Rock salt has been mixed here for many years If you could strip the surface soil from central New York, you would see that a large part of the state is underland by bods of crystal sult.
- 3. Many geographers believe that the direct place in the desert of central Arabas. It is reported there are places in that country where no rath has fallen for twenty years. Central traha has been very little explored by Europeans, and therefore this record has not been verified.
- 1. The ema, a bird of Australia. Next to the ustrich, the ema is the largest known bust. When the female can has laid the eggs in the nest, the male bird occupies the nest and keeps the eggs warm until the little emus have Laterard
- 5. This is one of the Japanese names for the sukworm, a creature that well deserves the traditional politeness of the Japanese, for the alk it produces is among the chief commercial. products exported from Japan.
- 6. At the Cape of Good Hope, and also in parts of Asia and northern Africa, the not year rave a remarkable hind of sheep possessing extraordinarily beavy and fat tails. One of these tails may weigh as much as seventy-five pounds. The mest of the tail is considered a great delicacy and the owners of the sheep frequently provide them with little wheeled sledges on which to drag their tails without
- The first landing of Columbia on the mainland was made, it is believed, in the neighborbood of Cape Hundarus, north of the modern town of Trajulo on the north coast of the republic of Hondurus in Central America.
- 8. Probably the desert part of Peru in South America. In the interior of this country and in parts of the country of Chile, which adjoins it on the wouth, there is one of the most completely rainless deserts in the world. Sunshine is almost continual during the daytime, even ib winter
- 9. The name "creole was originally applied in the issauds of the West Indies to persons horn in the mands of European, usually Spanish, descent Nowadays the word has largely lost this precise meaning and is applied to any of the Prench-speaking people in f aribbean countries or around the Gulf of Mexico.
- 10. This medortime affects the small city of Cattaro, near Cetsuje, in the mountains of the former monarchy of Montebegro, now a part of Jugo-Slavia. The mountains come so close to the little valley in which the city lies that an hour of sunlight is cut off by them every morning and every evening.
- 11. This is the name of a small, peak-andblack haard that lives in the desert portions of nouthern Armona, nonthwestern New Mexseo, and northwestern Mexico. The beast is supposed to be extremely possenous, but this does not seem to be true, although its bite sometimes produces a mild illness. Some Gila monsters grow to be eighteen inches long, although most of them are not more than eaght mebes.
- 12. Geologists believe that many thousands of years ago these trees were exposed for hundreds of years to water coming from bot springs. This water mentained more als in sulption. Yery slowly it turned the tree trunks to stone



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Triumphs over Friction

(Contrased from page 48)

which "nilless," self-lubricating bearings can be made. In the journals of railway cars, stoffing horen packed with cil-maked wante keep fraction at bay.

Yet friction is not wholly a villain. You would must it surely, if by some miracle at were abolished. You could not step without fear of falling, for your sloes would act as if you had stepped on a banana prel. Pocket matches would cease to light when you struck them. You might achieve the dream of a perpetual motion machine but you could not transmit its power by a belt, for the belt would slip.

IN YOUR ear, fraction is put to work to grap the road through antiskid tires and, at your command, stop the machine through fireproof asbestos beane bands. Iron grates on iron in the brakes of a speeding train. It would take twenty laborers seven days to accomplish as much work as the brake shoes do us a few seconds in stopping a thousand-ton express train speeding sixty noises an hour, and the heat generated at the brake above would cook twenty dingers for the men.

That accounts for what happens to the energy industry uses up in freeing its shafts from friction's clutches. It turns into heat. . If you could keep the heat from escaping, you could holl water by starring it. If you wished, you could even best your house by Inction! Years ago a machine was built, at Northampton, Mass., to do that very thing. Two horsental, circular plates of cast iron, four feet in chargeter and weighing 1,600 pounts, rotated upon rach other within a brick oven. An account published in the New York Sun of January 7, 1834, and of them, "The ordinary speed, eight revolutions a minute, is sufficient to raise the temperature in the oven to 500 degrees within two hours. A funnel from the oven will convey the heat into any room." The squeel of automobile brakes and the

screech of trougy wheels rounding a curve tell where more of friction a energy goes. As noise, it colors in waves through the air-and finally they, too, turn into heat. Unly the other day, two experimenters, Dr. R. W. Wood, Johns Hopkins professor of physics, and Alfred L. Lonnia, of Tuxedo Park, N. Y., succeeded in burning a hole through a chip of wood with sound waves concentrated in a thin glass rod.

WHAT causes friction? Really there are two kinds. The most familiar in that of rabbing surfaces upon each other. If you look at the apparently smooth surfaces through a microscope powerful enough, you will see that they are not smooth at all, but covered with mnumerable points and hollows. As they move over each other, the projections of one, where they become caught in the bollows of the other, are continually beat unde or tors off. That takes force, and the force is friction. That is why rubbing surfaces in machinery are made of unlike substances, such as steel and brome, whosever possible, so there will be less chance of the projections on one fitting into depressions of the other
"The second kind of friction is "internal;" it

happens uside soft metal when you bend it, or mande water when you stir it. Strains act up between layers of which the substance is made appear the motion and cause internal fraction. That is why wire gets but when you twist it.

Liquid friction is much less than that of solus. Therein lies the secret of why or lubricates. A few drops between two rubbing metal surfaces form an "oil sandwich." Its outside ayers are two that oil films-one on each surface. They adhere so strongly to the metal that tons of pressure cannot squeeze them out Between them is the "filling" a free-moving, liquid layer of oil. When the metals rub, oil sudes on oil instead of metal on metal, and you have substituted the minor evil of flind friction. for the grating, barrang friction of solid metal.



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Young Jim

(Continued from page 28.

sweat-streaked scarecrow supplied, "Jim Duston," thrusting out a dirty hand. His teeth were bared in a friendly grin the only white spot on him-and he spoke quetly, as usual. Pete told me where it was," he went on at once, "but my care must be full of dirt, I couldn't understand him."

Shug Williams looked bun up and down, threw a addriong glance at Sam-and made a sort of a choice. He reached out and shook the hand limply. "Gonna stick around, are

yuh?"

It was a choice, though most reluctantly made, such was plain to be seen. He did not get to his feet, neither did he smile except for a drawing down of the corners of his mouth. and the question he asked was packed full of a akeptacasa that was dangerously close to msulting. There it was the antagonism of a lasy, narrow-minded man, and Sam knew a fear he had never felt before. The Old Man a son was up against something more than a hard job.

J. ORCUTT knew it, too. His grin disap-peared for a moment, though he continued to regard Slog with steady eyes in which there danced that unquenchable fire. Then his teets showed again.

"Yes," he replied. Slowly, months he re-dly I believe I wal, after which he returned to the question at hand. "Where dat

you say the coke breese was?"

And that was that. The joking was finished; a very serious hundres was to follow. Moreover, whatever it was that had caused the lad to start it, by the Gargantinan rosh that samshed down ten-tan angets, it looked as though he were going to finish it At any rate, he knew what he was up against, and Sam he watched the grimy figure awing away down the floor in the direction bing and indicated, and felt the beginnings of a refer which was to find expression in a new table for the boy. Not five minutes later, when he was concluding the errand that had been interrupted by a coll sma.

"WHAT'S that I bear about the Olo Man's kid turnin' condet-mankey?"

There are very few telephones in a steel roll. Hat news travers just the same, some of at like lightning, and such was the greet up Slim Jacknes had for Sam when he chimbed the stare to the glass-fronted room hust above the roll table some lifty feet back of the bloomer Slim was atting on a high stool with a men on either side of him, and all three of them were busy at the job of lengthening a make of steel that crawled back and forth between the huge rolls in front of them. But all three page of eyes had flicked around when Sam entered, he had seen them in the light thrown up from the white-hot steel beneath. He suppressed a gras and reptied

"Yeah, be a workin "

Shortly, pretending great preoccupation, Sam stepped in beside blim and began to leaf through the pile of null orders chipped to a tude desk at front of ham. These men were rumous, as every man on the mill would be within the next hour or so, and Sam-be contmucd to search for a certain sheet.

Silence, while the as hands manipulated as: levers and the massive machinery responded. Silence, that is, in so far as speech was concerned. Otherwise the place resounded with the nones of production. The tumble of the great rolls, the alken swish of the water that bathed them, the clatter and bang as the heavy bloom was flopped over, the has and pop of the hot steel as the shining rolls took it between them, the steady pop of relay switches on a far ade wall—they blended together in a din that only accustomed care (Continued on page (40)

Young Jim

(Continued from page 158)

could understand as those levers were pushed and pulled. And the three men-thew eyes were front and their mouths were closed, but their cars were aching for news. Sam knew it.

"This heat—fourteen, twenty-one, ten—handle it with gloves," he ordered. "It s high mangazese an tricky, don't hop it down. Don't give it more's a half inch at a pass. Twenty-two or an ought to do it

Him produced a pencil from his jumper pocket and made some marks on the sheet. He also took his cue, "Tell Slag to bot 'em up good, he said. But he could not resist adding "What's his big idea?"

"What idea" asked bain, his eyes inspecting the long broom as it crawled under their floor for the ant time, headed back toward the shears and lighting its way as it went. As though he didn't know what Slim was driving

"J. Orentt-working." In his impatience Slim almost mapped it

"OH, YOU mean Young Jim He's goes' to est it up. That heat if he along about

noon, watch it," and he was gone
"Young Jim"—later on nam demanded the credit for Dinking of that name and Sum Jackson confirmed it just then it had slipped out. Maybe he dut took like J. Oreutt when he drove from home to jub and back again in his yellow condition; maybe, after that first day, he did resemble the Old Man a son more than a regular employee when he fell in with the dun-colored line of men who made a parasethrough the timekeepers' gates three times a day; but when he changed to his working clothes and went to work with Pete, he was Young Jim

For the Old Man a non was sticking-and putting up with the verbal attacks of a curefully warned Slug Williams. That news was all over the plant before the second day was done, from the main office on the hill all the way down through the column of great buildings to the timekeepers' gates. There was nothing to prevent the bearing of tales, and Sing Wilmens' two betpers became much sought after men. Not that they took part in what followed, for they were too busy. Some one or two of those souking-pits was always being opened and closed, either for charging or discharging. One by one the stripped inguts had to be put to sook by a crane, and one by one they had to be taken out and sent off to the bloomer, and each time a roof had to be opened and closed again, which was their job-They could observe, however, and listen, beroiled back as they had to do was open a valve; a hydraulic ram did the rest. So the mill beard, and as the days went by, wondered.

YES, J. Orestt was whopping a job. He was stogging away in the dusty heat, poking cinder out, pouring coke breeze in; he was pushing a whealbarrow in the song turnel heneath, he was arousing Pete's cothosomon -a cofficuat thing to do. It was hard. It blistered hands that weren't used to stift turned a bright-eyed whenecally falleing visitor into a notheyed, silent clod at times. Yet he stuck in spite of it, and took insults from Sing Williams.

Verba, ones, beginning on the evening of his very first day, when at quitting time J. Orenti, black from head to foot, asked where the

showers were.

"Showers" ened Slog, then he laughed. "What for? This ain't buturnay

"No, but I happen to be a trifle soiled," said J. Orcutt Dustin 2nd

"Do your was on' at home, 'Slug growled. "You won't be back tomorrow

"That," said the other quietly "is where I'm going to feel you." (Continued on page 160)



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Bill-"Took up a course with the 1, C. S. and studied at night. That's why the old crowd hasn't seen so much of him in the last few years. I wish I'd had the same to do it too. I'd be making more money right new if I had."

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Young Jim

(Continued from page 159)

"So, goom be a regular hand, are you? Well, where a your time three?

"That's right, I haven t any, have I? Well, I'll make the company a present of this day a work. Tomorrow I'll sign up," and he walked away from more slure to find the showers becarif, in a locker room built as a lean-to beside the wing where the monitrous reversing motor that drove the bloomer was

It was a mistake, everyone said. He should have stepped on Slug then and there. Lave and let live-that might be a good motto for the J. Orcutt who thereafter came and west as riese as a pin and dressed for anybody's parlor, but it was not the spirit that deserved the name Young Jim.

PETE REZNIK was the first one to express
tamself about it. He heard everything that was mad-and Slug's remarks grew more and more and each time he got away with one. Normally Peter was ulent, his than hos a taget emek across his grunt face and his deep-mink eyes inscrutable. But he liked Young Jun-He was turning out to be a good workman, and bright. Tell him once, and you didn't have to ten him again. So one day when they were down in the long, shadowy tunnel, where the seat of a hundred Turaish baths made the motioniese are no heavy as lend, he let his feel-

Sock hum in the paw

The house-vorced asymption took Young Jun by surprise. He lowered has shovel, "Sock who in the jaw?"

Alug

"What for?"

"Taikin too much with his mouth."

"Oh, that?" Young Jim langued and rugged has shoulders. "He us t doing any shrugged has shoulders. "He mat doing any harm, in he? Why bother" He'll tire of it before long, with which he wiped the swent from his furchead with a crossed forelinger and went back to work

but Stag slide t tire of it. "Say, J. Occutt Dustin, tiple he drawled one day matrix as always, "did you ever figure you was taken bread out o' some honest man a mouth?

Young Jim had just finished a job and was tered, but he rolled his head around toward Sing and wanted to know how

ily workin on this job when you don't need the money

"WHY, I hadn't noticed that enjuge was aking for this job. Of course, if you should want it with that twins lear his eye ; ite don't, crouked Pete. He tried it

oner for two loans Who a talken to you? Slag wanted to

know, and Pete stood up, showly "I am, you laughts' hyens, an if you give me any back-talk I'll bend a poker over your

bend. Young Jim reached out a hand and stopped hum, or Pete sought have set a greater record for volume of speech. "Test - all right, Pete," he drawled across the nasty hogh of Slug, and

that for the moment-was that When the news leaked out, there was a general abrugging of shoulders, accompanied by downward drooping states. J. Orcutt might he quite a feller when it came to whappun a job for the fun of it, but there a some things s man don't stand for not if he's a man. Young Jim he might be part way. Yet one thing was certain; when a feller stood by and watched a arraway old cinder-monkey call a bugger man's bloff and declined to do the same he was sure J Oreutt the rest of the way

Even Sam Thurber began to be radden by a doubt. They were right, to a certain extent There was a point beyond which no bully abould be allowed to (Continued on poor 141)

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So writes W. H. Adams of Ohio. Letter from California man reports \$11275 sales. in three months, New Jersey \$4000 profits in two months; Pennsylvania \$3000 profits in four months. Ira Shook 5365 sales in one day. Bram bought one outfit April 5 and 7 more by August. Iwata

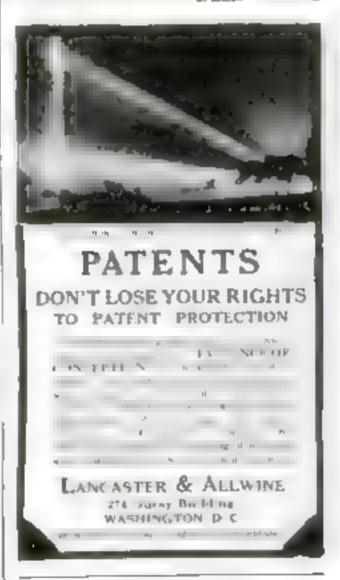


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INVENTORS record clotable of justic distance. In parts that the parts of the parts

A definite program for getting ahead inancially will be found on page four of this issue.

latters have

Young Jim

(Continued from page 180)

go. Not that Young Jim was covering, for he wasn I, be maintained his lignity through every durty crack that was made. But before long, unless he dol something else, those skeptical anides would be replaced by a most unpleasant. word-yellow.

And what could Sam do? He had warned Slug more than once he could go our step further and furall his threat by firing him on some trumped-up charge. But that would make it worse. Slug was a good heater, and of late he had been outdoing himself. If should be given his time J Oreutt comgasped as that old name slipped involuntarily who are thoughts would be laughed out of the plant. The actuation was rapidly growing in-

To everyone but the one most vitally concerned. J. Oreutt Dustin, thick remained as service and indifferent as he had always been. Lutil, after two weeks line dragged themselves out, the shoft moved on anto the night turn and Shug in his rapidly mounting arrogance made his first mutake. He used his hands for the first tauc

IT WAS close to midnight when he did it. He was tured, of source, but Young Jim was more at His feet were dragging and his eyes were dall. Slog got up from his seat on the bench to make an entry on an blackboard. And Young Jun I not advantage of it to sprawl fullength upon the bench. Sing found him that way when he came back - and the let flew off

Hey want d you think this in a houselwork be bawled, and with one great band be sested Young Jon by the associater and perked hera from the hench. "Leet off o there an let a man art down

Young Jim got off. He had to. The yeak upon his shoulder sent him sprawling to the floor as though he were a half-filled sack of meal. But he came up, debherately. Then he took the two steps accessery to bring him directly in front of Slug, who had sented himnelf, imagehings

faint thermat that," he said slowly

Some a thick lips carled. I on don't permit what, pape a buy?

"I fon't permit soon like you to touch me. Get up!

"Haw-haw! Hear that? He orders me to get up? What for, darling?

No answer from Young Jim No verbal one, that is, His even were no songer it all ther blasted. He reached not a grown barro, clamped his flagers upon Blug a nose, and pulled.

THEN it was that a light took place that will I never be forgutten as long as there is a soaking-out at Madwest Steel. Slug was on his knees. when the fingers released his more, and leaped to his feet a raging manuse the next second.

But for one circumstance that buttle would have been fought in a darkness almost comparte. There were only three small globes, one at the blackboard, one in the tmy office, and one overhead; but there was plenty of another kind of light. One ausking-pit-Number I welve, right next to where they fought was about to receive one of the last ingots from the heat Slag had just chalked up. It was being opened when the optile started, and it stayed open, flooding the end of the building ake a spotsight twelve feet square. Because the belper, seeing the two mea go into action, dropped his hand from the valve and sever gave it another thought. Furthermore, there was an ingot waiting to be lowered into the pit-It dangled in the great tongs that dropped down from a beside crane—and langled. The crane operator saw, too, and he had a grazelstand neat

What a fight! No rules there, no padded gloves, no bell. The (Continued on page /82)



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Write to beneff-thit will blot?

Young Jim

(Continued from page 161)

ring was a narrow floor of steel plates, edged by a wall on one side and a long rail that shut off the runs and pistons of the souking-pel enlings on the other. The anchence was three men-at first. Pete and his two belocks. After that-

Sam Thurber was in the building, talking to Sten Jackson. He could not hear Shur's rour, for the bloomer was at work; but he saw the flood of light that was not shut off and the ingot hanging on the crane's longs. He arrived in no time, the bloomer even behind haven.

Slut haded the first blow, a haymaker that knocked Jim adeways. He staggered and would have fallen had it not been for the long rail. That he grabbed with his right hand, his stagger awanging him around until he struck it with his back. He had time to shake his head just once before Slug was upon him again.

THIS time he met the charge—with a straightfair in the mouth and set him on his beels. It was followed with a right that was too high. It struck Stug in the eye. Then Slug came in again, and his greater weight carried him through Jun's fiste, his great arms closed around him

There they were, locked and straining, when Sam Thurber panted up. He leaped onto Nug a broad back curving and demanding a half, but he might have been a grain of dust Seither of them heard him

"Let me a bat I'll crown hus?" he bawled. but Pete Reanth grabbed his arm.

"Let 'em finul," he rasped, and Sam stood back

It was plain that Slug was going to fight dirty, nor was anyone surproved. He was bent upon setting Jim's back against that rail. He was pushing, slowly, and Jim's feet were scuffling backward, while his bands waved uselewly below Slug's mighty arms. It looked to be defeat. Backward, backward, until the rail. touched Jun in the small of his back, then Shir began to bow forward

"Cut it out, you blackguard?" bawled Sam. and other voices joined him. 3-releasly, for

Jim had a trick of his own.

Suddenly be braced himself, lefted his feet from the floor and kicked. It knocked Slag v feet out from under him so that Jun a backward fing of his shoulders made them both describe a grant's swing about the bar. Shipt struck the floor with a thud, and Jim ht on top. of him, to pemp up like a cat, prepared for the next move

"Cut at out, June" Sam yelled. "Get out a

IT WASN'T a good place to fight. It was nar-rower even than the runway, bounded on one safe by the with-leave cealing of pri twelve. and on the other by the long has that reached from the rum to the closes door of pet therteen. It was dangerous, too; especially when a brute of Sing's instructs was fighting. There was a chance—but Jim payl to herd. He stood over Stug and panted: "Come on; get up!"

if Sing had been up and Jim on the floor it would have been different every one of the bystanders knew it. Some of them even yelled

their advice

"Jump on him, Jun! Stamp him down" But he didn t; he waited until Slug rolled over and got to his feet. Then it was a fair fight that no one will forget. Fair because he kept it so. He refused to let Slug come to grips again. And beautiful!

J Occutt Dustin, 2nd, he may have been: polo player and automobilist, too; soft-voiced pany boy who had no gets, but he had also done something else- an awful lot of buring For from that time on (Continued on page 185).



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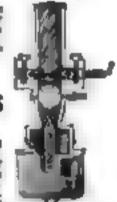
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Advice for POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY readers regarding safe and profitable investments. See Page 4.

Young Jim

(Continued from poor 168)

he gave an exhibition that any welterweight might have been proud of. He slashed, and chopped, and cut-and Slug's face showed it, he danced, and chicked out of every charge— and Slug went craxy, he set humself for a fin-ulting blow, and Stug crouched for a last charge.

"Look out! Be's shovin' you into the pit!" Who yelled it no one knew, but it expressed the horest of them all. Jam a defense had carried him backward step by step. He had landers punishing blows each time, but now he was in danger Slug a rush—went by. Just sate-stepped—and Slug went on!

One step, two, then he tried to pull up. His feet skudded, he stared into the very face of hell and screamed Just as Jim a arm reached out and his hand grabbed Slug a overall suspenders. The skid was stopped and Slag was a whempering, cringing wreek.

"Take me away" he cried through swollen

ips. "Take me away

IN THE light from that inferse they could see his face. Both eyes were swotlen shut and his face was a shambles. He clung to the one he would have grushed, and whimpered.

Back to the bench once more, but with what a cofference! The enstwhile hund-voiced bully was now a frightened wreck. "Take me home, he mumbled "tiet me out o here! bem! Gamme my time; I m done.

Water, clothes, and unguents from the overpresent first aid kit, with a slender, posting cinder-monkey standing by and watching. Until the whimpers had quieted and a bully's face was clean. Then-

No, I don't think you want in quit, Slag, Young Jim and, "Not working, any how, and by all the ingots Sam Thurber's mill had reduced, there was a twinkle in his eye, a soule on an unmarked face! "All you want to do. he maded quietay, "as to run your job- and help me do mine, laiw about 12

A pair of ham-used bands reacted out, gropmg y, for Si ag was still almost bland. A pair of their lips parted stilly, for they were badly swedien, too. And a masky voice answered

"That you, Jim? Can I stick? Well-" And that, thought Sam Thurber, was all there was to that. Except one thing more. As they went home, three men in a yellow poulstor, the quiet voice explained a thing or two

"You see, it said, "my father began in the steel business as a circler-munkey. I didn't know about it until a attle while ago. Been too bury playing. So-well, I thought I'd try it out. Am I getting by?"

"Huh!" said Saza Thurber; and "Hell" muttered Slug. Which seemed to be sufficient of a response to the question of Young Jim.

Radio Wayee Cure Sick Mice.

LIHA-SHORT radio waves, of the type recently used in experiments at the General Electric Company's Schenertady N. Y., laboratories and elsewhere, may have value in the treatment of disease. Prof. Esan, of Jena, Germany told the German Wareless Association a short time ago. In one experiment, he said, thirty mice infected with tuberculous germs were exposed to powerful radio waves of less than three meters length, and half of them cured. A need for caution, however, in the treatment of human beings is seen to the bestang of the blood, or "artificial fever," produced by the rays.

Dr Esan declared that be had also succeeded in telephoning on these short waves, a jest not previously recorded, and had been able to transmit signals fifteen miles on power equal to that of a flashlight battery. He described a vest-pocket transmitter and a receiver no larger than a curarette case.

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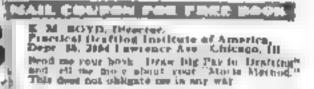
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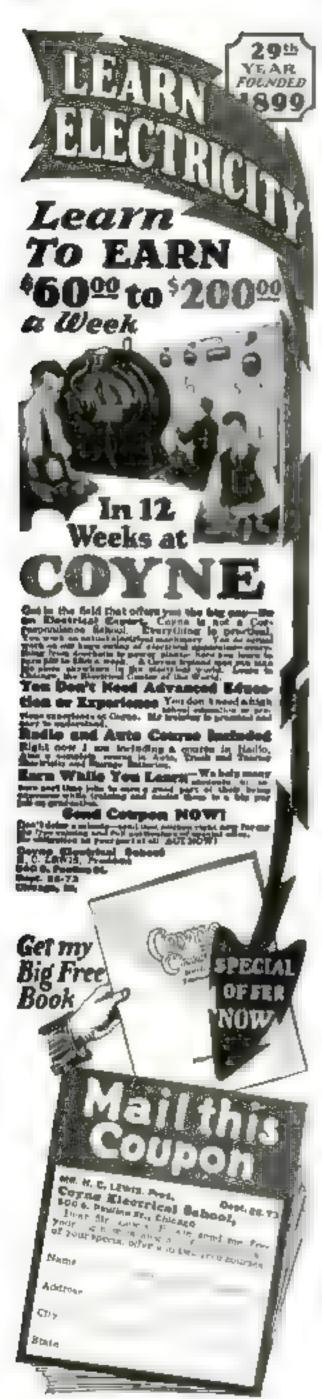


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Trapped 330 Feet l nderground

(Continued from page 51)

of the minuture railroad. Frantically they uncovered him. The man was dead. Then they saw Nick Shrake. The nuners knew that afterdamp had dropped him. They seized him and fled back to the comparative safety of the stairway, and got to the surface at last.

Such deeds of herosum are almost commonplace when disaster enters a mine. It is much self-forgetfulness and valor that has encouraged the Government to extend its name rescue work by training the miners themselves in the use of life-saving appliances. About \$0,000 are being trained each year. Since the Bureau of Mines was established in 1915, more than a quarter of a million men have received attentific instruction in underground life-envira-

WHAT caused that explosion in the modern, carefully protected mine at Mather? Two surveyors offered a plausible explanation. They mid they may a flash of sparks when a cutting machine, used against the face of a drift, severed the insulation on an electric cable. Those blush sparks ignited a cloud of fine coal particles hovering in the air, a highly explosive combination. As if following a powder train, that explosion swept along the corndor and into side galleries until it struck a tunnel where its leaping flaree found rich food and exploded with a force that shook the entire using

Probably a similar cause was responsible for the explosion at Bluefields, West Virginia. Conl. dust suspended in the air was not suspected as the agency of many more explosions until comparatively recent times. Miners formerly attributed such explosions to some form of carbon gas. Occasionally a gram elevator blows up as if a ton of dynamite had been detonated within its walls. Experts know now that these explosions are due to the unition of starch dust. Wherever the dust of combustible materials is present, industry is learning to guard against its hazards. In manes, nowadays, it is customary to light dust with dust. Pulverised rock is blown onto the walls, roof, and Books of the corridors. This is a preventive agamet explosions.

MOST Government more reserve workers are veteran amora, men grown wise to underground dangers. It was their ingenuity which developed the protecting walls—the brattices which have chabled entombed men to survive for days after a nune explosion. That was the case with fourteen men who lived as prisoners for twenty-five days far back in a gallery of a French mine at Courrieres. An explotion, with its afterdamp, had killed 1,100 men of the 1,795 who worked in the mane of its gaileries. Isolated groups fortalied themselves against the approach of afterdamp by walling themselves up in remote galleries. They made brattiess of mine timbers, soul dust, buts of cloth, their own parments, anything that would make a barrier against the deadly carbon amonostile. Some died from lack of nourishment after waiting days for relief that never came

"The fact that fourteen men were found and rescued twenty five days after the explosion. and C. P. White an official of the Bureau of Mines, recently, "indicated that if com-munication could have been established not or v these but probably many other miners might have been rescued within a few days after the explosion

One of the problems with which White and his associates are entermed as the development. of some unto ling system of communication whereby unpresented men may excluding signals with men on the surface

Two methods seem to promove perfulness. One is called the geophone, or earth vibration method. The signals exchanged are taps made with a sledge against or our maje or page !



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Trapped 350 Feet Underground

(Continued from page 184)

the rock surfaces. Delicate geophone receivers are employed to eatch these signals. Efficient operation requires skill, and the signals would have to penetrate in some instances more than 400 feet of overlying stratu.

The other method employs the roof rada of mine workings as electrical conductors. The transmitter is an ordinary microphone, the reociver a watchcase type of telephone. The big advantage of this system is that it permits the me of the vouce.

All that Tom Trewarths had as a signaling appliance was a hammer and access to a acction of water pipe that was asspended in a clogged shaft of the G. Papet mine at Iron-wood, Michagan, during the disaster of 1920 but the rapping agerals of his hammer on the pipe were enough to guide rescuers to where he was imprisoned with forty-two others.

HOW swift and effective is modern sesen-take resease work was demonstrated last February, when fire broke out in an underground city of Canada. About 130 miles north of Lake Huron is the largest gold mine of North America, the celebrated Hollinger, with a hundred miles of underground passagemays and electric milways out into an increably rich deposit of gold-bearing ore. It was an this falselous cave that are began to ravage. Men powered out of the shalts at the surface as fast as eager could be lowered and raued, but a hasty check showed that fifty-one men were trapped in anne of them perhaps miles from the exit shafts. In the tunnels 550 feet below ground the fumes seemed worst. From there dense clouds of smoke surged downward a third of a mile, drawn by the fan currents to the underground workers. The blace spread below ground, mile after mile, the mine timbers rouring into flame under the draft.

Canada has no service to compare with the intak Peacos organisations of our state and federal Governments. In this desperate altontion officials of the Dominion appealed to Washington. Red tape was alashed. Rescue Car No. 3 was ordered to start from its temporary Matton on a remote mitting in Pennsylvanus for the burning gold mine in Outago.

RECORDS were broken on that swift erpowerful engine steamed out of Pittsburgh at D 15 on the morning of February 11; at 6 10 the following morning it arrived at the Hollinger muse. Normally it would require at least factyeight bours to make that journey

Those mine-free fighters from the United States knew there was but one solution to the problem confronting them. The mine atmosphere had to be cleared quickly of the choking smoke. To do thus the Americans entered the mate, with their Canadian hosts, all wearing oxygen breathing devices. As they advanced they erected canvas screens. Each acreen marked the limit of a rescued area. By forcing air first through one such passage, and then through another, ways were cleared for the advance of other rescuers not equipped with breathing devices. By 11:30 of the morning of their arrival the rescue aquada had reached the powder magazine and blocked it off. Two victims of the four our there were taken to the surface and then further advances were made By michight, in places where previously it had been utterly impossible to see objects a foot away, the bodies of victims were being recovered. None, of course, had survived those unlivable constituous.

The Americans pursued their work all day Saturday, through Sunday, Monday, and part of Tuesday, without pausing for sleep, before their work was done. By Monday, so thoroughly had the mine passages been cleared of fumes that oxygen breathing apparatus was worn chiefly as a precautionary measure.

They Laughed When I Sat Down At the Piano But When I Started to Play!~

"Can be really play?" I beard a girl whisper to Arthur as I sat durin at the peans

Henvelos not What excaused. "He never

played a note in all his life.

Then I gave them the surprise of their lives. I started to play humant y a cone sitence for on the guerna. I gas ed the first few human I hast a summerful lastestraume. I heard gaspe of amazement. Mr. Irrando sat breath.com. spe. bound. I played on.

A Complete Triumph!

he the last notes of the Eachestraume died away. the fram resunded on his sudden viaz of applement Why don't you to us you could pay the that "Why don't you to us you could pay the that "Where that you learn?" Who was your teacher?"

Then I total them the whole story

It erems just a short white ago that I saw an add carriang to man which many cont a few centrals do to house a reactive? And no about us a mem of careering I pour to the Fire Deminstration Leve in and was among to see how our it was to puty the

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new way. Local for he nourse and ficuld to all estay as A. B. C.I. Before I know it I was playing all the pleam f. irked book. I would arou be able to play balleds or jess with oqual case And I never did have any special (along for Addition

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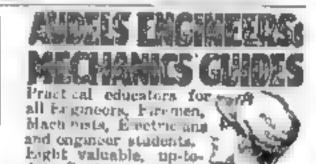
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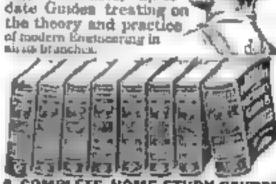
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Camera Reveals Surprising Facts About Great Men

(Continued from page 21)

Ones, during the World War, when the hing and Queen of the Belgians were visiting the front, an official photographer asked them to pose. His Majesty entirented. Then the flustered photographer had to explain that his imprompts studio was in a cowshed! The Queen came to his rescue. "If the light is good there," she said, "nothing else matters." They wasted ankle deep through dust and straw. King Albert mated hissaid. Then the Queen straightened out his bair, and put his trench believet at just the proper angle. The photograph, against the war-torn background, was an excellent one.

Will Rogers, the cowboy humorist, regards all photographers as his friends until they prove themselves otherwise. Will wants them to give him a little time—for preparation, and then he is ready. His "preparation usually consists of straightening his lie, which has a tabet of twisting about to his roller, and of flattening down his bair. Invariably be looks down at the ground.

THE late J. Pierpout Morgan was a re-nowned enemy of all photographers. It was he who set the fashion of chasing them away with a club. He was staty before he posed for a photograph. I discovered one reason why, the other day, in the private files of a New York photographer. It was an unretouched proof of a photograph of the great Snancter It showed that Mr Morgan had an unattractive bulbous none, of which he was acutely conscious.

The present J. Pierpoot Morgan inherits his father's batred of the camera. He has, from time to time, employed harky detectives and guards to protect him from persistent photographers. This may be due to Mr. Morgan a known aversion to publicity, or to a fear of cranks, who might recognise him from published pictures.

John D. Rockefeller eluded the camera for years. On one of the first occasions when he consented to pose, a photographer saked him to remove his hat. He obliged—and the toupee he wore slapped down on one asie of his head. The camera man saw it when he printed his plates, and knew it would make the oil king appear alightly relatedous d it should be printed. He destroyed the plates! Nowadays John D. pones willingly enough, invariably wearing a cap or soft hat, but he wants to be shown "in action." When he is on the golf hales he will hold a pose ewinging a club or making a putt, but he rarely wal stand still and face the lens.

JOHN D. ROCKEFELLER, JR., likewise shows no embarrasement in front of the camera and usually unites when he is asked to "Hold it please". His wife, however, does not alone his nonchalance. The haster Sunday Mr. Blockefeller, has wife, and little daughter were returning from church when pleitingraphers, seeking pictures of the socially elect no Easter parade, approached. Mrs. Rockefeller and his doughter powed. Some time later the maltimilionaire oil man sought out the photographers and asked them, on behalf of his wife, not to print the photographs. She was afraid that kitnapers might memorise the ctold's face, and attempt to steal her!

Even though they have been photographed countless times, some of our famous men will show the public only a favored angle of their faces. President Wilson, for instance, seldom allowed himself to be photographed from the left profile. He had rather a large mole on his left forehead. On the other hand, the late Ogrles William Eliot, president of Harvard, would permit only his left profile to be shown. \ burthmark covered a portion of the cyclit side of his face. (Continued on page 16).



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Camera Reveals Surprising Facts About Great Men

(Continued from page 106)

Henry Ford seldom sits for a photograph, and then it invariably shows his face full from the front. He objects to profiles, probably because his features are unusually sharp. When he and Mrs. Ford were crossing the Atlantic recently a portrait painter made a sketch of him, Mr. Fore pard for it, and then tore it up. Mrs. Ford explained that he "simply didn't like it."

There are many notable instances where photographs show a personality directly op-

ponte to that of the subject

General Pershing, in real life, is a pleasant spoken and affable man. But he will not approve any photographic portrait that does not show him stiffly erect -"every inch a soldier He simply won't break into a small voluntarily. Otto H. Kahn, the financier and patron of the arts, is an essentially modest and retiring man, usually good-natured and amiling. Yet when he sits for his portrait, he becomes straubt-backed and stern.

PAUL, WHITEMAN, the jam orchestra londer, is a sober and thoughtful munician, with much serious work to his credit. But when he poses for his picture, he breaks into an espanove smile. A photographer may find him in the cohearsal hall where he is furning at his musicians over the right shade of 'blue' harmonies. But just before the shutter clicks he turns on the smile?

It is just the apposite with the just exponent. Vincent Lopes. He is an ensy-going and smiling fellow in ren. "Je. but lits photograpis show

him as grim as a mountain!

Princ fighters are not averse to being photoraphed, with the notable exception of Gene-Tunney. He will stand for just so many, and then he gets nervous and sretable. He hates to be told to "give us a little smale." Most ring celecrities want to be plintingraphed in their "fg ting faces. Not so with Tunney From his photographs one would think him as gentle and harmless as a Professor of Comparative Literature.

Jack Dempsey will pose all day, doing anything that the photographers may suggest, and

keep anding through it all

Ball players are superstitious as Chinamen shout having their pictures taken. A baseball star swears it is the bright of bad luck to pose for a photograph before the first ball is pitched. If he loses, he is apt to go gumning to get himself a blankety-blank photographer!

BABE RUTH is perhaps the most super-stations of them all on that score. He hates to be photographed even after the game is won and the pennant is circled. His photographs, in which the Babe invariably appears with a scowl, show it plainly enough.

When it comes to being photographed, setors are always actors. Unconsciously or not, they pose in what they feel in their best position. Nine out of ten break into a smileand hold it. The notable exceptions are the Barrymores. They are serious actors, and they carry out their parts in their portraits.

The comedians, such as George M. Cohan and Al Johon, present to the camera the face their public knows best-the twinkling eye and the broad-smiling mouth. They will thank of the funniest story they know, and tell it mently to themselves while the photographer is changing his plates. Thus the happy expression that the camera catches, whether the subjects are feeling gay or not. Sophie Tucker, the comedienne and "Queen of Jass," has to have a jazz band playing syzeopated melodies while her face is being reproduced for the lobby displays. She prefers a pass band in person, down to the last sliding trombone, concealed out of range of the camera. But if that can't be arranged then a. (Continued on page 165)



What Others Are Doing "It is pushfile for me to sure more more than I had I ever the." All tell Jacques

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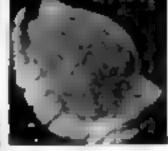
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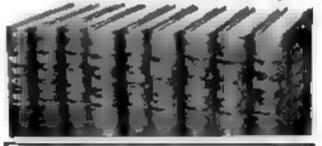
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Camera Reveals Surprising Facts About Great Men

A processed from page 147.

radio will do. Or a phonograph, in the last extremity. Hot there must be a 'hot tune ringing in her ears while she watches the birdse

that presidents, on the whole, have shown comparatively few eccentricities before the camera. President Cooluge was strangely selfconscious of the camera during his early days in the White House. He is what photographers call a "difficult subject. His face must be lighted carefully, or lines and shadows will stand out too harshly. Mr. Coolsige early determined upon the facial expression he wished to show in his photographs, and he has consistently kept to it. His favorite poer is a three-quarter face his even stightly below the line of the lens. He prefers not to look the camera straight in the eye, as was Theodore Romevelt a habit.

THERE would seem, from all this, a moral to be drawn. If being photographed bothers you, strive not to become famous' But if you have to be photographed it will be well to remember a few number rules establashed by the latest practical tests

Don't "don up If dressed in uncomfortable new clothes, you will be conscious of them. and your photograph will show it

Don't be conscious of the photographer. To him you are an artistic subject, us a vale of flowers might be

He feesing your best, physically and mentally, before you enter the studio. Don't pose immediately after a heavy meal. The process of digestion draws the blood from your face, leaving it coloriess and heavy

If your nose is long, point it toward the camera, and it will seem shorter in the photograph. If you have a large mouth, don't force a smile, because that will make it appear even larger. In a full length photograph, or in a attang position where your feet will show, point them inward the camera. If they are taken at an angie, they will appear unusually large Pointed head-on at the lens, the camera foreshortens them

Fut men and momen should only have bust pictures taken, just the bend and almusters.

Most women like to be photographed. Here are some suggestions then, for the ladies:

Never be photographed in a bat. Hate go out of style too guickly, and what will make you look more rediculous than a last year a bat?

DRESS simply a gown of design calls too much attention to their

Very few women should have full length pertures taken. Feet and ankles don't take well

Your has abould not be marcelled toomediately before your picture is taken, because it will look stiff and unnatural. Have it waved the day before, if necessary, and brush it just before you face the camera. If you wear a hair net, take it off and loosen the hair with comb or brush. Otherwise it will look as if you are wearing a wig

If your hands are to show, keep them sideways to the camera, and they will look slender and graceful.

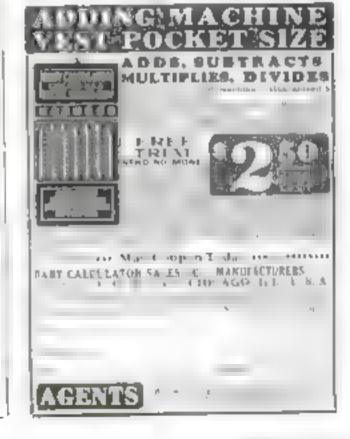
Dresses of gray, cream, or lavender produgraph better than those of blue, waits no rel-The neck of the dress should be simple webas little transming as possible. Rings and

pewers should be wire sparingly. Range used to photograph black on the lips, hut nowman the photographers use purchromatic lenses that are sensitive to even come but green. I se your apstick if you wish. but get it on the lips evenly

One of the best known photographers of women asks her subjects to mouten their line and then whistle, just before she snaps the shutter. It relaxes the face muscles, and gives bent and color to the lips.









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Are You Fit to Fly?

(Continued from page 10,

18,000 feet without oxygen. The limit at which a flyer can retain consciousness without oxygen in about \$5,000 feet, and before reaching this elevation it man a efficiency fails markedly. Altitude acts in a peculiar way. The effects creep on insidiously. The flyer may lose efficiency and even become unconscious without realizing that he is showing any ago of determination. It is possible to rate a flyer by a test on the ground, as to his about to withstand the effects of high altitude.

SPLED in flying is another factor that calls for medical supervision of flyers. When we read of flyers attaining a speed of more than 300 miles per hour, we wonder where the end will be. The limit to flying in a straight line is a question, but when turns are made at high speed the flyer frequently bas a moment of unconsciousness—when everything turns black. This is a matter of centrifugal action As the plane turns at right angles to its former course it is banked, and the flyer a body is then at right angles to its farmer position. This results in draining the blast from the head, causing a temporary faint.

A French physician named Garantz performed some experiments with dopt in which he related them rapidly on a wheel. Some of the dogs were killed by the rapid turns. Autopay showed actual brain damage us the cause of death. Recently, a flyer in diving a shap at terrife speed and then suddenly sooning spirards, not only complained of faintness at the time, but for days afterwards was dull and his eyes showed congestion of the retina. This was probably a case of slight damage to the brain. There is a limit, then, to speed beyond which a man may not go and live.

INCONCLUSION, then, do not plan on flying until you have been examined physically after you enter the game keep yourself physically fit and look on the physical tests required as weather vance of your continued fitness to fig. If you plan on altitude or speed flying consult a flight surgious before you do it.

Odd Equipment of Byrd's Men

(f enhance) from page 87)

It would take a day, a night, and part of another day to exhibit the film.

Scientific instruments in bewildering array verify Commander Byrd's statement that this is to be an organised attempt to study Polar regions, rather than a spectacular dash of no lasting value. The \$40,000 worth of technical equipment includes electrometers and magnetographs to record protographs all variations in the earth i electric and magnetic fields. Besides these instruments, a photomicroscope will picture manute living organisms in Antarctic waters, and a new sounding device will chart the little-known bottom of the Antarctic Covan, trace the coast line of the Antarctic continent, and find if it could ever have been joined with South America as a passageway between the Old and New Worlds.

TEN thousand miles from the United States, and 2,300 miles from the last outpost of civilization in New Zealand, Commander Byrd will set up a fully equipped offire where, aided by four elects, he will keep a complete log of the trip and records of its discoveres. Seven typewriters, besides calculating machines, filing cabonets, and card index equipment, are in the ten-ton office nutfit.

In magnitude of preparations, the expedition is within a doubt the most stupendous undertaking in the ladory of exploration



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A Prophet of Science Looks into the Future

(Continued from page 17)

Instantly the tubes became flery blades in the darkness! His men stared, open-mouthed. They half believed bun a magician.

In his Houston Street laboratory in New York, he exhibited a two-bundred-normepower "Tesla Coil" carrying currents oscillating eighty million times a second. When Trole placed a disk of lead on a stick and swang t over this roil, the lend exploded with a report like that of a cannon. Visitors to the laboratory, carrying keys and other conducting objects in their pockets, would cry out in pain as the metal because burning bot. But so confident was Tesla that the terrific electric force of this coil would not barm a numan being, that one day he terrified speciators by placing his own head repeatedly inside. it! He is alive, thanks to the correctness of his theory; but he tells me now that the mere recollection of his folly still sends a shaver down his spine.

Testa's inventions cover many fields, including even an automobile speedometer based on a unique principle, in use today on high-peiced cars, and a new pocket-size revolution counter. suon to be seen. He even delived into the superspeed "sound" vibrations, recently produced in the laboratory of Affred L. Loomis, at Tuxedo-Park, N. Y., which kill small animals. He once built an apparatus, intended to steriore water, which produced vibrations powerful enough to paralyse the hand, plunged in a tank of liquid.

AT THE time I talked to Dr. Tesls the newspapers were discussing the possibility of the Hight of a rocket to the zonon.

No rocket," he sanuted, "will reach the moon save by a maraculous discovery of an explosive far more energetic than any known. and even if the required fuel were produced, it would still have to be shown that the rocket machine would operate at four hundred and lifty-more degrees below zero—the temperature

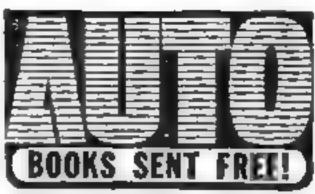
of interplanetary space. "The mean distance of the moon," he explained, "is \$58,80% miles, and its mass 1/81.8 that of the earth's. Travel \$15,088 miles away from the earth, and the gravitational attrac-tion of earth and moon will be equal.

To project a missile as far as that point will speak starting at an initial velocity of 0.8845 miles a second—not making additional allowance for the almosphere's retarning action. And irrespective of this speed, which might be less in a rocket than a projectile from a gun, the actual work performed in lifting each pound of weight akyward would be \$0,-499.718 footpounds of energy, requiring \$6,546. B. L. o., or beat make, produced by the burning of the fuel. Even if the rocket weighed only a pound for every pound of fuel it carned, just twice this amount, or 52,002 B. t. u., must be developed for every pound of fuel.

"NOW when you counder that the thermal efficiency could barrily exceed forty percent, and the mean propolate efficiency fifty percent, 205,440 B. t. u. must be avoived by every pound of fuel an enormous quantity of energy, shout sixty times greater than that of dynamite' Although diminuting fuel weight and wrakening gravity would make the rocket a path easier as it progressed, it is evident that no known fuel could drive it clear to the moon."

This discussion of teensendous power maygested the possibility of harnessing atomic enengy

"The scheme is worse than that of a perpetual motion machine for the latter will almost work! he exchanged "A motor driven by atomic power is unrational because it would take for more energy to break up an atom's skructure. (Continued on page 271)



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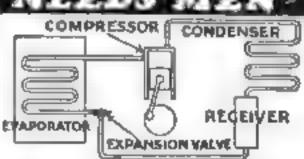


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Advice for POPULAR SCIENCE reeders regarding safe and profitable investments. See Page 4.

A Prophet of Science Looks into the Future

... untimued from page 170;

than can be recovered in more useful work." On the whole subject of matter, in fact, Dr. Teals, holds views that are startlingly original. He diagrees with the accepted atomic theory of matter, and does not believe in the existence of an "electron" as pictured by science—or, he maintains, if it can exist at all, it does no only

in perfect vacuum.

"To account for its apparently small man, science concrives the electron as a bollow sphere, a nort of bubble," Tests says. "Now, a bubble can exist in such a medium as a gas or liquid because its internal pressure is not attered by deformation. But if, as supposed, the internal pressure of an electron is due to the repulsion of electric masses, the slightest concervable deformation must result in the destruction of the bubble!

"Just to mentson another improbability, the force tending to test an electron sport is, in pounds per square inch, represented by the staggering figure of \$56,898 followed by twentyone seros-and ther is \$15,798,000,000,000,-000,000 times greater than the tenning that tungsten wire can withstand! And yet it does not hund! Not even when it is buried against an obstacle with a speed hundreds of thousands times greater than that of a builet!

AND-more widely interesting in this day of racco-thus strange, many-sided man clings to the opinion he expressed in his seventitle investigations published from 1896-1896, that the source of all rays we know is always a stream of tangible particles or "corpuscies," rather than waves or vibrations. Even before the discovery of radium, Tesla expressed his belief that radioactive rays were of this sort, a view ridiculed at that time. When radium was discovered it was found actually to emit particles of matter. By my nuclei of belium atoms, called "alpha" rays. Tesla has maintained ever since that radium is not a generator but a transformer of energy, the emanations being caused by essente rays of intuence power capable of panetratury all obstacles however thick. The existence of this radiation—which, be says, should not be confounded with the comparatively very feeble "cosmic rays" observed more recently—he has proved by matgematical theory agreeing closely with

These conclusions Tests has drawn from experiments with a remarkable vacuum tube of his own invention, with a single electrode,

operated at malhons of volta-

I asked Tesas what part of his life work lay closest to his heart. And the answer surprised me. It was not the world wireless system, nor the sirplane. It was not the induction motor, today the basis of mountries in which ballons of dollars are invested all over the world. Instead, it was the discovery of the principle that preceded the uninction motor—the "rotating magnetic field,"

"When I made the discovery of the rotating agnetic field," Dr. Tesla said, "I was a very magnetic field," Dr. Tesla sand, "I was a very young man. The revelation came after years of concentrated thought and it was my first

great thrill.

"It was not only a valuable discovery, capable of extensive practical applications. It was a revelation of new forces and new phenoment unknown to science before

"No," Dr. Testa mid with some feeling, "I would not give my rotating field discovery for a thousand inventions, however valuable, dengoed merely as mechanical contraptions to deceive the eye and the eat. A thousand years hence, the telephone and the motion picture camera may be obsolete, but the principle of the rotating magnetic field will remain a vital, living thing for all time to come."



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Continues from any of the

shooting flames 100 feet high, the hay sheds had arready cought fire, the flames were rolling towards the oil yards, barely sixty feet away Here indeed was a situation calling for allopathic or "knockout" treatment of the most concentrated kind.

kenion massed his forces in a sharp wedge in front of the oil yards. He then ordered the largest available norsie—a foor-inch monster to be brought directly to hear moon the hase of the finne as it attempted to cross the street. By putting a pressure of 145 pounds on that four-inch noscie, he knew he would be getting the maximum delivery of water more than 5,000 gallous per minute from a single hose. This murderous towest killed the flame with a solar plexus blow, and permitted the firemen with smaller streams to heat back the thoroughly disheartened blase

EXACTLY the opposite tactics were employed at the Equitable fire a year inter-Hern also the flames had to be kept from leaping across a narrow street. But instead of being a single head of flame, the fire front was 375 feet long, and had to be held in check with a wide, continuous water acreen. One, two, or even three powerful streams would have been of no avail. Kenlon therefore poured lifty or more small streams along this extended front, and effectively kept the fire hemmed in upon steelf

besentific exactness has entered henlon's fire calculations in many other ways. Hoknowledge of architectural mathematics, for matanes, enables him to gage with uncerting skull the finitations of building material. He knows how much fire a steel groter will stand how long a wall of any given composition will endury best and which was it will full. His fe now officers say that no fireman who obeyo Kenion a instructions will ever be pinned beneath a fulling wall. At the Equitable fire he clumbed to the twenty fifth story of a near-by building to view the progress of the buttle. Immediately he cent orders that the I'me Street fire lines he closed entirely, and that no one-not even freezen-be allowed made the lines. His precutations were justihed a few minutes later when a sudden outward collapse of the walls filled the streets with an avalanche of smoking débris.

INTUITION? Perhaps. But John Keulon believes that a scientific knowledge of cause and effect has checked more fires than any mythical acts sense. To ground New York firemen in the basic theories of fire mastery, Kenlog evolved a plan for a Fire College, at which every member of the department should receive instruction to hydrauhes, engineering, construction, and albed building sciences. He was the first president of the Fire College, established in 1913, and still gives duity lectures on a wide variety of subjects to his formen students.

Waterfront fires always have been a special menace to scaport cities, and New York with its 600 miles of waterfront (a coastine longer than many acaboard states, presents a fire basard without paradel in any other city of the world. The chief of the Marine Division, in charge of New York's fleet of fire bouts, must be a well-basenced combination of barbor polot, constwise skipper, and first-rate fire general. Kenlon's fourteen years as a mit-water miles fitted him admirably for the chieftancy of the Marme Division, to which he was appointed in 1909. In that year he checked, by his own skill and courage, a configuration at Pow 15 that might easily have reduced the North River waterfront to a region of charted docks and warehouses.

"That fire," mad Kenlon, "was the weekedest blane I ever got mixed up in. Ships, piers, and warehouses all going at once—Washington Market blaning (Contract on page 174)



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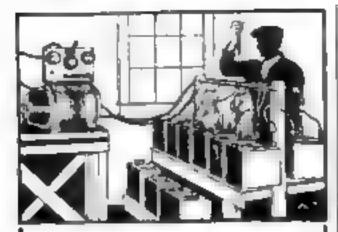
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Experiments with 110-Volt Alternating Current By J. D. ADAMS

livre at lest is a book that the slope a practical the form to which sections a same in early borne. The mainteen shows a borne to me the section of the section o

256 pages, [35 dispersions.

POPULAR SCIENCE MONTHLY

200 Feurth Avenue

New York

John Kenlon—Fire Fighter

of out, need from page I I

inland and a human forest of maste surrounding us on three sates. The only thing toat wasn't hurning was the water in the harbor. and that was an hot you could have bosted turnips in it.

The tre started in some rubbash on Her 13, which stretched for 830 leet out into the North Hiver Tax essential oils, and leather all combustibles of the smoky variety were closely packed on the pier awaiting shipment. The mace between Piets 13 and 16 was summed with small craft, and twenty minutes after the fire started, the whole waterfront for 500 varies was according an a cloud of gkey Press warehouses, and small craft were weappers in blankets of searing flame and gream smoke. Two large coastwar steamers, the hate and the Herman Hunters, caught fire at anchorage. The heat was so intense that some buildings in Washington, Market 500 feel away were set aftre by rudiation. It was in this correctly appearated commander of the Marine Division. arrived from Battery Honolquarters in his la unch.

BOARDING the fire boat James Duras he preferred the prior to steer directly into the mouth of the Sumo, yawning between Piers Lo and to.

There was a double reason for this man cuver first, healon wanted to stelle at the have of the warehouse fire and choke it at the source second, he learned that three men had been forced to jump from Pier 15 into the water and were now floating with only their nows above the surface, in the moisir of a

boiling public. But no fire boat, it are med, could push its prow into that inferno without being connumed like a steam. It was also sending a company of mentry to certain extinction against a hundred batteriss of heavy artillery. Lenlon, however, ordered the fire hoat Willett to concentrate its fourteen lines and deck pipes upon the James Dinner, thus protecting it by a Nugara water screen. Under cover of this water harrage, kenion gave the eignal to proceed to the rescue of the three men. But the pilot, either terrified or overcome by the intense best, last costrol of the wheel Junes Duene started to drift numberely among the burning craft, until Kenion himself leaped to the wheel. Guiding the fire boat into the furthest corner of the flames, he sinappeared from view while the Hullett shot random streams after the varished leader. Meanwhile Kenion was dought the wavehouse at the base. of ther 15 with a harborful of water- 40 000 gations a minute -standing at the wheel while the fire accretical every strick of clothing off the upper part of his body

N HOUR later he emerged from the A shambles, bearing the three men he had rescued with afe lines. Pier 15 no longer threatened the waterfront, but kenion's fore. chest, and arms were cruelly blotered. His elothes and been literally burned off his litekbut he had supposeded in curve og nut his plan of attack. Which, to John Kenlon a stublished langer toxing way of looking at things, was more important than a singed moustache or a rupped authorite.

"Smoky fires" are dreaded by all firemen. but within recent years the number of such fires has been on the mercase. Factories that use chemicals, cubber, our, and leather make the "Juriest firm, since smoke from such fires is denser and greater than amoke from lighter drier goods beason describes the Grand Street fire of May 1984, as the "most punishing he ever fought, chiefly because it generated such heavy smoke that fifty bremen ners overcome and the chief himself nearly collapsed after the battle.

The fire began

(Continued on page 174)

The Gambler

He gambles that a "lacky break" will sums to him in the cause of time



MISST men live in the HOPT that their North Could notice To M ICROW or NIXT WAR They rick their whole is seen what they IS MI to their in F MF teambling on who TIMI and FATI have in store for you to be a courty than one graphing his weak a loss MC-I than money. You have no MI F. Its MI To You have the self-respect of these about

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John Kenlon-Fire Fighter

(Continued from page 175)

in the cellar of a five-story building at the corner of Grand Street and Broadway. Stocks of rubber goods and heavy textiles gave of impenetrable choids of amoke, the night was hot and damp, the smoke refused to rise, and dosers of firemen were laid low before Kenlou arrived. He penetrated to the center of the building and found that a large currilar stairway ran directly up to the real, where it was surmounted by a glass skyaght. kenion ordered tios skylight to be broken, with the result that a rapid ventilating draft was created to carry of the smoke. He then stationed his men on the roof and had them pour ten thousand gallons of water a minute into the heart of the flame. It is significant that while fifty firemen were knocked out by smoke before Lenion arrayed, not one was overcome after he took charge!

The and a thousand similar meidents have persuaded most firemen that John Kenlon brings a rare and flexible quality of genus to is task of mastering firm. Believing as he over that every fire problem has an accurate soution, he has made it has husbeau to discover that intuition in the quickest possible time, and with the least danger to his met.

time, and with the least danger to his men.

The question is often asked, "Why has New York had no great conflagration?" With dangerous fire hazards on all sides, with a teeming population, and with high prevailing winds, it means almost muraculous that the city has not been accurged by a great conflagration, tak John Kenlon for an answer to the question and he will say quate humbly:

"We have all been very lucky here in New

tions.

Lat who can say what portion of that "lock" has been Kenlon's effort to establish fire-fighting on a secent be have, and his personal success in keeping it there?

Nest month: How John Kenlon's application of scientific principles to his job has revolutionnd the whole profession of fire engineering.

New Events in Astronomy

Continued from page 64)

shaped border of the may visible. I afortanately, the eclipse lasts too short a time for valuable observation in the most favored place it was remain total but a second ato a built

If a Comet Should Hit Us

WOLLD a head-on collision of the earth with a comet—a perfectly possible, though qulikely, persurence—spell the world a doom?

"It might be disastrons—or it might be more spectacular than dangerous," says I Davidovitch, of Harvard Observatory. As far as we know, somets are simply loosely-kult swarms of flying meteorites, whose direct impact might not even jur the earth. Probably a comet merely grazing us would be torn spart by the drug of the earth a gravity and fall as a shower of meteorites. This is thought to have been observed on more than one occasion.

Nor would there likely be danger if the tail of a comet—known to contain such poissoom games as carbon monoxide and the more deadly cyanogen—should indewips our world, so this are its games. In 1801 the earth actually passed through the tail of a great comet, but the few who knew it may only a slight dimining of the sun and a currous vellowub-tinted sky

Not since 1910, which saw two great comets, has a really brilliant one crossed the sky

Where do they come from? Today it is believed that they are stray wanderers within our own solar system, members of it as much as the planets and moons. Fortunately they are not weighty enough to interfere with the motion of the planets, the largest of them all, a giant of 1843 with a tail 150,000,000 miles long, passed close to us without producing the slightest effect upon the earth's orbit.

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Lots of people know how to make a dry cell but not the Eveready Columbia

PROBABLY you know how to make a dry cell. No secret about it. The principal ingredients are zinc, sal ammoniac, manganese, carbon. With just those four things you could make a dry cell that would work-for a time. But we add tiny quantities of other things, too, measure them with great exactness, add them just so, control every process by laboratory tests, and turn out a product that is scientifically exact. Some of the ingredients we mine in our own mines, refine in our own mills, and thus govern quality completely. There's no secret about the Eveready Columbia except this: We know how to make it. Thirty-three years of scientific investigation and controlled manufacture have developed it until today it is the greatest dry cell made. Available in single cells, and in batteries of 4, 5 and 6 cells, 6, 71/2 and 9 volts, ready-connected in a waterproof steel case and sold as the Eveready Columbia Hot Shot.

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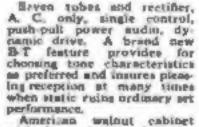
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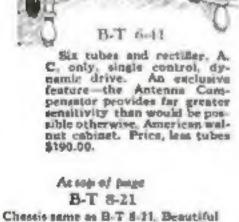
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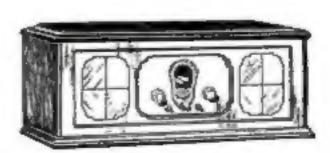
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GermsI

Politician or poet, salesman or sobsister, musician or mother; all must face this fear. Every time the clasp of greeting or friendship is extended, millions of germs may "change hands."

They may be the germs which cause you to catch cold, sore throat, or even worse. The germs that enter

FOR SORE THROAT



your nose and throat passages from your hands which have touched those of a person with a cold, or which have merely touched something that be has handled.

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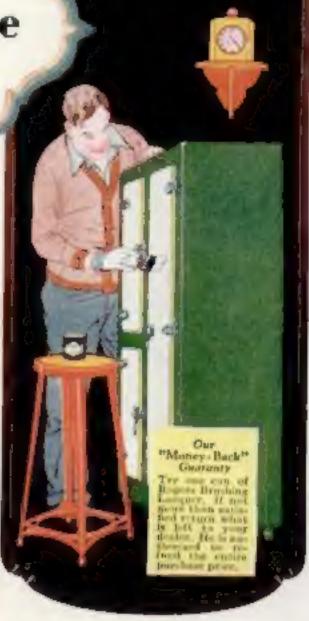
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